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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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JUPITER GENERAL has various schemes of LIFE INSURANCE to suit all J9

JUPITER GENERAL will gladly supply full particulars about life insurance for mere asking. J10

Non-Intervention Farce To End At Last

Geneva Confesses Failure Of Scheme

WITHDRAW NON-SPANISH COMBATANTS

League Committee's Warning To Powers

GENEVA, September 30.

If complete withdrawal of non-Spanish combatants from Spain cannot be obtained soon by diplomatic action started by certain powers, then the members of League will consider the question of ending the policy of non-intervention, declares the resolution in regard to the Spanish appeal agreed to by the Drafting Committee in the morning after further three hours' discussion of the resolution, which, the Assembly is expected to adopt unanimously to-morrow.

GO BY TO NON-INTERVENTION

It regrets that the non-Intervention Committee has failed and recognises that the Foreign Army corps in Spain represent intervention in Spanish affairs.

DEMAND DROPPED

M. Del Vayo has dropped his demand for reference to "aggression" and arms for the Spanish Government.

ANTI-PIRACY PACT SIGNED

PARIS, Sept. 30.

The Anti-Piracy Agreement has been signed.—Reuter.

PEACE NOT YET IN SIGHT

GENEVA, Sept. 30.

The attempt to find a solution to the Spanish problem by the drafting committee is still not successful.

Spain's modified demands, including that the aggressor should be defined and the arms traffic to the Spanish Government resumed, are still not acceptable to Britain and France although draft formula after draft formula have been submitted.

The discussion is being resumed to-morrow.—Reuter.

Italy And Germany Will Definitely Resist, Says Gayda

ROME Sept 30.

A tremendous welcome has been prepared for Signor Mussolini who will speak from the balcony of the Palazzo Venezia to-morrow evening.

Meanwhile Signor Gayda writing in the "Giornale D'Italia" says that Italy and Germany will offer definite resistance to the creation of a second Moscow in Madrid or Barcelona

This is interpreted as suggesting that Italy will make reservations in accepting the Anglo-French invitation to discuss the settlement of the Spanish question

If Signor Gayda's words represent official opinion, it appears that a Franco's victory is the first condition of any discussion.—Reuter

NO TROUBLE AT ADEN

R.A.F. Official Contradicts Press Reports

LONDON, Sept. 30.

The Air Ministry announces that it has received from the Air-Officer Commanding the R.A.F., Aden, a categorical denial of the press report that a British officer and four R.A.F. men were killed in action against the tribesmen in Aden.

He added that the situation in Aden and the surrounding territory is normal and the report that reinforcements are being sent to Aden is unfounded.—Reuter.

IL DUCE ON ROME-BERLIN AXIS

Italo-German Friendship Aims At Peace Of Europe, He Says

ROME, Sept. 30.

Sgr. Mussolini returned to Rome this evening like a Roman Emperor celebrating a military triumph. The route from the station to Palazza Venezia was lined by over a quarter million people. The streets were strewn thickly with laurel leaves as an emblem of victory. All shops and offices were closed from 1 p.m.

As the train arrived sirens sounded throughout the City, while hundreds of Church bells pealed welcome and wild cheering marked the whole drive until Sgr. Mussolini's car disappeared the gates of Palazza Venezia.

ROME-BERLIN AXIS

Speaking from the balcony, Sgr. Mussolini said that the Italo-German friendship was a consecrated policy. The Rome-Berlin axis had entered the hearts of the two nations, and would remain there. The objectives of this friendship were close solidarity between two revolutions, re-birth of Europe and peace among peoples worthy of this name.

After the speech Sgr. Mussolini was ovated for nearly twenty minutes, during which he repeatedly appeared, saluting fifteen times.—Reurer.

TRADE PACT EXTENDED

WELLINGTON, Sept. 30.

One year's extension of the New Zealand-Canadian trade agreement is announced.

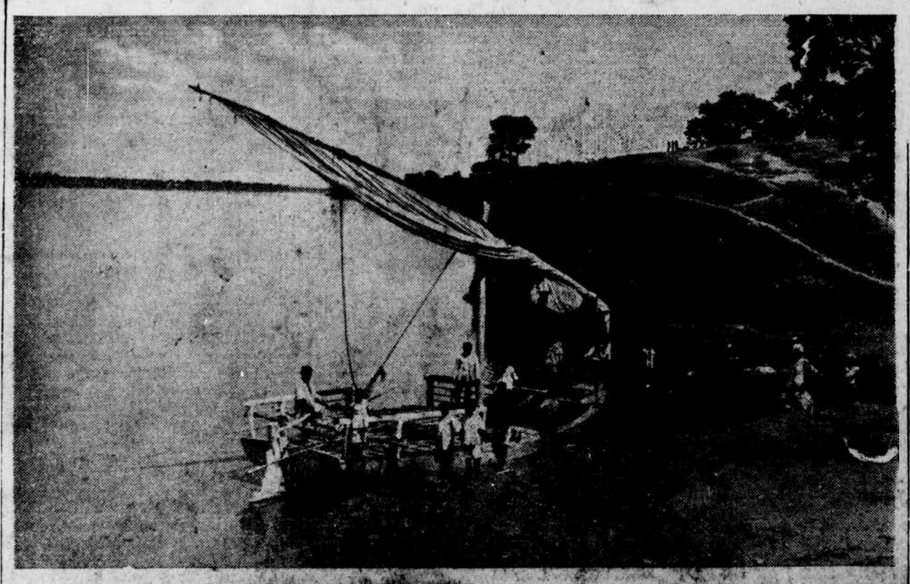
It provides several concessions for New Zealand exports, including lamb

EARLIER.

OTTAWA:—

A new development in New Zealand-Canadian trade relations is foreseen in a statement by officail circles that an important trade announcement will be made on Thursday

It is thought that a definite stage of the trade negotiations with Australia will also be announced shortly.—Reuter.



A typical river scene on the Tapti river At Haripura where the next session of the Congress will be held

B. P. C. C. PROGRAMME FOR

Mahatma's Birthday Celebrations

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. have issued the following programme for the 69th birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi:

This year the 69th birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi falls to-day (Friday) according to the Hindu Calendar and according to the Christian Calendar it falls to-morrow (Saturday).

MAHATMA GANDHI whose 69th birthday is being celebrated all over the country.

The B.P.C.C. has arranged a programme for both these days and the citizens of Bombay are earnestly requested to take part in the programme and make it a great success.

HINDI ELOCUTION

Besides, the programme arranged for both these days, there will be one more programme on Sunday, the 10th of October, when there will be a Hindi Elocution Competition, which is an annual feature of the Gandhi Jayanti celebration. The details about this competition will be announced later.

TO-DAY (Friday)

Under the joint auspices of the B.P.C.C. and the Mandvi District Congress Committee there will be a public meeting at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at Vadgadi Azad Chowk.

TO-MORROW (Saturday).

There will be another public meeting under the joint auspices of the B.P.C.C. and the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee at 9 p.m. (S. T.) at corner of Gaiwadi and Kalbadevi Road. Mr. Nagindas T. Master will preside.

Citizens are requested to buy as much Khadi as they can and encourage the Village Industries by buying their products.

ONLY WAY TO HONOUR

DALHOUSIE, Sept. 30.

"The only way to nonour Mahatma Gandhi is to practise his creed," says Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in a statement to the "United Press", in connection with Mahatmaji's 68th birthday anniversary. The following is the text of the statement:—

"I would especially request all Congress organisations in Bengal to intensify their campaign in favour of non-violence. Since Mahatmaji is the embodiment of non-violence and the ultimate success of his political mission depends entirely on our ability to practise his creed, no fitter occasion could be found for intensifying such a campaign. Fortunately for the country, the spirit of non-violence has now permeated even those sections who were once immune to it. Not only have the Andaman prisoners abjured violence emphatically, but the recently released prisoners in the United Provinces as well.

"I have just received a letter from Sit. Sachindra Nath Bakshi, who was on hunger-strike prior to his release, in which he says that, since their release, all his co-workers have become determined Congressmen without any secret affinities and affiliations. He says further that experiences subsequent to their release have destroyed the last vestige of their tendency to form secret societies.

"My own estimate of the present situation is that we have not had such a wholesome atmosphere for a long time, and it behoves us, therefore, to make the fullest use of it.

"The only way to honour Mahatmaji is to practise his creed."—United Press.

BOMBAY-DELHI TELEPHONE

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 30

A Communique says:

A multi-channel carriers system of working has been established between Bombay and Delhi with effect from September 24, 1937, for transmission of telegraph and telephone communication. This system provides for four additional telegraph and three additional telephone channels and will enable four telephone conversations to be carried on simultaneously with transmission of telegrams and thus facilitate transmission and reduce delays.

PLAN FOR A. I. SUGAR CONTROL

LUCKNOW, Sept. 30.

The joint Bihar and United Provinces Sugar Conference, which was opened yesterday, under the presidency of Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, the Premier, continued its deliberations to-day.

BIHAR MINISTER'S PROPOSAL.

The Hon. Dr. Syed Mahmud, Minister for Education and Development, Bihar, placed before the Conference a proposal for the establishment of an Inter-Provincial Sugar Control Board.

He has proposed:—

The Governments of Bihar and the United Provinces may constitute the Board under the Sugar Control Act, passed by the respective Legislatures, providing in it the scope for co-operation by such of other provinces and Indian States, which may care to join the scheme of sugar control at a later stage;

The Board may consist of representatives of each of the interests involved in the industry, for example, cane-growers, manufactures and distributors, with a few experts nominated by the Governments concerned. The Governments concerned shall appoint a Permanent Secretary to the Board;

BOARD'S FUNCTIONS.

Among others, the Board may discharge the following functions:—

(A) To closely supervise the working of the Sugar Marketing Syndicate already established by Sugar manufactures.

(B) To advise necessary changes in the constitution and the working of this Syndicate

(C) To undertake measures for licensing sugar factories in the Provinces concerned and

(D) To serve as a permanent Standing Committee of the provinces concerned, to which problems of common interest may be referred.

FOR A. I. CONTROL.

The industry shall have to provide for meeting the cost of the proposed "Sugar Control". If the hope of other Provinces and States joining the scheme remains unfulfilled, in due course the Government of India may be moved to enact suitable legislation for the purpose.

With the approval of the Conference the Governments of Bihar and the United Provinces may go ahead to work out the details of the proposal and to give effect to at the earliest they can.—A. P.

Jawahar's Call For Jap. Goods Boycott

HOW INDIA CAN HELP CHINESE PEOPLE

Tokio Plan To Meet Threat Of Economic Blockade

ALLAHABAD September 30.

"Horror upon horror piles up in China and Japanese Imperialism tries to crush the spirit of the Chinese people by massacres of non-combatant men and women and even children.

"Flourishing cities are destroyed from air and terror reigns in that great land. We see something of what modern war is and we realise again the ruthlessness and inhumanity of Imperialism".

Thus observes Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, in a statement to the "United Press" calling upon his countrymen to avoid purchasing Japanese goods, taking care at the same time not to favour other foreign things.

NOT AN EASY TASK

The following is the statement:—"All over India mass demonstrations and great meetings have condemned this and sent our deep sympathy to our brothers and sisters in China. They are fighting most gallantly for their freedom and whatever suffering they may have to endure they will win through in the end. How can we help them? Boycott of Japanese goods has been suggested, not only in India but in other parts of the world.—

"This suggestion is natural and justifiable and we must give it full consideration. Organisation of such a boycott in India is not easy as Japanese goods are already controlled by quota system and although large variety of them come in quantities are limited.

"But it is clear that, we must create psychological atmosphere for such boycott and each one of us who feels hurt and suffering and the horror of China under Japanese aggression, must avoid purchasing Japanese goods. But this must not be done in favour of other foreign goods. Mere sympathy is not enough. Let us do this much more at least to help the people of China in the hour of their trial and distress".—United Press.

National Council Of Labour Horrified At Japanese Atrocities

LONDON, Sept. 30.

A special meeting of the National Council of Labour representing both the industrial and political wings of the British socialist movement held last night called for an embargo on Japanese imports.

The Council has issued a declaration expressing its "deep horror at the barbarous and systematic massacre by Japanese aircraft and submarines of defenceless Chinese civilian population and declares that these shameful acts are a further aggravation of Japan's already grave offences against international law by her continuous policy of armed aggression against China and calls on the British Government to prohibit British citizens selling war material or lending money to Japan and to urge through the League of Nations that all members of the League should take similar action and also co-operate in the embargo on imports from Japan, at the same time taking into serious consideration the wider economic measures involved in bringing the Japanese aggression to an end"

The Council further called on the British Government to invite the Government of the United States to join in this action —Reuter.

TOKIO PLAN TO MEET ECONOMIC BOYCOTT

TOKIO, Sept. 30.

In order to consider the country's economic and financial resources, a tentative list of 300 commodities has been drafted for prohibition or curtailment, especially luxury articles, raw cotton and wool.

RETALIATION FEARS

It is feared that the countries affected may retaliate by restricting Japanese imports.

BARTER FOR RAW MATERIALS

Consequently it is planned to pursue a policy of purchasing raw materials in India, Australia, Egypt and America as it is essential that Japanese exports to those countries, under the barter agreements, should be maintained and expanded.—Reuter.

SOVIET INTERVENTION SUSPECTED

LONDON, Sept. 30.

It is learned from Tokio that Japan is sending heavy reinforcements to Manchukuo, some sources assert due to Anti-Japanese rising in Manchukuo or to fears thereof, and other circles state due to fears of Soviet intervention in the Sino-Japanese conflict.

FOR BIG OFFENSIVE.

SHANGHAI:—The Japanese continued to pound the Chinese defences nightlong, in preparation of a big offensive. The Chinese still claim that they have yielded no ground.

Meanwhile fleets of junk laden with stone are sent down river to strengthen the boom in Kiangyin which is the main protection against Japanese advance up the Yangtze.

The Chinese anticipate a concerted sea and air attack boom. China has banned the export of quick-silver two-thirds of which went to Japan.—Reuter.

JAPANESE WAR OFFICE DENIAL

TOKIO, Sept. 30.

The War Office denies as unfounded the statement attributed to a Japanese spokesman in Shanghai that 120,000 troops are being sent to Manchukuo.—Reuter.

Reply To Britain & France

TOKIO, Sept. 30.

Notes have been sent to the British and French Ambassadors on similar terms of the reply to America.—Reuter.

Mr. SYUD HOSSAIN

Leaves For Calcutta To-day

Mr. Syud Hossain will leave for Calcutta this evening by the Bagpur Mail.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 65% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a cultured girl for a Muslim, well placed in life. Please write Box No. 9135 "Bombay Chronicle."

2. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Lady Sub-Assistant Surgeons, salary 100|125, also Fully Qualified Nurses. Apply "Daboo", Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road. (9139)

Wanted—A Veterinary Graduate to work as Inspector in Ahmednagar (Bom. P) S. P. C. A. on a monthly salary of Rs. 50. The post is non-pensionable and without provident fund. Apply to U|S before 1st October 1937. Hon. Sec. S. P. C. A., Ahmednagar. (9109)

Wanted immediately experienced qualified Doctor to take full-time charge of patient of 40 developed mental trouble, non-violent. All found. Give terms and details to Box No. 6944, "Bombay Chronicle", Bombay.

Wanted immediately Stockists and Agents all over India to our "Dutch Drops" Waaning Tiffy Oil famous household remedy. Apply the Eclipse Distributing Agency, Dahanu Road, Thana Dt. (9113)

Wanted a qualified and experienced Analytical Chemist for analysing and manufacturing spirituous and non-spirituous medicines for the Standard Drugs Co., Ltd. Amritsar (Punjab). Apply sharp stating minimum pay, etc., to the Secretary. (9122)

44. SPARE TIME WORK

Educated unemployed, and others wishing to add to their incomes during spare time, and willing to be guided to Independent, Honest, Patriotic, and Wealth-Producing work, to obtain Pamphlet No. 1 against -|9|- M.O. from Rajendra Nath, Hope Cottage, Almora, U. P. (9056)

62. TO BE LET

To Let, Ground Floor, Nanabhoy Lodge, 558, Hormasji Adenwalla Road, Dadar. Five rooms. Rent Rs. 75. Apply E. N. Kharegat, 16, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi. (9126)

117. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale: Mercedes-Benz type 200 —7 Seater Limousine with Glass Partition, DeLuxe Equipment. 1935 Model, perfect condition, very carefully used, run 5,000 miles only, original price Rs. 11,000, now offered at a very low price. Apply Box 9143, "Bombay Chronicle".

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted an Agent and a Cashier on decent salary. Experienced hands need apply with copies of testimonials to the Managing Director, The Provincial Bank of India, Ltd., Coronation Building, Fort, Bombay. (9144)

655. HIRE-PURCHASE PLANS

Wanted—Candidates for Houses on Hire Purchase Proprietory Rights Free of Rent or any Interest. The Hindustani Bima Co., Ltd., Lahore. (9112)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

BACK BAY RECLAMATION

The Collector of Bombay hereby invites sealed tenders on approved forms for a 99 years' lease in respect of Plot No. 119 situated at the Junction of Jamshedji Tata and Dinshaw Wacha Roads in Block II and measuring about 2,191 square yards. The tenders should be accompanied by a deposit equal to two years, full ground rent and should reach the Collector on or before 12th October, 1937, 12 Noon.

The Collector is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

Forms of Agreement for Lease and the Lease, together with plans and Building Rules can be obtained at the office of the Collector at annas eight per copy.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.
Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 29th September, 1937.
(6927)

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of ASSISTANT MELTER in His Majesty's Mint, Bombay. The pay of the post is Rs. 120-10-250, with prospects of rising to the grade of Melter on the occurrence of a vacancy on the scale Rs. 220-10-350-15-500. The successful candidate will be on probation for 6 months in the first instance. He will be required to furnish a security deposit in cash, recognised bonds, or securities of Rs. 1,000|-, on appointment. The post is open to Indians of any religion who are over 20 and under 24 years of age on December 1st, 1937. Europeans and Anglo-Indians are not eligible for this vacancy. Applications which should be accompanied by copies of testimonials of character and education, will be received upto October 31st 1937, and should be addressed to the Mint Master, His Majesty's Mint, Bombay. All applications must be in the candidate's own handwriting. Canvassing will result in disqualification, and personal interviews will not be granted, but candidates considered suitable will be asked to call on the Mint Master at their own expense.

Arrangements will be made for candidates to visit the Mint, prior to applying for the post, should they wish to ascertain the nature and scope of the work. Applications for such visits should also be addressed to the MINT MASTER. (6930)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts at Dudheshwar Water Works:—

1. One post of Electrician pay Rs. 60-2-70 per month. The applicants should possess the Electrical Supervisor's certificate from the Bombay Government and should have practical experience for not less than three years of operation and maintenance of Electrical Machinery and Pumping Plants. Candidate having working knowledge of English will be given preference.

2. One post of Electrician Mechanic pay Rs. 60-2-90. The applicants should possess the supervisor's certificate and should have practical experience of not less than five years in electrical repair shops and motor winding.

Candidate with experience of machine tools and erection work will be given preference.

The selected candidates shall have to serve on probation for first twelve months.

The applications with full particulars and copies of testimonials should be addressed to the Municipal Engineer and should reach him on or before 15th October, 1937.

(Sd.) J. S. MALIK,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office, Ahmedabad,
28th September, 1937.
6946.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that five Certificates for 13 Shares Nos. 16016|17, 28767, 29254|60, 1654|58, 32066|68 of the Amritsar Patti Railway Company, Limited, standing in the name of Mrs. Dinbai M. Javeree, have been LOST or MISLAID.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above Certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

Mrs. DINBAI M. JAVEREE,
Malabar Mansion, No. 37, Garden Road, Apollo Reclamation, Bombay.
(9140)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ODHAVDAS SOBHRAJ has contracted to sell to our client free from all encumbrances and claims all and singular the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming any right, title interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said land, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, sale, gift, trust, lease, underlease, mortgage, charge, lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned in our Office at Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise at the expiration of the said period the same will be completed without any reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL that piece or parcel of Perpetual Fazendari land or ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being on the East side of the 3rd Agiary Lane in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 95 (ninety-five) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 251 and New Survey Nos. Part of 1382 and Cadastral Survey No. 1395, Bhuleshwar Division and registered in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "C" Ward No. 729 and formerly Street Nos. 5 and 7 and New Street Nos. 55-57 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Esmailji Alibhai Singaporewalla, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1368, on or towards the West by the said 3rd Agiary Lane, on or towards the North by the property formerly of Tullockchand Javerchand and now of Sobhagchand Fulchand, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1394 and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Panjabi Mahomed Hassan Illaibux and now of Lukhmidas Chanda Ramji and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1367.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1937.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
6934

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAPUJI DORABJI DARUWALLA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property:—

ALL persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of transfer, inheritance, maintenance, mortgage, sale, gift, lien, lease, charge, trust, use, easement, or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 23-25, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any will be considered as waived and abandoned.

Description Of The Property.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Khoty land or ground together with the bungalow called "Bani Manor" and outhouses standing thereon, situate at Bandavli (near Jogeshwari—Andheri), Salsette Taluka in the Bombay Suburban District and Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 8046 square yards or thereabouts and bearing entry No. C77, Survey No. 17, Pot No. 3 and Hissa No. 2, and bounded as follows:—East, by the B.B. and C.I. Railway Lines, West, by Ghod Bunder Road. North, by the property of Francis E. Gomes, and South, by the property of Jusab Ayub and Karim Ayub.

Dated, this 30th day of September, 1937.

B. AMIN & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6943)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KESHAV RAMCHANDRA DEOLEKAR, RAJARAM NARAYEN SHETE and SADASHIV DAMODAR VELHAL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, possession, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at 24-26 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the buildings messuages tenements or other structures standing thereon situate, lying and being at the junction of Gokhale Road, South and Portuguese Church Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the City and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement Eight Hundred and thirty-seven decimal fifty-nine square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1783 part Cadastral Survey No. 1577 of Lower Parel Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward Nos. 3178(1) and 3178(2), Street Nos. 642 and 642A and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Gokhale Road South, on or towards the West by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1242 of Lower Parel Division, on or towards the North by Portuguese Church Street and on or towards the South by Plot No. 27 of the Municipal Corporation.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1937.

DIVECHA & THAKORE,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6949.

SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT DOCTOR STREET.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the purchase by private treaty of the very valuable immovable property, belonging to the late Shaikh Tyabali Mulla Habibulla, situate at the Corner of Doctor Street and Bapty Road bearing C. S. No. 4220 of Bhuleshwar Division.

Highest offerer will be the purchaser of the above property, provided his terms are found suitable.

Such offer must reach the undersigned on or before 15th day of October, 1937.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1937.

RUSTAMJI & GINWALA,
Attorneys for Mr. Zia Mahomed, the Executor of the late Mr. Shaikh Tyabali Mulla Habibulla.
6933.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. K. M. TALYARKHAN, the Court Receiver in the High Court Suit No. 2090 of 1936 (Virji Survan and Anr. v|s. Bai BISMILABAI, widow of Ramzan Mahomed, and others) has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortage, trust lien, possession, gift, marriage expenses, dowry, inheritance, lease, residence, use, maintenance, charge, Meher or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground together with the messuages tenements or dwelling house or houses, chawls, bungalows, etc., standing thereon situate at Haines Road, Byculla, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement according to Conveyance dated 24-9-1910 471 square yards but according to Cadastral Survey Register 519 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector or Land Revenue under Old No. 118, New No. A|13620, Old Survey No. 355, New Survey No. 2|3489 and Cadastral Survey No. 1927 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 4359 (1), 4359 (2) and Street Nos. 808-808A and 816 and 818A and bouned as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Ratanji Byramji, on or towards the West by the property formerly of Krishnaji Sukhaji Sindhe but now of Ramjan Mahomed, on or towards the North by Haines Road and on or towards the South by the property of Dharmaji Tavrey.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate at Haines Road, Byculla, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 465-2|9 square yards according to the previous title deeds but according to Cadastral Survey Register 455 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 118, New No. B|13620, Old Survey No. 355 New Survey No. 3|3489 and Cadastral Survey No. 1926 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4360 and Street Nos. 812-814 and bounded, on or towards the North by Haines Road, on or towards the East by the property of Ramjan Mahomed, on or towards the South by the property of Marutirao Jayanjee Gaikwad and on or towards the West by the property of Dhondiba Ganpat Wagh.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1937

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6950

Auction Sales

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (FRIDAY) at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the Corner of Medows Street and Hammam Street, Fort of complete Bungalow furniture, Godrej "B" quality 48 inches and other safes, Remington Typewriter Nos. 16 and 12, Singer Hand and Foot Machine, H. M. V. Gramophone, Remington Portable Typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Wardrobes, etc.,

BANKER & CO.

3rd WEEK
Huns'
PREMVEER
AT
MAJESTIC
CINEMA
Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2253 of 1927.

HIRACHAND HIRJI KHETSEY ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
DOONGERSEY SHIVJI and Others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 9th January, 1931 and Judge's Orders, dated 25th August, 1936 and 12th August, 1937, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction in three lots by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court

Lot No 1 on the premises at Poona on Sunday 3rd October 1937 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) and

Lots Nos. 2 and 3 at his Office in the Court house on Wednesday 6th October 1937 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

LOT NO. 2.

All that piece of Fazandari land with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the West Side of Tandel Street, Bombay, measuring 191 3/4 square yards or thereabouts and bearing New Survey No. 3120-322. Cadastral Survey No. 1566 of Mandvi District and Municipal B Ward Nos 2785 and 2786 and Street Nos. 65-67 and 69.

LOT NO. 3.

ALL that piece of land of the Foras Tenure together with the huts and other structures standing thereon, situate at Matunga, without the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 36922 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 108, 473 and 473, New No. 12936, Old Survey Nos. 13317 and 13320 and New Survey Nos. 1-2/1042 1/1046 and 1/1042 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 357 of Matunga Division and Municipal F. Ward No 3961, Street No. 1202.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CAPTAIN AND VAIDYA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 121 Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1937.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
6942.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FANCY GOODS SHOP KNOWN AS WADIA HIRJI AND CO.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 870 of 1937 (Savailal and another vs. Wadia Hirji & Co.,) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY), Friday, the 1st October, 1937, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises, at Behramji Mansion, 1st floor at Phirojshah Mehta Road:—

All the articles of fancy goods shop, known as Messrs Wadia Hirji and Co., such as clocks, wrist watches, electric table lamps, vanity powder cases, cigarette cases, binoculars, toilet sets perfumery, hand-bags, umbrellas, flower vases, torches, liquor sets glasses, bottles, hand-mirrors, biscuit boxes, portable typewriters, ribbons, type-writing materials ultra-violet ray sets, electric fans, leather bags, thermoses, champagne, claret, ports, goblets sets, fountain pens, sari pins and holders, ladies' buckles, ear-rings, bracelets, cigarette-lighters, printing-rubber sets, violin sets, buttons, rings, etc., in two lots.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of the sale.

The above goods are on view.

BENNETT & CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATE

"THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE"
Post Box No. 322. Tel. No. 2203.
DAILY EDITION

	Local	Mofussil
1 Year	Rs. 20-0	Rs. 25-0
6 Months	Rs. 11-0	Rs. 13-0
3 Months	Rs. 6-0	Rs. 7-0
1 Month	Rs. 2-4	Rs. 2-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries:
Rs. 45 Per Year
Rs. 25 for 6 Months

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	Local.	Mofussil.
Yearly	Rs. 6-0	Rs. 7-0
Half-yearly	Rs. 3-8	Rs. 4-0

FOREIGN

Yearly ..... Rs. 15
Half-yearly ..... Rs. 8
PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE
The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.

NEW EMPIRE
LAST THREE SHOWS
4, 6-30, and 10 p. m.
TORN BETWEEN TWO MEN ... ...
SHE LOVED AS ALL WOMEN DREAM OF LOVING, BUT AS FEW DARE!

MAX SCHACH presents
ELISABETH
BERGNER
in
Dreaming Lips
with
RAYMOND MASSEY · ROMNEY BRENT
Produced and directed by PAUL CZINNER
A Trafalgar Film (Cert. A)

Also Showing
WALT DISNEY'S
1936 ACADEMY AWARD WINNER
COLOUR CARTOON
"COUNTRY COUSIN"
And British Movietone news showing in details scenes of fighting in the
CHINA-JAPAN WAR
And the bombing of
SHANGHAI
TO-MORROW
A THOUSAND LAUGHS ...
A HUNDRED THRILLS
AND A TEAR OR TWO!
in
ERICH POMMER'S
"FAREWELL AGAIN"
with
LESLIE BANKS
FLORA ROBSON
SEBASTIAN SHAW
A London Films Production
Released thru' United Artists
Plans Open! 'Phone 20286.

WELLINGTON
TO-MORROW SATURDAY
JEAN HARLOW
In her final film—a fitting farewell to the millions who admired her
A pulse-stirring drama of the race-track with
CLARK GABLE
as the King of Gamblers and
JEAN HARLOW
As the beauty who vowed to break him, and lived to love him!
THIS IS A FILM YOU MUST NOT MISS!
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"SARATOGA"
with
LIONEL BARRYMORE
UNA MERKEL
WALTER PIDGEON
Plans already open—'Phone 22666.

LAST DAY TO-DAY!
JEANETTE MacDONALD
NELSON EDDY
in
M.-G.-M.'s Musical Sensation
MAY TIME
SUNDAY SPECIAL MORNING SHOW AT 10 a. m.
LAUREL AND HARDY
IN
"BONNIE SCOTLAND"

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RESTORE the NATURAL action WITH THIS SAFE and pleasant LAXATIVE

Constipation works against Nature—clogging your body with unhealthy poisons, dulling your mind, robbing you of youthful energy! Wampoles Magnolax banishes constipation—but without harsh purgatives or harmful drugs. Its gentle lubricating action gradually restores the body's functions to normal—rids your intestines of harmful acids and assures regular, healthy action. Wampoles Magnolax is absolutely safe and pleasant to taste. Equally suitable for men, women and children. Ask for it by name at leading stores, chemists and bazaars.

FOR COLIC, CONSTIPATION ACIDITY, HEADACHE, PILES, etc.

LOOK FOR THIS MARK ON CAP OF EVERY BOTTLE

Sole Selling Agents for the British Empire in Asia: MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) Ltd., Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rangoon and Madras

PURE MILK SUPPLY FOR CITY

Co-operative Society Undertakes To Provide 10,000 Lbs. Daily

Municipal Commissioner Recommends Subsidy For First Three Years

It is hoped that Bombay will very shortly have pure milk supply from a Union which will run on co-operative lines with a capital of Rs. 2 lakhs.

The Municipal Commissioner has gone into the scheme and it will come before the Municipal Corporation some time in October. The Municipal Commissioner in a letter to the Municipal Corporation states.

On the 4th October 1934 the Corporation passed a resolution authorising me to invite offers for the supply of milk to the City from the suburbs with or without payment of subsidy from the Corporation that offers were invited by public advertisement, in response to which replies were received from the following:—

(1) The Proprietor, Kanara Farms.

(2) Mr. Ambalal J. Patel.

(3) The Blizzard Milk Transport and Supply Co.

None of the schemes submitted by them, however, made any headway

Since then several schemes from different persons and firms have been received, the principal among them being from Mr. B. G. Athalye and Mr. C. C. Shah; but these also did not make any progreses for one reason or another.

Co-Operative Milk Supply Union

Subsequently, the Bombay Co-operative Milk Supply Union, which was started by several responsible and representative men in the co-operative movement with the object of importing milk into the City, submitted a scheme and applied for the grant of the subsidy offered by the Corporation. The Union has been registered under the Co-operative Societies' Act and is therefore partially under the supervision of Government. From inquiries made I am satisfied that the financial standing of the Union is satisfactory

Organisation Of Union

The organisation proposed by the Union comprises the Co-operative Milk Supply Union and the Co-operative Milk Producers' Society. The Union is to be started with an initial capital of 2 lakhs of rupees and is to finance the Producers' Society for the purchase of cattle and will provide stables for housing them The Union has agreed that the milk will be produced under qualified and efficient supervision satisfying all the tests imposed by the Municipality. Milk produced by the Co-operative Milk Producers Society is to be sold to the Co-operative Milk Supply Union for distribution in Bombay. The Union wish to locate their stables on a site 4 miles north of Kandivli and expect to begin with a supply of 10,000 lbs. of milk per day according to our requirements.

I propose that the scheme put forward by the Union may be accepted on the terms and conditions mentioned below:—

(1) The stables are to be constructed by the Union according to Municipal requirements.

(2) The Union guarantees a daily supply of at least 10,000 lbs. from the stables

(3) A qualified Veterinary Officer is to be appointed by the Union with the approval of the Municipal Commissioner to supervise the management of the stables and the process of milking, etc.

(4) The milk will be pasteurised before distribution. Unpasteurised milk, if any, will not be taken into account in calculating the quantity of 10,000 lbs. of milk entitling the Union to payment of the subsidy

(5) A subsidy of Rs. 57,000 will be granted to the Union in three annual instalments of Rs. 20,000, Rs. 20,000 and Rs. 17,000 The subsidy for each year will be paid at the end of the year after it is certified by the Health Officer that the Union has continuously imported 10,000 lbs. of pasteurised milk daily during the year;

(6) In the event of any interruption of the supply, or should the daily quota fall below 10,000 lbs. for any period, the subsidy will be proportionately reduced: provided that no portion of the subsidy will be paid if the daily supply of 10,000 lbs is not maintained for at least 340 days in the year.

(7) The Municipality will not be bound to purchase any milk from the Union nor will it accept any responsibility for the milk remaining unsold.

Bombay Suburban Electric Supply, Limited.

Reduction of Rates.

With effect from 1st October 1937:—

1 **Meter Rental** for each single phase meter will be reduced to 4 annas per month.

2. **Monthly Minimum Charge** for Lighting and Fan supply will be abolished.

By Order of the Board,

Killick Nixon & Company.

Agents,

BOMBAY SUBURBAN ELECTRIC SUPPLY, LIMITED.

Dated this 29th day of September, 1937.

Our Baroda Letter

Local Option Committee To Consider Prohibition

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Sept. 27.

A meeting of the local Option Committee will be held on October 2nd to consider the question of prohibition of liquor.

Cholera has started in three villages of Vyara taluka while it has subsided in Mangrol.

Mr. Nandlal Kavishwar has been elected as the Chairman of Amreli Municipality.

Mr. Moses has been appointed as Director of Fisheries of Baroda State

Dr. Mathuradas, eye-specialist of Mogha, donated Rs. 1,500 to Aryakanyamaha-Vidyalaya.

Strike in Sayaji Mill and the Baroda Spinning Mill continues.

Their Highnesses the Maharaja and Maharani Gaekwar of Baroda are expected here in the last week of November.

People of Navsari complain that motors are running on roads at high speeds of more than 30 miles. There ought to be a check on it.

HUNDREDS HAVE ALREADY RESERVED THEIR COPIES.

WHY NOT YOU?

"The Mysore Dasara Souvenir"

Nice articles, fine illustrations, neat get-up. A Bumper Volume.

THE PRICE PER COPY ONLY 4 As By Post Six Annas per copy.

SEND SIX ANNAS IN STAMPS NOW ALONE AND MAKE SURE TO GET YOUR COPY.

Apply for copies with stamps to:—THE CIRCULATION MANAGER, "THE MYSORE DASARA SOUVENIR", "Ramamandira", V, Chamarajapet, Bangalore City.

FOR EVERY CLASS AND COMMUNITY

MINERVA'S Marvellous Production

Khan Bahadur

Directed by SOHRAB MODI

with SOHRAB MODI AND LOVELY NASEEM

Supported by A Remarkable Cast

Now In Its

3rd CONTINUED WEEK

AT THE MINERVA TALKIES

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

"I feel I must write and tell you what beneficial results I have derived from Kalzana. My trouble was debility and anæmia. My whole system seemed to wake up with new life and vitality. My complexion clear and bright. I cannot speak too highly of the value of Kalzana,"

writes Miss K.E. E.

Attractive YOUTH *depends upon* GOOD HEALTH

A woman's health and happiness are dependent, far too often, on periodical weakness and pains. And yet, these are entirely natural events, which need not be the cause of so many complaints.

Conquer your periodical weakness by taking Kalzana—the mineral food for better health. It will strengthen your blood cells, increase your power of resistance, diminish pain and discomfort and give you new strength and stamina.

Buy Kalzana at your nearest chemist or Bazar to-day and you will soon be convinced that Kalzana really does give the help you need. It will make you enjoy work and pleasure to the full again.

Kalzana

THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH

Obtainable of all Chemists and Bazars.

NOT TOUCHED BY HAND.

"NEFARIOUS TRAPPING OF INNOCENT PEOPLE"

"Defendant's wicked and nefarious trapping of innocent and mostly poor, lacking equally in money and brains—we cannot help stating it—is to say the least criminal, but this is not the Court to take any notice of this aspect of Defendant's activities."

In these words Mr. Indranarayen sitting with Judge, Mr. Champaklal G. Mody in Full Court dismissed a rule obtained by one Chintaman Shivram Bal against the Victoria Competition a firm.

Plaintiff sued to recover Rs 2,000 as the prize money of a certain competition offered by the Defendant on terms and conditions published in the issue of the "Nava Kal" of 26-7-36 and which Plaintiff alleged to have been one of the many solutions of the said puzzle sent by him in compliance with the published terms and conditions being correct to a figure as disclosed by the Defandant's own advertisement in a subsequent issue of the "Navakal".

The trial Judge Mr. Y. N. Nadkarni's decision dismissing the claim was upheld by the Full Court

In upholding the Judgment of the trial court in full Court stated that, even if the contract alleged is not illegal, the Plaintiff must conform to the offer in the advertisement. The Judgment added "We are distinctly of the opinion that the advertisement is capable of only one interpretation and that is that. Each entry sent must contain the solution of each of the two squares together and be accompanied by the indivisible prescribed fee of Re. 1 per entry. Plaintiff had not complied with the condition and the result must be that the suit must fail."

The rule was therefore discharged. Mr. S. M. Varde, Advocate with Mr. Gujjar appeared for Plaintiff and Mr. D. S. Deodhar appeared for the Defendant.

Shankarrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and Mr Lavate Shastri, Secretaries, leader, it is understood, will leave for Wardha to discuss with Mahatma Gandhi the prohibition scheme.—A. P.

BENARES STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

Want Representation On University Senate

BENARES, Sept. 27.

The Benares Students' Conference which was held here under the presidentship of Dr. K. M. Ashraf, Head of the Foreign and Political Department, A. I. C. C., concluded to-day after passing a series of resolutions.

The first resolution expressed solidarity with the brave anti-imperialist fighters of China, who are carrying on a resentless struggle against the onslaught of Japanese imperialists, and condemned in unequivocal terms the brutal onslaught of Fascism against the independence of the Chinese people.

The second one regretted the recent statement of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru about the Red Flag, that "it will be smashed if it is pitched against the National Flag," as it is, in the opinion of the conference, likely to create unnecessary misunderstandings in the anti-imperialist ranks.

The third resolution congratulated the people of Spain for their heroic struggle for the defence of democracy, in which millions of Spanish men and women have been brutally sacrificed.

The conference strongly condemned the action of the Aligarh University authorities in expelling and refusing admission to students of progressive social outlook in the University, and the "highhandedness" of the managing committee of the Khalsa College, Amritsar, in dismissing six nationalist Professors

Other resolutions requested Government to abolish communal and caste representations in the Services, protested against the prosecution of two students Ramesh Chandra Sinha and J. P. Bhattacharya, who have a record of service in the cause of their motherland and student community, and demanded adequate representation of students on the University Senate and the Educational Board.—United Press.

LABOUR LEADER DEAD

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. B. D. Joshi, a member of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union died at 8 p. m. on Wednesday. He was suffering for the past three years from thesis.

Mr. Joshi was one of those brave soldiers of freedom who had staked their everything in the C. D. movement of 1930 and 1932. He had been to gaol twice While he was in Yerawada Gaol, he contracted this horrible disease.

On his return from gaol Mr. Joshi devoted his services to the working class movement. He was the joint Secretary of the Young Workers' League. Despite his broken health he took an enthusiastic part in the Great Bombay Textile General Strike of 1937 and was afterwards elected as a member of the Managing Committee of the Bombay G. K. U. In his death the workers of Bombay have lost one of their devoted comrades.

FIND OF BUDDHIST RELIC IN FRONTIER

SIMLA, (By Mail.)

A Press Note states:—

The discovery of a relic casket with inscriptions in the Kharoshthi script of outstanding importance is reported by the Director-General of Archaeology. The provenance of the inscription is reported to be 'Shinkot' in Bajaur territory outside North West Frontier Province, where some tribal people while digging the foundations of a new fort chanced upon a steatite casket said to encase a silver casket, which in turn contained a gold reliquary inlaid with precious stone and some ashes with which some contemporary coins must undoubtedly have been deposited. The more precious parts of the find as also the relics are no longer traceable, but the stone casket with parts of the broken lid, both of which had inscriptions incised on them were recovered through the efforts of Mian Afzal Shah son of Khan Bahadur Mian Raheem Shah, C.I.E., of Ziarat Kaka Sahib in the Peshawar District. It records the enshrinement of the relics of Buddha by one Vijayamitra (who may have been a petty dignitary) in the time of the Maharaja Menander, the well-known Greek King of the Punjab and Afghanistan, the first of the alien rulers to adopt Buddhism, whose questions are recorded in the Pali Buddhist scriptures. The date is given as the 25th day of the month of Vaisakha in the fifth year of the King who must have lived about 150 B C. The casket has been presented to the Archaeological Section, Indian Museum, Calcutta.

Mr. N. G. Majumdar, Superintendent, Archaeological Section, will publish the inscription in the Epigraphia Indica.

To-morrow

Comes a great drama as true as life itself

MILAP

Directed by:— A. R. KARDAR (Creator of "Baghi Sepahi")

Starring: Prithviraj Bimla Kumari

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Latest Gallops At Poona

King Of France, Vandyke And Tohalla Work Well

(From Our Correspondent.)

Rain through the week having rendered the going heavy, work has been confined to the Monsoon Track only. The following Gallops were noted.

HIMAT (Selby) travelled a mile at a strong pace. Fit and well.

HAREM (Brace) was superior to MANIFOLD (O'Neale) in a brisk mile run. Latter is an improving sort and one to note.

KING OF FRANCE (Brace) had IRISH BROADCAST (Evans) beaten in a sharp mile gallop. He has never been better.

QUICKSILVER (Evans) showed too much speed for JILL'S FIRST (Rylands) in a dash over the six. Should be thereabouts on Saturday.

VANDYKE (Burn) shaped well in the company of CORCY (Black) in a run over the mile. Former is a nice type of Indian bred and must be seen to advantage again.

PAPER BOY (Brace) had his head in front of DANGEROUS II (O'Neale) at the end of a six furlongs dash. He retains his early season form

BELLE OF YORK (Meherji) spurted four furlongs in fine style.

SUBAH (Marrable) and NUR JEHAN (Brace) were exercised over nine furlongs when the former impressed.

AJWAD covered a fast mile in attractive fashion. Fit and well.

DILAWAR (Rylands) moved very fast over a mile. A great galloper in private.

FUNNY FACE (H. McQuaue) was sharpened over three furlongs when he showed up well.

KARAM ALLAH (R. Boy) was always going too well for TAJ NIZAM (R. Boy) in a mile run

RESOLVE (Marrable) gave a speedy display for six furlongs. Can be backed again.

AL GHAZI (Rosen) finished strongly over seven furlongs. Fit.

NO LIMIT (K. Hassan) and WALK OVER (Brace) were worked over a mile when they gave satisfaction.

ARTIGHRIL (K. Hassan) was splendidly speedy over six furlongs. Must run well again.

TOHALLA (Evans) accounted for SADRAN MANFI (R. Boy) in a sharp mile gallop. Greatly improved.

SIR JAMAL (K. Hasan) pleased in a dash over the six.

AL MUNDIR (Brace) was not disgraced when sent with AL SAFFAH (Evans) over a fast five. Keep an eye on this one.

HAKIM PASHA (Jones) was good in a mile gallop.

TURKISH PRINCE gave a fair display when worked over a mile. Finds his form slowly.

YANOOS (R. Boy) finished smartly in a run over seven furlongs.

TAJ AL NUSSER (R. Boy) strode out freely and well for nine furlongs.

Note: CONSOLS, HARRY JOHNSON, VIGILANT and GOLD CROWN.

4TH WEEK

DRAWING CROWDS— EARNING APPLAUSE!

MOTILAL

IN

'Captain Kirtikumar'

SAGAR'S GREAT SUCCESS

WITH

BIBBO, K. KUMARI, YAKUB.

Direction By:—

C. M. LUHAR

AT

IMPERIAL CINEMA

DAILY: 5-15, 8, 10-30

Sat., Sun. and Holidays Matinee at 2-30.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY Co., LTD.

(Incorporated in England),

PUJA HOLIDAYS 1937

B. N. RY. OFFER

ATTRACTIVE CONCESSION IN RETURN FARES FOR ALL CLASSES AND FOR MOTOR CARS.

FARE and a QUARTER. for 1st, 2nd and Inter Classes.
FARE and a HALF for 3rd Class.
and
SINGLE FARE for MOTOR CARS
for holders of 1st and 2nd class Puja Concession Tickets (subject to usual distance limits).

PERIOD OF ISSUE OF TICKETS: From 2nd Oct. to 1st Nov. 1937.
PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY: 45 days, but not later than 1st Decr. 1937.
BREAK JOURNEY: Allowed at any intermediate station and for as long as required provided no part of the line is travelled over more than once in the same direction.

Further particulars from Station Masters.

"STRANGLER" LEWIS IN BOMBAY

Awaiting Offers From Indian Pahilwans For Title Bouts

"Strangler" Lewis, America's foremost wrestler and his manager Ted Thye, arrived in Bombay by s.s. "Strathaird" on September 23, from Australia.

Ted Thye has sent the following message by telegram to the "Civil and Military Gazette", Lahore from Majestic Hotel, Bombay, in reply to Hamida's letters I and II, which appeared in the "Sentinel" of Tuesday, September 28, accepting both Lewis' and Dr Hall's challanges:—

"Your paper publishes the report that Hamida will accept Lewis's challenge. I will sign for a match with Hamida and also with Gama and Imam Bakhsh and am awaiting an offer of such matches.

"We are prepared to wrestle the three men mentioned by me in October.

"We paid our own expenses to come to India, but have secured no offer for matches. I am awaiting an offer."

BOMBAY COLLEGES COMBINED TEAM

To Meet Poona Colleges On Oct. 11 And 12

Following combined Team of the Colleges in Bombay has been selected to play the combined Team of the Poona Colleges at poona on the 11th and 12th October, 1937:—

J. H. Wadia, (St. x) (Captain.)
C. S. Shete, (St. X).
S. N. Mehta, (E.).
U. A. Mundkar, (W.)
W. Koppikar, (St. X.)
V. M. Chandarana, (E.).
H. P. Printer, (E.)
S. C. Sheth, (G. S. Medical.).
M. S. Naik, (St. X.).
K. M. Rangnekar, (E.).
H. Kazi, (G. M. C.).
G. R. Dalvi, (W.)
Gupte, (E.).
K. B. Mehta, (St. X.)

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Delhi Programme

a.m.

8-0 Recitation from the Quran-i-Sharif (Text and Translation). 8-10 "National Health" The Prime Minister the Rt. Hon'ble Neville Chamberlain, M.P., speaking at a reception by the Central Council for Health Education from the London School of Hygiene (Relayed from the BBC). 8-30 Ghulam Sabir, Paraj on Sarangi. 8-35 Angur Bala of Calcutta. Classical and Light Music. 9-10 The News (English). 9-20 The News (Hindustani). 9-20 Barkat Ali Khan of Lahore.

p.m.

12-30 Indian Music. 1-30 A Variety Programme. 6-0 Barkat Ali Khan. 6-25 Haider Husain of Jaipur. Sitar—Bhim Palasi. 6-35 Angur Bala of Calcutta. Classical and Light Music. 7-0 "For Villagers Only". 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Stories behind Proverbs" No. 1. By Mulla Wahidi. 8-15 Barkat Ali Khan. 8-20 P. S. Mukerjee. Tilak Kamod on Sarod. 8-25 Angur Bala of Calcutta. Classical and Light Music. 9-15 The News (Hindustani): The News (English): 9-45 Talk (English): "The Federal Court". By K. R. R. Sastry. 9-55 A Recorded Interlude. 10-0 Talk (English): "Sour Grapes" No. 1 The American Experiment. I. By F. E. James. 10-15 For a Lighter Mood.

Bombay Programme

a.m

8-30 Recitation from Quran-i-Sharif. Moulvi Gulam Mohammad Kamar. 8-45 Gujarati Songs. Himatlal Purushottam.

noon.

12-0 "AIR Artists From I to P".

p.m.

1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements. Lunch Hour Selections. 6-0 Marwa. The AIR Artists. 6-15 Talk (Marathi): "Hunting the Documents. By D. V. Kale. 6-30 To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. (The News in Marathi): 7-30 Light Music. Devtaprasad Shyam Babu. 8-0 Popular Selections Master Lahanu Nagpure. 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 "Behind the Gateway". By Onlooker. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Violin Recital. By Gretel Sommer. 10-0 The Art Players. 11-0 Close down.

INTER-COLLEGIATE FOOTBALL LEAGUE

How The Teams Fared

The Inter-Collegiate Football League was brought to a close on Wednesday. The Grant Medical College tops the League table for third year in succession with 13 points out of a possible 14. St. Xavier's and Sdyenham College are close behind with 12 and 11 points respectively. The following is the League Table at its conclusion:—

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Pts.
Grant Medical College	7	6	1	0	13
St. Xavier's College	7	5	2	0	12
Sydenham College	7	5	1	1	11
Ismail College	7	4	0	3	8
G. S. Medical College	7	2	0	5	4
Elphinstone College					
Royal Institute of Science (combined)	7	2	0	5	4
Wilson College	7	1	0	6	2
Khalsa College	7	0	0	7	0

DESAI TOPIWALLA'S ELEVEN

To Play Minerva Club Madras On Monday

The following players have been selected by Mr. M. N. Desai, Topiwalla to play against the Minerva Club (Madras) on the Hindu Gymkhana Ground, on Monday the 4th of October 1937.

Mr. M. N. Desai (Captain).
Mr. L. Amarnath
Mr. N. S. Chumble
Mr. A. V. Patil.
Mr. V. A. Walavalkar
Mr. S. S. Thakur
Mr. P. D. Thakur.
Mr. S. A. Samant
Mr. G. V. Gavankar
Mr. H. K. Parulkar.
Mr. M. R. Desai.

RESERVES:—

Mr. B. S. Mahajan
Mr. B. D. Desai.

DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

Royal Scots Qualify For Final

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

In the presence of H. E. Viceroy and H. E. Governor of the Punjab, both semi-finals of Durand Football Tournament were played today.

In the first match 2nd Battalion Border Regiment and 2nd Bn. East Lancs played a drawn game, neither side being able to score.

In the Second semi-final 2nd Bn. Royal Scots beat Delhi Young Men by 2 goals to nil.

All the four captains were presented to the Viceroy.—A. P.

SPENCER CUP ELEVEN

To Meet C. C. India At Brabourne Stadium

The team that is to meet the Cricket Club of India, at the Brabourne Staudium over the coming week-end is a representative side chosen from teams competing in the' Shapur Spencer Cricket Challenge Cup Tournament. The selected team is:—

H. J. Vajifdar (Captain), F. Peddar, D Havewalla, Minoo Patel, E. Gai, K. K. Taraporewala, K. Mehta, M. Mistri, H. Printer, M. R. Khan, D. P. Tata. Reserves: H. P. Mistry, A. Bode, R. Irani.

CATTLE SHOW IN DELHI

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

As announced recently by H. E. the Viceroy, it is proposed to hold a Cattle Show in Delhi, in conjunction with the annual show of the National Horse-Breeding and Show Society, in February 1938. It is hoped that representatives of about 25 of the most important breeds of cattle and buffaloes of India will meet at this show.

The Central Government have sanctioned for this show a special grant of Rs 25,000. Provinces and States have been consulted as to the extent of their participation, and a representative Show Committee consisting of officials and non-officials has been constituted with Sir Arthur Olver as Chairman.

His Excellency the Viceroy has generously promised to give a championship cup and prizes and certificates will also be awarded.—United Press.

VILLAGERS' VENGEANCE ON EXCISE PARTY

Verdict On Death Of Inspector Cama

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A sensational story was unfolded in the Coroner's Court to-day, at the resumed inquest on the body of the excise officer who died in Charak Clinic on the 20th instant due to stab injuries sustained by him during an excise raid

It was stated that on receipt of information that illicit liquor was being manufactured in Narangi village in Thana District Mr. L N. Cama the deceased planned a raid with a few constables of the Excise Department During the search of a house in the village the Inspector found a jar of illicit liquor whereupon he arrested three persons. While he was pursuing his inquiries, about 100 villagers gathered there and attacked the party with scythes, lathis, stones etc. As there were no district police with the party they found themselves helpless against the villagers and began to retreat but they were pursued and assaulted by the villagers and when near a tank Mr Cama was stabbed on the back which rendered him unconscious, and not satisfied with this act of vengeance, the assailants threw the unconscious Inspector in a tank. freed the three arrested persons and made good their escape. Mr. Cama it appeared, had no revolver.

He was not granted a licence for one when he applied to the Collector of Thana

Thana District Police, on being informed, took out the body of the deceased from the tank in an unconscious state and removed him to the Bassein Hospital. Later he was taken to the Charak Clinic where he died.

Laxman Wasudev Joshi, an Excise policeman, gave evidence describing the details.

Another witness said that the deceased cried out to him, "Mohammed, I am dying, you run away."

The jury returned the following verdict:—Death was caused by homicidal stab wounds inflicted by means of a scythe by the suspect Nana Walu in the village of Narangi, near Virar, on the night of the 12th September. He ought to be prosecuted on a charge of murder.

Acceptances For Poona Races

First Race—2-30 p.m.

THE ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250, second Rs. 400, third Rs. 250

For Arabs in Class III which have not won a race value Rs. 1,200 or over after 31st March, 1937. W. A. Allowance—Maidens 7 lbs. Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Suhama 9-3, Once More 9-3, Artighril 9-3, New Hilla 9-3, Sadran Manfi 8-10, Green Pigeon 8-9, Zaim Shammar 8-9, Krishnaprasad 8-5, Masud Pasha (late Fakri Pasha) 8-5, Nissiril Iraq 8-9, Blue Blood (late Sultan Muhyee) 8-6, Iraq Flower 8-6, John Valance 8-5, Nayib al Iraq 7-13 and Salaam 7-10.

Second Race—3-0 p.m.

THE ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250, second Rs. 400, third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III which have not won a race value Rs. 1,200 or over after 31st March, 1937. W. A. Allowance—Maidens 7 lbs. Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Grey Prince 9-3, Sir Jamal 9-3, Mulzoom 9-3, Shakespeare 8-12, Zainin al Iraq (late Dharar) 8-12, Silver Dome 8-12, Ajami Pasha 8-10, Tohalla 8-6 Al Mundir 8-6, Dhun 8-5, Munir al Hawa 7-13, Moon Star (late Grey Master) 7-11 Mahi 7-10, Fahad Beg 7-4 and Kaid Saoud 7-4.

Third Race—3-30 p.m.

THE DECCAN PLATE.—Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 1,700, second Rs. 600, third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV other than those in Starred Class.

Quicksilver 9-0, Vandyke 8-7, Drury Cow 8-0, Cheer Up 7-12, Maharaja's Choice 7-12, Black Fashion 7-7, Vigilant 7-7 and Belle of York 7-7.

Fourth Race—4-0 p.m

THE ALANDI PLATE Div II.—Distance 1 mile

Winner Rs. 1,700 second Rs. 600, third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II which have not won after 31st March, 1937, a race value Rs. 2,000 or over.

Fair Play 9-0, Nur Jehan 9-0, Hakim Pasha 8-10, Silver Star 8-2, Ace of Hearts 8-10, Harry Johnson 8-8, Cheery Bin 8-10, Cleopatra 8-8, Mijlat 8-6, Abaris 8-3 Saif Antar 8-2, Tharwath 8-1, The Knut 7-13, Zoolum 7-13, Sunspot 7-13, Desert Prince 7-10, Havana 7-9 and Turkish Prince 7-7

Fifth Race—4-30 p.m.

THE CURRAGH PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs

Winner Rs. 1,700 second Rs. 600, third Rs. 250 A Handicap for Horses in Class IV

Ramillies 9-0, Conquering 8-11, Beautiful Girl 9-0, Wait-a-Bit (late Ballyartist) 8-11, Muazzam Pasha 8-9, Flamcoe 8-7, Resolve 8-4 Honeysuckle 8-4, Sanker (late Kenya) 8-4, Casanova 8-4, Remarque 8-2, Monsieur Pam 8-0, Shivratri 8-0, Mamma's Pet 7-11, Gordon 7-7, Considerate 7-7, Miss Aileen 8-0, Cryptogram 7-11, Consols 7-11, and Quicksilver 7-9

Sixth Race—5-0 p.m.

THE DULLINGHAM HANDICAP Distance 6 furlongs

Winner Rs. 2,250, second Rs. 600, third Rs. 400. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Paper Boy 9-7, Mad Hatter 8-13, Garden Warbler 8-8, Le Baron 8-11, Coolart 8-9 Plymouth 8-9, Be Brave 8-4, Grecian Orb 8-2, Myron 8-2, Tipperary (late Cognac) 7-11, Gold Crown 7-11 Thurlestone 7-10, Knight's Adventure 7-10, Havana II 7-6, Dangerous II 7-4 and Don Tancredo 7-4.

Seventh Race—5-30 p.m.

THE NEWBURY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500 second Rs 1,100, third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class II

Benevento 9-0, Himat 8-9, Oceanus 8-9, Casino 8-9, The Nun 8-6, Dr. Strabiemus 8-5, Manifold 8-4, Harem 7-8, Lingo 8-2, High Hill 8-0, Dinos 7-13 Irish Broadcast 8-0, King of France 8-0, Royal Prince 7-12, Thermometer 7-12, Desert Hero 7-9 and Ootman 7-7.

Eighth Race—6-0 p.m.

THE ALANDI PLATE Div. I. Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500 second Rs. 750, third Rs. 500 A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II which have not won after 31st March, 1937, a race value Rs 2,000 or over.

Al Hamil 9-5, Bushboos 8-9, Nassirwan 8-5, Yanoos 8-3, Dilawar 8-3, Amirulmulk 8-0, Funny Face 7-13, Al Ghazi 7-12 Adiba II 7-10, Baher Neel 7-10 Walk Over 7-8 Taj Nizam 7-6, Subah 7-6, Iraq Gift 7-6, No Limit 7-4 and Mahmood Beg 7-2.

RECOVERED FROM ULCERATED STOMACH

Mrs. Norman is a happy woman these days. She might well be, after all she has been through. "I feel I must write to you," says Mrs. Norman, "about the way I have recovered from ulcerated stomach and gastric trouble.

"For years I have suffered, tried many things, but nothing relieved the pain. I had a bad attack of gastritis last October, and was very ill. I got my husband to bring me a bottle of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder to try; after two doses I got relief. Since then I have had a dose before retiring each night, or whenever I feel discomfort. Immediately I feel better. I recommend your powder to all sufferers."

Every form of stomach trouble soon yields to the soothing, healing influence of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder. Case after case, many of them much worse than your own stomach trouble, have been cured by the powder with the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the carton and bottle, and the red seal on the carton. Its reputation is beyond all comparison with any other powder. Maclean Brand is never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets). If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India), Ltd., Standard Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.

Change ILL health to GOOD health

If your life is made miserable by suffering—if you can't sleep at night—if you get pains after eating or can't digest your food without discomfort—if your day's work is ruined by headaches, 'nerviness,' pains or depression, then YOU, too, need Yeast-Vite.

Take two Tablets NOW! See how in only a few minutes you begin to experience their wonderful relief! Notice how more buoyant, more energetic and refreshed you feel! Feel the new life and new energy.

No Cure—No Pay

Simply obtain a 20 tablet bottle of Irving's YEAST-VITE Tablets from any Stores. Take as directed, and if you are not thoroughly satisfied, post the empty carton to our Agent (see below) including dealer's receipt and your money will be refunded in full.

From All Retailers & Stores In Bottles of 20 Tablets, 50 Tablets and 100 Tablets.

WARNING

We cannot too strongly warn purchasers in India not to be misled by any so-called "Just-as-good" imitations which are worthless and fraudulent. To ensure obtaining the only genuine "YEAST-VITE," see that you get the new-shaped bottle as illustrated, with the name "YEAST-VITE" stamped in the glass.

NOTE LOOK FOR THIS SHAPED BOTTLE— AND ACCEPT NO OTHER

IRVING'S Yeast-Vite

The Lightning Pick-me-up

Agents for Bombay:
CAMA NORTON & Co., 23, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

WE DIG OUR GRAVES WITH OUR TEETH

The very food you eat either develops or destroys you. What you eat, how much you eat, when and how, is recording every day, every night whether you are climbing up or digging down. Millions of people are digging down, deeper and deeper, into their graves.

Why? Because the things we eat, the things we drink are continually creating acid poisons in the system. When this acid becomes excessive, we get stomach distresses, dangerous acid indigestion, sour stomach, wind, colds, headaches, neuralgia or rheumatic pains.

It is dangerous to neglect this situation. What you need at once is to ease the pain and neutralize this excess acidity

Alka-Seltzer

is the only remedy of its kind that does exactly these two things—two results accomplished at one and the same time.

Dissolve one or two tablets of ALKA-SELTZER in a glass of water and drink it. Your pain will ease and your relief from distress will be amazingly quick and refreshing. Then in case you make the error of over-eating or over-drinking, ALKA-SELTZER will always come to your rescue. Try it today.

It is guaranteed to give complete satisfaction.

SUPREMELY GRATEFUL:

"I have used ALKA-SELTZER for Colds, Overloaded Stomach, Wind and Indigestion. I am strong for ALKA-SELTZER and believe that if more people would use it, the country would be healthier, and we would all find it a better place to live in. I cannot express in words what ALKA-SELTZER has done for me and my wife."

Alka-Seltzer is not a laxative. You can take it as often as you like, without inconvenience.

At all Chemists in two convenient sizes. Try it today.

If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs 2|- for large size, or Re. 1|- for small size with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3 Wittet Road, Bombay.

Gonorrhoea Cured

OLD or NEW—Cured Guaranteedly. Medicine charges on cure. Correspondence not invited—visit personally. Time:—9 to 12 a.m. & 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. SUNDAY: 9 a.m. to 12 a.m only.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regtd.), Sandhurst Road. Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 12, 1993
Muslim: Rajab 25, 1356
Parsi: Farvardin 26, 1307
Hightide: 9-46; 22-10
Lowtide: 3-23; 16-06
Sunrise: 6h. 29m.
Sunset: 6h. 29m

CONTINUOUS SPINNING AT THE KHADI BHANDAR

A programme of continuous spinning from 8-30 a.m. to 7 p.m. will be observed at the Khadi Bhandar 396, Kalbadevi Road to-day (Friday) and to-morrow (Saturday) as Mahatmaji's Birth Day falls on these days according to the Indian and English Calenders respectively.

POSTAL NOTICES

Parcels for Germany direct per s.s. "Trifels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 11 a.m. on Saturday the 2-10-37.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per s.s. "Pres Van Buren" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Satnvday the 2nd October.

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THE FIRST ANNUAL PUJA NUMBER

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Special articles by persons like

Sj. SUBHAS CH. BOSE
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Price THREE ANNAS only.

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Available from all news agents.

REGAL

TO-DAY—LAST DAY
at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

TOMMY FARR
vs.
JOE LOUIS

(Released by RKO-RADIO)
WORLD HEAVYWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP FIGHT?

RKO-Radio's sensation—
"ROBBER BARONS"
(The Toast of New York)
with Edward Arnold, Jack Oakie, Cary Grant, Francis Farmer
Revelling, fighting in a glittering world of wine and women!

CAPITOL

TO-DAY—LAST DAY
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

SINGING RAILS! LAUGHING LOVE! TENSE ADVENTURE!

WEST BOUND LIMITED

A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE with
LYLE TALBOT · POLLY ROWLES

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 4 P.M.

THE EXCELSIOR

FINAL SHOWS TO-DAY
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

"GLAMOROUS NIGHT"

with lovely
MARY ELLIS
singing at her best.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"West Bound Limited." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at usual time.
EXCELSIOR—"Glamorous Night." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Doulat". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Capt. Kirtikumar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sadhvi Mirabai" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"The Thief of Bagdad". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Premveer". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Khan Bahadur". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Dreaming Lips". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Gangavataran". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Bir of Paradise" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
REGAL—"Robber Barons". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Savitri". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Between Two Women". Daily at usual time.
WEST END—"Anath Ashram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

LONG LIFE GANDHIJI

Mr. Purshottam Kanji Secretary, A. I. S. A. Bombay Branch writes:—

The best method of focussing public opinion on the intensity of any particular problem is by organising a particular week, for the spreading of a certain propaganda.

We have thus Baby Weeks, Health Weeks, Prohibition Weeks etc.

That does not, however, mean that the observance of those rules is restricted to that particular period alone. It is only meant to emphasise a particular view point.

To-day is the birth day of Gandhiji. Even if you are a habitual wearer of Khaddar, you must make some purchase of Khadi 'to-day'

HIND MAHILA SAMAJ GANDHI JAYANTI

Distribution of sweets to Harijan Colony Anneslay Road, opposite Lamington Road, under the Presidency of Shrimati Godubai Gokhale on Friday at 7 p.m.

BHAGINI SAMAJ AND GANDHI JAYANTI

The Bhagini Samaj will celebrate the Gandhi Jayanti by holding an Exhibition of Khadi and Cottage Industries at the Bhagini Samaj Malvi Bal Mandir Mantri Building, Shriyut Purshottam Kanji Karsondas will open the Exhibition to-day (Friday), at 6 p.m. The Exhibition will be kept open on Saturday and Sunday from 4 to 8 p.m.

VIDYARTHI KHADI-DHARI MANDAL

Under the auspices of the above union, there shall be a sale of Khadi-Hundi on Sunday, the 3rd October, the last af of the "Gandhi Jayanti Week". Those, who are desirous of taking part, should come to the "Union's office" (Tanker Villa, Gowalia Tank Road).

ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME IN BHULESHWAR

1st October being the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi according to the Hindu calender a programme of an elumination of 69 'Kodias' arranged in letters 69 shall be lighted by Sjt. Jamnalal Bajaj at 7 p.m. at the corner of Princess Street opposite Popatwadi.

CITY FATHERS' ROUND IN 'A' WARD

If there will be no heavy rains the Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected Members of the "A" Ward tomorrow (Saturday), at 7 a.m. (B.T.) at the following place and go round with them in the Ward. Place of meeting:—Near Old Colaba Railway Station.

VANITA SAMAJ, DADAR

Under the auspices of the above Samaj Mr. S. K. Patil M. L. A. will deliver a lecture on Gandhi Jayanti today (Friday), at 3-30 p.m. in the Samaj Hall, Pinto Villa, Portuguese Church Street.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

A special meeting of the Schools Committee will be held at the Corporation Hall, to-day (Friday), at 4-30 p.m. (B.T.) to consider the Revised and Recast Budget of the School Fund for the year 1937-38.

TEACHERS' CONFERENCE AT VILE PARLE

The proposed conference will be held on the 10th instant at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.), instead of the 2nd as previously announced.

Smt. Hansaben Mehta is likely to preside.

SUBURBAN DIST. SCHOOL BOARD HELPS PROHIBITION PROPAGANDA

The Mulund Notified Area Committee has passed the following resolution on September 29.

"This Board requests the Chairman, School Board, to distribute to all school children through school teachers, such literature on Prohibition as may be prepared by Mr. Barfivala, President, District Local Board, B.S.D., and handed over to the Administrative Officer."

SOUTH INDIAN BAJANA SAMAJ

Brahmarsee T. S. Subba Iyer of Tiruchendur will give his final performance on Tiruppugal to-day (Friday), at 8-30 p.m.

MRS. HIRABAI BARODEKAR'S MUSICAL CONCERT

Mrs. Hirabai Barodekar will sing at Jinnah Hall to-day (Friday), at 9 p.m. Ticket of Annas four is fixed which includes admission into the Exhibition Tickets are available at Congress House.

Mr. and Mrs. Walchand Hirachand arrived in Bombay from Japan by the Italian Boat on Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Muthu, founder of the Thambaran Leper Assylum, sailed to England by the Italian boat "Conte Biancamano" on Wednesday.

PROF. V. G. RAO'S VISIT TO DEPRESSED CLASSES EDUCATION LEAGUE

Prof. V. G. Rao visited the Night School conducted at Chandanwadi by the Depressed Classes Education League. Mr. M. N. Talpade welcomed him. His service as the Municipal Corporator as an Educationist and as a Philanthropic citizen was well-known said Mr. Talpade. Prof. Rao in his speech expressed satisfaction at the cleanliness shown by the students of the Depressed Classes. He added if the students advanced in the matter of cleanliness and education, they will no more remain depressed but will be the advanced class. He appealed to all the parents to send more children to school and derive all the benefit they could.

Mr. Gangaram G. Bhatkude thanked all present.

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

To place before the workers the viewpoint of the Congress Socialist Party and to urge them to become members of the Congress, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday), at 5-30 p.m. at Naigam Chawls, under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party.

Mr. Purshottam Trikamdas will preside and Messrs. Asoka Mehta, S. B. Mahadeshwar, Varaskar and R. A. Mhatre will speak.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS DISCUSSION GROUP

The Foreign Affairs Discussion Group of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party will meet to-day (Friday), at the Party Office at 6-30 p.m. Mr. Asoka Mehta will speak on "The Mediterranean", to be followed by discussion.

ANDHERI LITERARY SOCIETY

Under the auspices of Andheri Literary Society, a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday), in the M.F. Cama Institute, Cama Road, at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) President: Dr. Eruch Tarapore-walla.

Speaker:—Saudamini G. Mehta.
Subject:—"My experiences in Europe"

GANDHI JAYANTI AT DHARAVI

Under the auspices of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. in the premises of Hindi School at Dharavi to celebrate "Gandhi Jayanti" when Mr. W. G. Kulkarni, Mr. B. N. Amberdekar, Mr. Ali Patel and others will address the meeting.

THE SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE, GHATKOPAR

Principal H. V. Hampton, I.E.S. will deliver the Term's closing address to the Institute at Ruia College, Hall No. 5, 1st Floor, Matunga at 5-30 p.m. today (Friday).

DR. BESANT'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION

Under the joint auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, Youth Lodge and the Muslim Students' Union a Public Meeting will be held at the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Friday), to celebrate the Birthday of Dr. Annie Besant. Mrs. Shuffi Tyabji has kindly consented to preside. There will be short speeches and music.

Government Of India Secretaries

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

The "Associated Press" understands that Mr. A. G. Clow, at present Secretary for Industries and Mr. H. Dow, Secretary for Commerce, will be the two secretaries in the new department of Commerce, Industries and Labour, which will come into being simultaneously with the Government of India Secretariat reopening in New Delhi. It has already been reported that Mr. S. N. Roy will be the Secretary of the newly created Department of Communications—A.P.

LOCAL BODIES REFORM

Circular To Collectors And Commissioners

A Circular Memorandum issued by the Government of Bombay to all Collectors and Commissioners of Divisions states:—

"Government think that the time has come when the whole question of the administration of the various local bodies in this Presidency should be brought under review with a view to ascertain whether it is not possible to make certain radical changes in the constitution of these bodies and their system of administration in order to remove the chief defects which hamper the progress of local self-government.

POINTS FOR REFORM.

Before Government resort to legislation for this purpose they wish to consider the views and recommendations of officials and non-officials on the whole subject generally and particularly on the following points:—

(1) Whether it is desirable to abolish the system of making nominations on local bodies, (2) Whether the system of joint electorates with reserved seats for minorities should be introduced in place of separate elections, (3) Whether the franchise should be widened and, if so, to what extent, (4) What steps should be taken to improve the finances of local bodies, (5) Whether there should be a regular cadre of chief officers and other important officers of local bodies such as health officers, engineers etc., (6) (a) What improvements can be effected in the administration of village panchayats, especially with regard to their judicial powers and duties, (b) Whether election to panchayats should be by ballot only, (c) Whether special officers should be appointed under section 95 (3) of the Village Panchayats Act, 1933, to supervise and control the system of existing panchayats and to establish and organise new panchayats in as many villages as possible.

REPORT BEFORE OCTOBER 15.

The Commissioners are requested to obtain the views of the Collectors, President of the Municipalities and District Local Boards and of prominent leaders of public opinion (who are conversant with these problems) including those of the minority communities' in their respective charges on the questions raised above and after collating these views in the form of a statement, to submit them to Government with their own comments and recommendations. The reports of the Commissioners should reach Government not later than the 15th October 1937.

STOCK EXCHANGE TO BE CLOSED ON SATURDAY

The Stock Exchange will be closed on Saturday the 2nd October 1937 owing to Mahatma Gandhi Jayanti.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

The monsoon is now pouring its last few showers and the hot season has already set on us, as could be judged by the number of people shifting to our popular suburban sea-side resorts.

Most of the suburban schools have closed down for their October vacation.

Further down the suburbs vast acres of paddy fields present a golden hue, a sight that is a treat to the human eye. The paddy crop is nearly ready and in a few days' time will be reaped and thrashed before it is sent to the granary.

The blessing of the paddy known as 'agara' is a grand feast which is celebrated by the Catholic farmers, each Church having its own celebration, after which the reaping is done.

This year, I understand, there is a quite good paddy crop, and the farmers are expected to reap a harvest that was not seen by them for many years gone by.

The monsoon in its departure has left many memories behind both good and bad.

One such memory was Wednesday's thunderbolt, which was gossiped by all the suburbanites, especially the women had quite an interesting subject to gossip about.

This was a thunderbolt that roared like a hundred cannons shot at the same time, shaking the whole of our suburban area.. oh! was it not frightful!—houses shook and I thought it was the beginning of an earthquake.

DANDA GREEN

Talking about the departure of the monsoon brings back to memory of our well-known suburban cricket pitch "Danda Green" where five cricket fixtures are played during the week-end.

This green, I understand, is municipal land and is meant as a public play-ground for the surrounding villages. But now the number of teams of these villages have increased and every Sunday a hot dispute is said to take place as to which team should play on the pitches.

The nature of these disputes at times threatens the peace of the cricketers and cricket fans and some means must be adopted to put a stop to this.

The municipality might see to this or get the teams of the surrounding places to form an association when the pitches could be systematically fixed for each team to play on.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

The Reverend R. P. S. Waddy, officiating Senior Presidency Chaplain, Bombay, is granted leave for five months.

The Reverend O. G. Lewis, now serving as Chaplain, Steamer Point, Aden, is granted six months' leave.

Mr. J. M. Sladen, has been allowed by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on average pay for seven days.

Mr. A. C. Amin, Advocate (O.S.), to officiate as Judge, Small Causes Court, Bombay, vice Mr. S. E. Kurwa, Bar-at-Law, proceeded on leave

Mr. I. K. Master, Bar-at-Law, to be a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge on probation, with effect from the 19th October 1937.

Mr. G. C. Ryan, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sholapur, is granted leave on half average pay for seven months and fifteen days with effect from the 22nd September 1937.

Mr. G. A. Shillidy, Inspector-General of Police, Bombay Presidency, is granted leave on average pay for four months followed by leave on half average pay for two months with effect from the 4th December 1937.

Mr. M. M. Hyamannavar, Resident Magistrate, First Class at Hubli in the Dharwar District, to perform the functions of a Magistrate.

Khan Saheb Isak Kadar Shaikh, Mahalkari of Peint and a Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Nasik, is invested, under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, with power, to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police investigation—section 167

Mr. R. S. Vyas, a Magistrate, First Class in Thana, is invested under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, with powers, to require security for good behaviour and power to try summarily.

Mr. P. K. Kute, Extra Joint Subordinate Judge, Hukeri, passed the Gujarati Higher Standard Examination held at Bombay on 13th September 1937.

Gandhi Jayanti & Khadi

The Secretary, Girgaon Khadi Shop writes:—

To-day is the auspicious day of Rentia-Baras-the birth-day of that great Saint according to Hindu date. Revered Mahatma Gandhiji enters his 69th birthday to-day Bhadarva Vad 12th S. Y. 1993.

On this auspicious day, let us obtain blessings of those helpless spinning women, by purchasing pure khadi, so dearer to Mahatmaji, thereby giving livelihood to those poor cottage residing spinners of India! 'Khadi Hundies can be exchanged at the Girgaon Khadi Shop.

To-day is the opportunity to buy Khadi at cheaper rates from lots put for sales at extremely reduced rates on this occasion of 69th Gandhi Jayanti. It is the duty of the public to encourage Khadi by purchasing same in sufficient quantity at this juncture, thereby helping the cause of Daridra Narayans and Harijan brothers.

Now, how will the public celebrate the remaining 2 days of Gandhi-Saptah?

(1) By purchasing Khadi Hundies issued by the A. I. S. A..

(2) By extending the use of Khadi to their every household requirement.

(3) By recommending their circle friends to buy Khadi.

The best way to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti is to do our utmost to popularise Khadi in every respects. We hope the general public will share their mite towards giving livelihood to the starving millions of India by purchasing their complete requirements in Khadi only during this Gandhi Jayanti

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

The Government of Bombay will re-assemble at Bombay on Friday, November 5.

GANDHI JAYANTI UTSAV

Programme Of To-day's Functions

Exhibition will be kept open 3 to 11 p.m.

Booking Office will be closed at 10-30 p.m.

Admission Tickets: One Anna for adults and Half Anna for children under 10 years.

SPECIAL DAY FOR LADIES

From 3 to 5 p.m. to-day (Friday), the Exhibition will be kept open for ladies only. From 5 p.m. the Exhibition will be opened for general admission. From 5 to 7 there will be an entertainment programme of Maharashtra Vijaya Mela which will be open only for ladies.

Bombay Ice Distributors Form Union

(From A Correspondent.)

A meeting of the Ice Distributors of the Bombay City and suburbs was held at Byculla on Monday last to form a Union of all such distributors numbering about a thousand on Trade Union basis

The meeting elected an executive committee and office bearers and authorized them to draft the constitution and rules and regulations of the Union.

Chemists' Institution For Bihar

The Institution of Chemists (India) started in 1927 in Calcutta, for the purpose of encouraging technical research and creating public opinion on matters of chemical importance in trade and standardisation, inaugurated on Sept. 26, its first branch in Bihar as the result of a request by all its Bihar members to form into such a branch.

Suffered Terrible CATARRH

KARSOTE brought INSTANT RELIEF

GONE IN 3 DAYS

Persistent catarrh poisons the system. It makes you feel ill, gives you headaches, and sometimes leads to even more serious complaints. The surest and speediest way to get rid of it is to use Karsote. Read this case—catarrh of long standing cured in three days :—

"I would like you to know that I have derived great relief from catarrh after using Karsote. For the past few months I have suffered terribly with headaches and a pain in my eyes which made me feel depressed. I purchased a bottle of Karsote, sprinkled ten drops on my handkerchief as directed, and on the pillow each night, and after the third day I was free from catarrh. Thanks to Karsote I feel a new man. I trust that my sincere appreciation of Karsote Inhalant will lead to many other sufferers from catarrh being cured."—H.W.

No matter how acute, no matter how chronic—Karsote will bring you the same swift relief from catarrh. You just put a few drops of Karsote on to a handkerchief and inhale the pleasant vapour. In a few minutes the head clears, nasal congestion is relieved. Very quickly your catarrh disappears altogether.

KARSOTE INHALANT

Obtainable from all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Wholesale Stockists :
Bombay : Cama, Norton & Co.
Karachi : Nusserwanjee & Co.

HISTORY'S MOST HEROIC DEED IMMORTALIZED BY THE GALLANT LOVERS OF "CAPTAIN BLOOD"!

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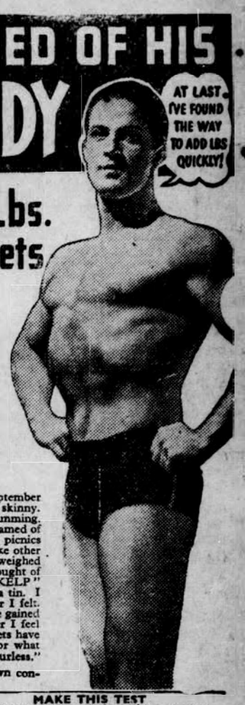
OLIVIA
De HAVILLAND
in
The CHARGE of the LIGHT BRIGADE

Filmed by Warner Bros. from Tennyson's Deathless Poem, with
PATRIC KNOWLES • HENRY STEPHENSON • NIGEL BRUCE
Donald Crisp • David Niven • Robert Barrat
Directed by Michael Curtiz

To-morrow — PATHE
Book early 'Phone 41561.

HE WAS ASHAMED OF HIS SKINNY BODY



...But He Gained 30 Lbs. Quickly on "Vikelp" Tablets ...Now Feels Fine!

Like Thousands of Others He Found the 12 Minerals + 6 Vitamins + Food Iodine in "VIKELP" Quickest Way Yet to Add Pounds, Build New Strength & Energy—*Without Drugs!*

Read his actual letter . . .

"Gentlemen: I had been skinny since childhood. Last September was my nineteenth birthday, so you see how long I have been skinny. Almost every Sunday kids in the neighbourhood would go swimming. I did not go with them. I suppose they knew why. I was ashamed of my skinny body. I was nervous too. Even when I went to picnics in the summer I was ashamed to have my sleeves rolled up like other fellows did. A few months ago I stepped on a pair of scales. I weighed about 8st. 8lbs. and me a young man going on twenty. I thought of the future—would I always be skinny? I had seen "VIKELP" Tablets advertised in the papers and magazines so I bought a tin. I was really amazed how much I gained and how much better I felt. I bought 4 more tins. Over two months have passed. I have gained more than thirty pounds. You don't know how mush better I feel and look and how thankful I am for what "VIKELP" Tablets have done for me, so I am going to thank "VIKELP" Tablets for what their sea minerals have done for me.—Yours truly L. P. Curlea."

99 times out of 100 these dangerous underweight, rundown conditions are caused by lack of sufficient Minerals, Vitamins and Food Iodine in the system. "VIKELP" made from an amazing Pacific Ocean plant, not only contains all the 6 vitally important Vitamins, A, B_1, B_2, G, D and E, but is the world's richest source of all the 12 essential life-giving Minerals (iron, copper, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, sulphur, potassium, manganese, etc.) and Food Iodine. With these precious elements you quickly normalise your glands, build rich red blood, new energy, strength and add pounds of firm flesh.

SPECIAL FREE OFFER!

Write today for fascinating instructive 80-page book on How to Add Weight Quickly, Build Strength, Energy Strong Nerves and Rich Red Blood. Mineral contents of Food and their effects on human body. New facts about MINERALS, IODINE and VITAMINS. Standard weight and measurement charts. Daily menus for weight building, absolutely free. Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., 101b, Contractor Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

MAKE THIS TEST

Even if you are skinny, weak, rundown, nervous can't sleep and if even the best foods fail to build up your weight, strength and energy, try "Vikelp" Tablets for 10 days. You will feel better, sleep better, eat better, have stronger nerves and add at least 5 lbs. of good solid flesh the first 10 days. Your own doctor will approve this way. "Vikelp" costs but little. Obtainable everywhere!

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1937

NATIONAL HEALTH

The annual report of the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India is one of the most important all-India official documents as it deals with a question which is literally one of life and death. It is packed full with facts and figures about health conditions in the country and as such is most serviceable to all those interested in national health, the foundation of every kind of national progress. The Report for the year 1935, which is just published is a volume of 276 pages and contains about a dozen valuable charts and maps illustrating health conditions in the different parts of the country. It is priced at Rs. 4-4 as., which is too high a price for an average educated Indian. If it is not possible to bring down the price considerably, it is necessary to publish at a low price, a handy summary containing essential facts and figures, particularly those that are necessary for popular health propaganda.

High Mortality Rate

The report for 1935 reminds us of the sad fact that the problem of national health is still far from being solved to any appreciable extent. In guarded terms it only assures us that the year was "less unhealthy than usual." Our death rate is still the highest among civilised countries, except Egypt, where the rate is 27 per thousand, against 24 in British India and 12 in England and Wales. and in respect of infant mortality India is the worst sinner, with a death rate of 164 per 1,000 births, as against 57 in England and Wales. Neither the people nor the Government can escape the responsibility for this largely preventable loss of life. Nearly as preventable is the loss on account of epidemics like cholera and small-pox. But mortality from both these diseases continues to be frightfully high, and in the year under review it showed an increase of 24,000 deaths. Cholera carried off 217,162 lives as against 199,708 in 1934, the corresponding figures for small-pox being 91,000 and 84,000. The ravages of cholera have been terrible for years past. The mortality from it has steadily increased since 1932 and it is no solace to be told that the havoc wrought in the previous quinquennium was still more terrible, being about 15,00,000. Similar figures for small-pox for the past ten years have not been given, an unjustifiable omission. Presumably the figures are frightfully high. Turning to other diseases, the Report says: "Large as these major epidemic figures are it must be remembered that there are other diseases which cause much greater havoc, although that is of a less dramatic nature. The most important of these is, of course, malaria. It has been estimated that deaths from malaria during 1935 amounted to 1,680,000." The most distressing feature of the abnormally high mortality disclosed by these figures is that it is largely preventable.

Poverty—The Root Cause

The most important question is how to combat this high but preventable mortality. That medical relief is necessary on a much wider scale, especially in rural areas, is obvious. But what is far more efficacious is preventive action. A plentiful supply of pure water is bound to reduce the ravages of cholera considerably. Wider spread of vaccination, with due precautions, must combat small-pox, though better sanitary conditions can prevent this and many other epidemics. But there is another important but generally little noticed point about preventive campaign. Referring to this the Report rightly observes: "Abundant supplies of quinine and the multiplication of tuberculosis hospitals, sanatoria, leprosy colonies and maternity and child welfare centres are no doubt desirable, if not essential, but none of these go to the root of the matter. The first essentials for the prevention of disease are a higher standard of health, a better physique and a greater power of resistance to infection. These can only be attained if the food of the people is such as will give all the physiological and nutritional requirements of the human frame." This is profoundly true so far as it goes. But the Report does not go far enough. It is right in recommending educative propaganda about nutrition. But the chief want of millions of Indians is not that of scientific knowledge of the ingredients of food stuffs. It is rather that of the wherewith to buy any tolerably good food. It is true that where a villager has to live only one meal a day, that meal needs to be properly balanced. But, after all, one meal can do but little in preventing malnutrition. Health weeks are excellent propaganda. But lectures on vitaminology are no substitute for the second meal.

Japanese "Indignation"

In the face of the positive testimony, such as that of the British steamer "Kaying," to the deliberate and most inhuman slaughter of inoffensive Chinese fishermen by a Japanese destroyer, the world will refuse to treat with any respect the denial of the Japanese Foreign Office that Japanese troops have not been attacking any non-combatants in the present campaign. The world has seen too many instances of Japanese frightfulness in China during the past several years to swallow the cock-and-bull stories emanating from Japanese diplomatic sources however high. It is stated that the "utmost indignation" prevails throughout Japan at the League Assembly's action condemning Japanese bombing. If that be a fact, it is time that the Japanese masses, who have been completely hoodwinked by the military junta, were made to realise that the world has quite different ethical standards than those that have been set before them by their masters. The world will continue to castigate the ruling caste in Japan till they give up the ways of highwaymen and pirates in international dealings. They will do so only under pressure of a world-wide economic boycott of their country's goods. In this connection we are glad the Congress President has lost no time in appealing to the public to boycott Japanese goods. We trust his appeal will have a wide and immediate response.

A Welcome Reform

The United Provinces Legislative Assembly has practically put the final nail in the coffin of the rule, embodied in the Government of India Act, governing the languages in which speeches in provincial legislatures can be made. This rule makes the use of English language obligatory on all members who are "sufficiently acquainted" with it and permits the use of Indian languages only when any member is not so acquainted with it. This provision is calculated to give undue importance to English. When, in provinces like U.P and Bihar, Hindustani is the mother-tongue of the vast majority of the population, there is no earthly meaning in the members using a foreign tongue to express their ideas in preference to the mother-tongue. But the rule, as it stands in the Government of India Act, prevents the use of the mother-tongue by persons conversant with English. The U.P. Legislative Assembly has now successfully nullified this objectionable rule by adopting a resolution empowering the speaker "to require or permit any member who is sufficiently acquainted with English to address the Assembly in Hindustani"—which means that members who may be quite proficient in English will henceforth be free to speak in Hindustani if they so wish. This is as it should be. It is to be hoped steps will be taken in all other provinces to secure full freedom to members to speak in their mother-tongues.

DR. ANNIE BESANT

A Raja Yogi In The Strictest Sense

(BY AN INDIAN THEOSOPHIST.)

Dr. Annie Besant was born on 1st October, 1847, i.e. 90 years ago this day. She passed away from this world on September 20, 1933. She lived for full 86 years. Her real life—one may call it second birth—can be said to have begun when she first met Madame Helena Petrovna Blavatsky, Founder of the Theosophical Society in 1889. Till then she was a Free Thinker working with Charles Bradlaugh. The conversion happened thus; H. P. Blavatsky gave her the two volumes of Secret Doctrine for review. A perusal of these two masterpieces on occultism enabled her to have a glimpse of the Great Law and Its Course. Her erstwhile inner struggle which had cost her her family and friends came to an end and she realised the mission she had to fulfil. She joined the Theosophical Society on 22nd May 1889 and was thenceforward drawn irressistably to India. She first set her foot on this sacred land on 16th November 1893 and thereafter for full forty years gave her all to India, living a dedicated life, working in different spheres without rest and without consideration of health or money, always touring, writing and speaking as few have done. She has planted many a lamp-post on the Path she has tread and has enriched humanity by her vast experience. It is for the pilgrims to search out these lamp-posts and make them shed light to make smooth their way.

A True Raja Yogi

One thing stands out prominently in her life: She was a Raja Yogi in the strictest sense. If by Raja Yogi we mean one who knows how to develop and direct nature's finer forces within oneself and outside in furthering the evolution of humanity, she was an adept at that.

In one respect she was greater than the Raja Yogis of old. In ancient days Raja Yogis confined themselves to their Ashrams and gave instructions in spiritual science to those who sought it. A great portion of humanity was, probably, at that time in childhood stage. It is now passing through the stage of youth (hence somewhat reckless and boisterous) when knowledge has to be brought to its doors to tone it down. Dr. Besant acquired that knowledge but was not satisfied with mere acquisition. She applied this knowledge to different problems and in different countries. There is not a subject on which she has not thrown new light. She founded several new movements and directed them, which for a time galvanised the whole world into new life. In short her whole life was one of Yoga in Action.

An Evolutionist

This knowledge of Yoga she applied to India and her problems with great cars. The day she arrived in India she could have taken up political work easily, for besides possessing many great qualities she was a great orator and a powerful writer too. But, No. She studied India's condition well, her soul, her intellect and her emotions and planned her work accordingly. For full quarter of a century, till she started the Home Rule movement, she worked hard for India's social, religious and educational regeneration. She believed in REVOLUTION IN EVOLUTION.

Lastly, though not the least, she carried the knowledge of Yoga still further and applied it to the evolution of humanity as a whole. She saw in the unity of Great Britain and India the future peace and prosperity of the human race and she directed all her Theosophical activities for many years that way. She also firmly believed that India the home of spirituality could show to the world the way to unfold the "Christ" principle in man which she (India) has already begun doing on a humble scale.

"An eminent historian of civilisations has expressed a belief that each civilisation at its peak is faced with a challenge to make a leap forward, a problem, arising from its growth, which demands solution." ("Manchester Guardian," 3-9-1937)

Bridge The Gulf

India is now on the threshold of a new era in her history. She is struggling to take a big leap forward but there are two wide chasms staring at her, one is the lack of proper understanding between Hindus and Muslims and the other of mutual trust between India and Great Britain. Theosophists in particular and Indians in general can do no greater homage to the revered memory of the late Dr. Annie Besant that by striving wholeheartedly to bridge these two great gulfs, thereby enabling India to take her rightful place in the comity of nations as the spiritual teacher and guide of humanity.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Meeting Of Dictators

From Our Own Correspondent

PRAGUE, Sept. 24.

(By Air Mail).

At the Nuremberg Nazi Congress of this year the German Chancellor Hitler put forward in more definite terms the claim for colonies. The conventional arguments were advanced: pressure of population and difficulties in regard to raw products. Critics stress these reasons as being flimsy, since in the period that Germany had colonies the number of her inhabitants that settled in the colonies represented a negligible number and German trade with those colonies was an extremely small fraction of her total foreign trade.

There is obviously no denying that the German demand is influenced keenly by considerations of prestige calculations of gaining posts of strategical value, and interests of finding an outlet for forces and that it is bound up with an internal strain precipitated by the close concentration on armament expansion. The increase of urge of the last mentioned factor, which is nearly allied with the first, is greatly responsible for Hitler assuming a more definite tone in regard to the colonial claim. Certain circles are disposed to regard the colonial demand as representing a move for adding pressure on Britain, to give a freer hand to Germany in relation to Eastern Europe. While in Britain there is an inclination in certain quarters to give Germany a freer hand in Eastern Europe, there is also a critical attitude to it which would watch the developments in the Far East.

Strategical Considerations

And among good many of those in Britain who are inclined to take an elastic view of the German stand in relation to Eastern Europe, there is a marked antagonism to the German colonial demand, keenly linked as well with strategical considerations as indicated in the publication "The British Colonial Empire and the German Claim" brought out a short while back by the Empire Economic Union in London. In the discussions on the colonial issue the terms "haves' and 'have-nots' are vaguely employed, taken much as cliches from sources pressing the claim for colonies. Such employment or acceptance implies an abandonment of care or attention to the fact that fundamentally thereby a recognition is given to the idea of imperialism or foreign domination and a wrong done to the real "have-nots," that is, lands deprived of their independence.

The path to progressive development is then, in the direction of a liquidation of the imperialist system, the nature of which might vary according to circumstances and not in that of new divisions that will give a fresh force to the idea of imperialism. In Europe, Italy while inclined to lend encouragement for German colonial aims, partly for diplomatic considerations and partly since such aims touch Italy less directly, is at the same time more alert to the extension of the German hold in the Danubian area and South-Eastern Europe, as it is an historic fact that with a Great Power holding a dominant position in South-Eastern Europe, Italy cannot enter on an active Mediterranean policy. Further, in South-Eastern Europe stand the two systems of the Little Entente and the Balkan Union.

In regard to North-Eastern Europe, the Polish problem is being closely studied. The Russian position also in ways represents an improvement, though in Berlin there are speculations regarding the check which Russia has suffered through certain internal developments. All these factors suggest the continuation of a condition of tension in Europe. The stressing newly of the colonial claim by Germany is a sign and symptom of this though not offering a solution to it.

Mussolini's Visit To Hitler

Estimates about the political significance of Mussolini's visit to Hitler at the moment indicate a restraint, strengthened by the discussions that took place two days back in Geneva between the Italian representative and the French Foreign Minister. It was considered that Hitler would bring up for discussion much to the front, on the occasion of Mussolini's visit to him, the Danubian and South-Eastern European issues. Towards these, Italian attitude is critical as against Germany, despite an advance in understanding between Rome and Berlin which has been manifested of late. Mussolini apparently would like to avoid a pressure from Berlin relating to these though he might keep an attitude suggestive of support over Germany's colonial claim and certain other issues. He is also alert to the anxiety felt in Berlin for an understanding with Britain. It remains to be seen whether Mussolini would be able to retain the course of understanding with Germany. The end of next week will give better scope for more definite formulation of the results of the visit.

Funeral Of Masaryk

The funeral of Masaryk held two days back in Prague manifested his great popularity and hold. Overnight the capital of Czechoslovakia, a city with a population round a million turned into one with over two millions, people from all parts of the country turning up to pay their last tribute to the first President and since his retirement, eighteen months back, reverentially referred to by his people as "President Liberator." Masaryk's funeral ceremony was a manifestation not only of his great popularity and the deep and wide affection with which he was held, but at the same time also of the stability and assertion of the popular democratic basis on which he developed the State. It presented a participation of millions without pomp or pressure such as has been associated with several of the dictatorial regimes. The presence of the Premiers of Jugoslavia and Roumania as heads of special delegations from their lands recorded a solidarity of the Little Entente.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRITAIN'S DEVIOUS DIPLOMACY

Instead of giving a courageous moral lead to other nations Great Britain is pursuing at Geneve a most devious and unedifying course which is calculated to make the victims of Fascist and Japanese aggression bitterly rue the day when they put faith in the professions of British politicians about the sanctities of treaties and freedom of nations, small and big. Both Spain and China have directly invoked the League to intervene, after citing the provisions of the League Covenant which have been flagrantly violated by Italy and Japan. Instead of suggesting a prompt response to the appeals and thereby ensuring respect for the League, the British spokesman practically suggests shelving of those appeals, and comes forward with an offer of mediation between Japan and China, on the one hand, and a sop to Italy to buy off its opposition to non-intervention in Spain, on the other. Tactics of this nature are calculated more to whet the appetite of the aggressors than to lessen the sufferings of their victims

AMEND THE SARDA ACT

The conference of forty-two women's institutions in the city held on Wednesday to support the Bill to amend the Sarda Act, introduced by Mr. B. Das in the Central Assembly, can give one but a faint idea of the short-comings of the Act and the urgent need for a radical change therein. Mr. S. S. Patkar, specially invited by the conference to address it, lucidly explained those shortcomings and showed that the Sarda Act was in practice a dead letter and grievously shattered the hopes raised by it. The Assembly and the Government should have no hesitation to accept the principle of Mr. Das's Bill and improve it by adding the clause, suggested by the women's conference, that offences against the Sarda Act committed by British Indian subjects even outside the limits of British India should be punishable in the same way as other offences under the Indian Penal Code.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE TALKS

Contradictory reports have recently appeared in the Press about the progress of Indo-British trade talks, but the Commerce Member's blank refusal to throw any light on the negotiations and the report that Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and Messrs G. D. Birla and Kasturbhai Lalbhai are definitely returning to India very soon confirm the general impression that some deadlock has arisen in the talks. In these circumstances the Indian Trade Commissioner's assurance that the negotiations are proceeding normally can be accepted only with many reservations. It appears from our own London correspondent's report that the Indian Advisers have refused to compromise Indian interests and this has somewhat upset British plans. In answer to a question in the Assembly by Mr. S. Satyamurthi the Commerce Member said that Government had not come to any conclusion whether they would consult or abstain from consulting the Assembly. It will certainly not help Government to ignore the Assembly in this matter.

A CONTRAST

The Commerce Secretary to the Government of India, who complacently pointed to the "Dufferin" Training Ship as concrete evidence of the solicitude of the Government for the progress of Indian shipping may well note what measures are being adopted in Great Britain to train not only boys but even girls for marine service. Three hundred girls hailing from all parts of the British Isles and comprising clerks, shop assistants, students, domestic servants, typists and telephonists, aged 16 years and above, are undergoing a training course at sea at Portsmouth for British Sea Rangers, the feminine counterpart of Sea Scouts. Two ships, the "Implacable" and the "Fondrovant," have been placed at their disposal. Every one of the 300 girls taking part in the course is required to earn an A 1 medical certificate and to swim fifty yards. They will sleep in hammocks, be submitted to regular ship's discipline, and learn such crafts as sail-making and rope knotting and splicing, as well as getting practice in rowing and sailing. The cooking will be done by marines, but the rest of the work will be carried out by the girls, who will clear and hoist boats, scrub decks, and keep watches. Instructions will be given every morning until eleven o'clock, when the order 'Pipe hands to bathe' will be issued." Compare the easy facilities thus provided to British girls to get themselves trained as sailors, with the prohibitively costly course of the "Dufferin."

Educational Reconstruction

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I would offer the following suggestions for educational reform in the Presidency:

If vernaculars be adopted as the media of instruction, much of the useless time spent by the boys will be saved. The whole pre-collegiate course therefore, must be covered in nine years, instead of eleven years as it is at present. Standards I to III will form the primary stage, IV to VI the lower secondary stage and VI to IX the higher Secondary stage.

The subjects to be taught in these stages may roughly be these:—The Primary stage: Vernacular, Arithmetic, History (of the province and of India) Geography (of the province and of India), drawing, music and some useful handicraft (History and Geography of India to be in bare outlines)

The Lower Secondary Stage:—Add to the above-mentioned the following: Hindi, English, History of England (elementary) civics (elementary) and the rudiments of Algebra Geometry Physics Chemistry and a Classical or foreign language (care should be taken to lay down a simplified course in all these)

The Higher Secondary Stage:—(a) The Compulsory Group:—Vernacular, English, Hindi, Civics History of India Arithmetic.

(b) Optional Group:—Any of the following four groups:— (1) Mathematics and Science (2) Languages and History Geography (3) Fine Arts: Music, Drawing, Painting, Carving, etc. (4) Some allied technical manual handicrafts

Throughout the secondary stage, technical instruction is to proceed side by side graded, planned and co-ordinated with technical institutions as outlined before

Throughout all the three stages, physical instruction is also to proceed both in theory and practice, the former comprising the rudimentary knowledge of Physiology, Hygiene, First Aid, and House-hold treatment of ordinary ailments.—Yours, etc.,

A. K. MUZUMDAR

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The latest Anglo-French Note regarding the withdrawal of volunteers in Spain, says Reuter, "will be an outspoken document."

In that case it will not be an Anglo-French Note!

* * *

According to the Naval Patrol scheme, in the eastern Mediterranean the three navies—British, French and Italian—"will co-operate closely."

Close enough to be within torpedo range of each other?

* * *

It is the whole-time job of the British, says Mr. Syud Hossain, to play the Hindus against the Mussalmans.

Communalists, meanwhile, try to facilitate the process by helping in an honorary capacity.

* * *

The minorities in India, said Mr. Hossain, were suffering from a "fear complex."

If he wishes to see aggressive manifestation of this complex he should attend the forthcoming session of the Muslim League.

And, then, he should attend the Hindu Mahasabha to see how even some avowed champions of the majority, too, suffer from the same complex

* * *

India to-day according to Mr. Hossain, is still in the middle ages.

Even that, we believe, is too flattering a compliment to the views and notions of many of our "Moderate" and "Conservative" politicians.

* * *

Signor Gayda, Il Duce's mouthpiece, says that "Italy and Germany will offer *definite resistance* to the creation of a second Moscow in Madrid or Barcelona." (Our italics).

This is interpreted in Britain, we believe, as a moral vindication of the Non-intervention policy!

* * *

The Congress President and the Congress were severely criticised at a meeting of the "Democratic Swaraj Party" held in Poona.

President Jawaharlal, on his behalf and on behalf of the Congress, should thank the Democratic Swarajists for such clear vindication of the Congress policy.

* * *

In particular, they condemned Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's attitude towards the Hindu Mahasabha.

Are we allowed to draw inferences as to the possible affinity between the Democratic Swaraj Party and the Mahasabha?

* * *

Maulana Zafar Ali Khan speaking at Calcutta, asked Muslims not to join "any non-religious groups, such as the Congress, whose President had declared himself a follower of no religion."

Would he, then, prefer them to join a religious group like the Hindu Mahasabha whose President never forgets to proclaim his religious associations?

* * *

The status of the journalist in Nazi Germany has been defined as that of "a public servant standing under State protection."

"State protection," of course, impiles periodical visits to concentration camps and similar other privileges!

* * *

From the U. S. A. comes the news that American women possess and control seventy per cent of private wealth.

And now we suppose they must be busy investigating where and how their husbands have been hiding the remaining 30 per cent.

* * *

"Lack of Ability Hidden By Moustache," runs a headline.

No insult intended, we hope, to Hitler.

* * *

'While I was out with some of the fellows the other night, a burglar broke into the house.'

'Did he get anything?'

'I'll say he did—my wife thought it was me coming home..

INDO-BRITISH TRADE NEGOTIATIONS

Speaker Rules Adjournment Motion Out Of Order In Central Assembly

NEW CLAUSES ADDED TO INSURANCE BILL

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

After question time the President informed the House of the receipt of an adjournment motion from Mr. Satyamurti regarding the refusal of the Government to give an undertaking that they would abide by the verdict or even consult the Assembly before coming to any decisions regarding the Indo-British trade negotiations at present carried on in London.

Sir Sultan Ahmed argued that the motion was not urgent as the subject matter had been before the House in the form of a question and answer for the last one year and there was even a resolution. Whether it reached or not was not his concern. He maintained that the matter was not urgent.

ALARMING RUMOURS.

Mr. Satyamurti urged that the matter became urgent when the Commerce Member had stated yesterday that the Government had not made up their mind whether to consult the House or to abstain from doing so. Recently there had been alarming rumours of a breakdown in the Indo-British trade negotiations and in view of the rapid closing down of the session and the inconclusive nature of the negotiations which were dragging on in a protracted manner, and in view of the fact that the Assembly might not meet till the end of January next, the matter was most urgent.

MOTION RULED OUT.

The President, Sir Abdur Rahim, ruled the motion out of order as the question had been before the House in some form or other since September last year, and all that had happened yesterday was a reiteration by the Commerce Member that Government had not come to any conclusion whether to consult the House or not. Furthermore, constitutionally, they were not necessarily bound to consult the House.

INSURANCE BILL DEBATE

Clause 86 relating to the definition of a Mutual Insurance Company and Co-operative Insurance Society which stood over from yesterday was passed to-day with the proviso moved by Mr Thirumalrao that Co-operative Life Insurance Societies in existence at the commencement of this Act, shall be allowed a period of one year to comply with the provisions of the Act

The house agreed to the addition among miscellaneous provisions of a New Clause 97 (A) laying down that except where it is instituted by the Superintendent of Insurance, no proceedings under this Act against an insurer or any director, manager or other officer of an insurer shall be instituted by any person unless he has obtained the previous sanction of the Advocate-General of the Province, where the principal place of business in British India of such an insurer is situated.

QUICK BUSINESS.

The House transacted quick business after lunch and disposed of upto Clause 102. On the motion of Mr. Ananthasayanam Iyengar, the following new Clause 100 (A) was added: "Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, an insurer carrying on business in life insurance shall be at liberty to declare an interim bonus or bonuses to policy holders, whose policies mature for payment by reason of death or otherwise during the inter valuation period on the recommendation of investigating actuary made at the last preceding valuation."

The House passed another amendment of Mr Ananthasayanam Iyengar to Clause 101, providing that rule or rules made by the Governor-General-in-Council shall have the force of Law unless the same are previously laid on the table of both the Houses of the Indian Legislature for the period of a month for modification in such a manner as it may think

PROTECTIVE MEASURE.

Mr. Satyamurthi supported by Mr. Jafarali, said that Government had ample time between now and the Delhi session when the House could come back from the Secretary of State to frame these rules and place them before the House.

Mr. Susil Sen moved the addition of a new Clause to be inserted after Clause 102 namely, that the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette exempt any insurer constituted, incorporated or domiciled in an Indian State from the provisions of Section 6, relating to deposits, provisions of Sub-Section (1) of Section 26, relating to keeping of assets in British India, either absolutely or subject to such conditions or modifications as may be specified in the notification. He said that this provision was essential to protect British Indian Companies doing business in Indian States.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Iyengar urged that Government should take care that companies were not started in Indian States with a view to evading the Insurance Law in British India.

Mr. Sen's amendment was passed

NEW CLAUSES.

Sir N. N. Sircar having agreed that Clause 103 delegated too wide powers to officers in Provincial Governments, the House accepted Mr. L. K. Maitra's amendment deleting the following Clause: "The Superintendent of Insurance may delegate all or any of his powers and functions under Part Three to an officer appointed by the Central Government to exercise in a province powers and functions of the Superintendent of Insurance in relation to Provident Societies."

At the suggestion of Mr. S. C. Sen and Mr. B. Das respectively, the House agreed to the insertion of the following new Clauses: "Nothing in this Act shall affect the liability of an insurer being a company to comply with the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 in matters not otherwise specifically provided by this Act. Nothing in this Act shall apply to any Trade Union registered under the Indian Trade Unions Act, 1926." 'Each insurer registered under this Act shall deposit and keep deposited with the Superintendent of Insurance copies of all forms of policy and contracts issued by him in India."

GOVT. PROPERTY AND INSURANCE.

Mr. S. Satyamurti withdrew his amendment seeking to lay down that all Central and Provincial Governments, public bodies, etc. should insure with Indian insurers on Sir N. N. Sircar's informing him that the Central Government did not insure its property and that local Governments were always at liberty to insure wherever they liked. Mr. Satyamurti next moved that all protected, and subsidised industries should place every class of insurance business, other than life, under Indian insurer.

Sir N. N. Sircar opposed it on the ground that the Bill was not even remotely connected with the protection of industries.

The President promised to give his ruling to-morrow, till when the House adjourned.—A.P.

Assembly Questions

Why Ban Tri-Colour In Cantonments?

No Prohibitory Orders Issued By Defence Dept, Says Col. Ogilvie

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, Sept. 30

Col. Parsons Foreign Secretary stated in the Assembly to-day replying to Mr. Mohanlal Saksena that the only further information available regarding Indians in Shanghai is that the Government of India have requested the Bengal Government to receive Indian subjects who were recently evacuated from the fighting area in Shanghai, feed them and where necessary give them advances for their journeys home.

Mr. Badridatt Pande asked whether the Defence Secretary was prepared to consider the desirability of issuing specific instructions to Cantonment officers asking them not to interfere with the holding of constitutional (election and political) meeting and flying of National Flags within the Cantonment areas.

Col. Ogilvie replied, that the matter was under consideration.

Question: Is it a fact that the Defence Department instructed the local Cantonment authorities to prohibit flying national flags within the Cantonment areas? If so, why? If not, what is the attitude of the Government in this respect?

Answer: "I presume the Hon. Member is referring to the Flag of the Congress Party not to Union Jack The Defence Department have issued no such instructions.

REPATRIATION AND GOVT.'S LIMITATION

Home Secretary's Reply To Satyamurti

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

Replying to a question the Home Secretary informed Mr. Satyamurti that 72 prisoners, 34 of whom were convicted in Bengal, seven in Madras, 16 in Bihar, six in the Punjab, six in Assam, two in Delhi and one in Ajmer Merwara, had so far been repatriated from the Andamans. The question of their release was not one in which the Government of India had any right to interfere, except in case of the prisoners convicted in centrally-administered areas. There was no intention of remitting the sentences of the latter.

The Foreign Secretary told Mr. Mohanlal Saxena that with reference to the Indian subjects, who were being evacuated from the fighting area in Shanghai, the Government of India had requested the Bengal Government to receive them, feed them and wherever necessary, give them advances for their homeward journey.—United Press.

General Tsaing Pa' Lie of the Chinese Military Transport and member of the Supreme Military Commission of China, who passed through Bombay on Wednesday by Italian boat. He is on a tour of Europe.

BOYCOTT OF CLOVES

Bombay Urges Bengal Congress To Watch Consignment

CALCUTTA, Sept. 30

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee have received a wire to-day from the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee informing them that 400 bales of cloves have been shipped from Zanzibar in steamer "Talkaiwal", the destination of which is Humburg in Germany. There is every likelihood of the cargo being transhipped at Calcutta.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee request the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee to keep a watch on the ship and wire developments.

In pursuance of this request the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee have sent some of their workers to keep an eye on the ship when it arrives here.—United Press.

TOWARDS UNIFORM LABOUR POLICY

Congress Ministers To Confer At Calcutta During A. I. C. C. Meeting

CALCUTTA, Sept. 30.

During the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C. a Labour Conference will be held in Calcutta in which all Ministers in charge of Labour, belonging to the Congress Provinces, will participate.

The object of the Conference is to arrive at a solution of the problem relating to Labour with which India is faced to-day.—United Press.

"SOLFO" WINS JOCKEY CLUB STAKES

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Sept. 30.

The Jockey Club Stakes run at New Market over a distance of one mile and six furlongs resulted as follows:—

SOLFO (Lowrey) 1
FLARES (Jones) 2
FAIRCOPY (Perryman) . . . 3

Six ran. Won by neck. Head separated second and third.

Winner was trained by Basil Jarvis.

Starting prices:—9|1 Solfo, 5|1 Flares, 7|4 Faircopy.

English Women's Golf

St. ENODOC, Sept. 30.

To-day's semi-finals of the English Womens Golf Championship were played in strong wind. Wanda Morgan (holder) meets Madeleine Fyshe, former Warwickshire Champion, in the 36 holes final to-morrow.

To-day playing was below form. Morgan beat Mrs. Alan Hartley of Cheshire 3-1 and Fyshe beat Brenda Norris, the 21-year-old Sussex Champion, 2-1.

BOMBAY FLYING CLUB MEMBERS LEAVE BUSHIRE

BUSHIRE Sept. 30.

The members of the Bombay Flying Club arrived here last evening and left this morning for India via Lingah and Jask.—Reuter.

2 LONDON JOURNALS TO COMBINE

LONDON Sept. 29

The "Morning Post" is announcing to-morrow that from October 1, the "Morning Post" will be amalgamated with the "Daily Telegraph" and a combined paper will be published under the title "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post" and will be under the control of Lord Camrose.—Reuter.

Prohibition In Action

Madras Premier To Inaugurate It At Salem

MADRAS, Sept. 30.

The Premier, accompanied by the Excise Minister and the Minister for Public Information, is leaving for Salem to-night on a ten days' tour in connection with the inauguration of Prohibition.—A. P

Police Decree Dissolves Evangelical Seminaries

BERLIN, Sept. 30.

The spiritual life of the opposition Evangelical Churches is largely paralysed by a decree of Herr Himmler, Chief of the secret Police dissolving the Church's Theological Seminaries and forbidding examinations of students.—Reuter.

RETRENCHMENT IN N. W. F. P. ASSEMBLY

ABBOTTABAD, Sept. 30.

In the Frontier Assembly today the Finance Minister, the Hon'ble Mr. Bhanju Ram, said that Government were considering the question of retrenchment. If steps taken did not result in a substantial saving compatible with efficiency of administration, the appointment of a Committee to consider retrenchment schemes would be considered.

The Premier, the Hon. Dr. Khan Sahib, intimated that 70 prisoners had been transported for life into the Andamans from the Frontier, adding that only those actually volunteering were sent.

The Assembly adjourned 'sine die.'—A.P.

MADRAS MORATORIUM BILL

Postponed For A Few Weeks

MADRAS, Sept. 30.

Contrary to expectations, the Agriculturist Moratorium Bill, though included in the agenda, was not introduced in the Madras Assembly to-day. On the other hand, the Premier made a statement that it had been postponed for a few weeks in order to overcome certain legal and drafting difficulties.

The Bill which was published a few days ago at the instance of Government, the Premier said, had attracted much public attention, evoking good support. The very character and aim of the proposals, he realised, needed speedy action, and he hoped to get over the difficulties and introduce the Bill soon. If however, there was any sort of harassment on the part of creditors on debtors during the interval, the Premier warned that Government would not hesitate to take prompt action to save ryots in debt.—A.P.

CRAIK FOR PUNJAB GOVERNORSHIP

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

Lobby reports show, Sir Harry Haig Governor of the United Provinces proceeds on four months' leave shortly.

I understand, Sir Henry Craik, Home Member, Government of India will act as the Governor of United Provinces during the absence of Sir Harry Haig after which Sir Henry Craik will succeed Sir Herbert Emerson as the Governor of the Punjab in summer next year.

U. P. UPPER HOUSE ASSERTS ITSELF

Entertainment Bill Postponed

LUCKNOW, Sept. 30.

The Legislative Council refused permission this morning to the Government to move the consideration of the U. P. Entertainment and Betting Tax Bill passed by the Assembly on September 28, and laid before the Council on the 29th afternoon, in view of the shortness of time.

On the question of postponement, Dr. Katju, the Minister for Justice, raised a point of order that the Upper House had no power to postpone the consideration of a Bill coming from the Lower House. The House could only refer a Bill to a Select Committee but that stage too had been gone through by the Assembly. The President giving a provisional ruling gave the benefit of doubt to the opposition and held that the motion for postponement was in order. The Bill will be considered after the Dussehra holidays.

It is understood that subject to this ruling other Bills coming to the Council will also be postponed.—A.P.

Mahatma Put India On World's News Map

NON-VIOLENT MOVEMENT ATTRACTS

Syud Hossain Pleads For Unity And Scientific Outlook

India,—the second largest numerical unit in the world; a famous and resourceful land with a historical background second to none in the world, a nation which had glorious achievements in every single branch of human progress,—had for some incomprehensible reason been wallowing to-day in the lowest depths so far as its social, economical, political and cultural life was concerned.

How did that happen? Why was not the India of three hundred and fifty millions not free?

That was the feeling of every foreigner man or woman about India, according to Dr. Syud Hossain who delivered an interesting lecture on "India Abroad" on Thursday evening at the Jinnah Hall which was crowded to overflowing.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mr. S. A. Brelvi presided.

HE SERVED INDIA ABROAD

Mr. S. A. Brelvi [illegible] welcome back to India to Dr. Syud Hossain on behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. Before he went out of India Dr. Syud Hossain was connected with the Home Rule Movement and if he had remained in India, he would have become one of the most influential leaders of their national movement. But though away from India for over sixteen years he constantly served India by his speeches and writings and through the contact he made with leading men and women in every walk of life in America. He acted as an effective unofficial representative of India. He nailed to the counter thousand and one lies spread about India by the enemies of her freedom. He interpreted to the west the message of India, the constructive message of peace, embodied in the Satyagraha movement of Mahatma Gandhi. With his help it would be possible for Indians to see themselves as others saw them. That might help Indians to prepare themselves to fight for India's freedom, not for the benefit of the one or the other community, but for the benefit of India as a whole.

Dr. Syud Hossain referred, at the outset, to the passing away of one of his best friends, a great patriot and political worker, the late Mr. Omar Sobani. He said that the loss of Mr. Sobani had changed the whole complexion of Bombay for him.

Coming to the subject proper, Dr. Syud Hossain said that he would place before the audience some of the impressions and convictions gathered by him during his tour in almost all parts of the world. The speaker referred to Kipling who had said "What know they of England who only England know'? He would repeat the same thing and say "What know they of India who only India know"? It had been the lot of the speaker to be associated with the representatives of almost all the Western and Eastern countries. He might thus claim to know what kind of notions were entertained by these representatives regarding India.

RESPECT FOR PAST.

First of all the speaker found among all the educated men and women of Europe and America a kind of genuine respect for the past, achievement of this country. Side by side with the respect for the past they viewed with a sense of bewilderment the present India. They could not understand the present India. When the speaker said present, he did not mean the immediate present but the recent history of India. They found that a great land which was as large as Europe minus Russia, a famous and resourceful land, the second largest numerical unit in the world with a historical background second to none in the world, which had had glorious achievements in every branch of human progress, had for some incomprehensible reason been wallowing in the depths. They asked why should it be in such squalor, and it was not possible to give a comfortable answer. Naturally every free man and woman wanted to know why India of 350 millions was not free.

WHY INDIA IS NOT FREE.

To-day if outsiders did not know anything else about India, they at least knew that India was part of the British Empire. What were the factors that made it possible for this great nation to remain in the political situation of the present day. One could not expect every foreigner to make a detailed study of Indian history. Whenever they came across some Indian or someone who had visited India they asked about India. Nevertheless they had a definite and vivid impression floating in their minds about India. They felt that there must be something wrong, that some dry rot had set in and that there was a tendency towards degeneration. They had a vivid impression that that tendency towards degeneration had fettered Indian manhood and womanhood and had postponed the day of their deliverance. India had been addicted to a king of religiosity—not religion,—a kind of religiosity which found no comparision in any part of the world. Religion was a mania with which India was affected. Not that other nations had no religion or objected to religious feelings. But why should a religious morbidity be created, asked the speaker and he did not care whether it applied to the Mussalmans or Hindus. Take China for example. There people followed three different religions. For the last two thousand years the Chinese who professed three different religions had lived in complete amity. Why should not Indians live in the same way? Why should not Hindus and Muslims live in amity?

MAHATMA GIVES INDIA A PLACE

Speaking of how Americans viewed India, Dr. Syud Hossain said that all that exists in India had been made known to them through two kinds of propaganda. One was through the text-books written for students about Indian history and the second was through the apologists or apostles of British Rule in India, including the missionaries.

During the last twenty years India had come into the news. Till then India was not in news pictures. It was the launching of the Non-co-operation movement in 1919 that made India of news value. It was the sheer novelty of it that attracted the people of the world towards India. The personality of Mahatma Gandhi had captured the imagination of the outside world. He had started something new under the sun. From that time onwards India had held a portion of the world stage. Here was a man who was leading a revolution without the usual instruments that went with revolutions. The Indian revolution was still on. There were the usual ebbs and flows

FRIEND OF INDIA

Apart from that, the activities of some in America on behalf of India had helped a great deal in removing the misconceptions about India. The greatest friend of India in America who always put in a word for India or in defence of India, though he might have been single-handed, was Dr. J. T. Sunderland.

OUR LEADERS DO THE JOB

Then there were the visitors from India who unquestionably did great things for India. Dr. Rabindranath Tagore visited America. His sheer presence and personality was an asset for India. Americans did not know that India produced such men. His visit was a very great gain for India. Then there was Mrs. Sarojini Naidu. Her tour was responsible for the stock of India to go up in the estimation of Americans. America was much better informed about India than ever before. Another great American friend of India was Dr. J. H. Holmes. Another American friend of India was Dr. Will Durant. The people of America and of the world were watching the developments in India and wanting to find out which way India was going to acquit herself.

INDIA NEEDS HIM

Mr. S. A. Brelvi thanking Dr. Syud Hossain for the inspiring speech said that such speeches should be delivered in every Indian village and town. The services of Dr. Syud Hossain were needed in India more than anywhere else.

Cyclone Havoc In Bihar

PATNA, September 30.

The cyclonic weather is still persisting. The steamer service between Digha Ghat and Paleza Ghat has been stopped, the movement of steamers in the river being very risky.

Plight Of Steamer

The steamer that left Digha Ghat this morning is lying at anchor in midstream, with all her passengers and crew, without any prospect of returning or proceeding further unless the fury of the cyclone decreases.

Sunk In Ganges

Enquiries show that two steamers of the Indian Steam Navigation Company lying at Digha Ghat jetties were sunk. No loss of life is reported, there being no passenger on board and the crew escaping. But all the cargo valued at several thousand rupees were lost.

Many cargo boats have capsized in the river. Rai Bahadur Radha Kisen Jalan's motor launch was smashed and sunk.

Patna In Darkness

Electricity has failed in the city, plunging it in darkness.—United Press.

THREE CARGO BOATS SUNK

Plight Of Patna Citizens

PATNA, Sept. 30.

Furious stormy wind, accompanied by rain, has been sweeping over Patna for the last 24 hours, as a result of which three cargo boats are reported to have broken off anchor in the river Ghat, and were sunk. Some country craft are also reported to have been sunk. The loss of cargo is not ascertainable yet.

PLIGHT OF CITY

Streets in Patna are completely deserted, all staying indoors. Shops have been closed, and all activity and business are at a standstill. Many roadside trees have been uprooted, blocking traffic. Portions of old houses have collapsed at many places in the City. No casualties are reported so far.

The fury of the wind continues unabated.—A. P.

Normal Service Resumed

CALCUTTA, Sept. 30.

The Divisional Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, wires from Sealdah:—

Normal train service between Jadabpur and Garia was resumed at 2-35 p.m. to-day.—A.P.

Startling Figures Of Rise In Population

DECLINE IN INDIA'S DEATH RATE

Infantile Mortality Shows Downward Trend

The infantile mortality rate has shown a distinctly downward trend during the past two decades. Although some considerable reductions have been recorded in certain provinces in 1935 the infant death rates recorded in India are still pitifully high states the annual report of the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India for the year 1935.

What Analysis Shows

A helpful analysis is made of the deaths under one year and it transpires that 40 per cent. of these occurred in the first month. Of the deaths in the first month, 61 per cent. occurred in the first week. Of the total deaths in India 46 per cent. were among the children under five years of age.

Need Of Organisation

These figures go to show the extreme necessity of developing in India an organisation which will care for the health of the children and the mothers. An attempt has been made in recent years in Bombay city accurately to diagnose the different causes of infantile mortality. Debility and respiratory diseases account for 70 per cent. of these deaths.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMISSIONER'S REPORT FOR 1935

The report is a voluminous one dealing with a wide variety of subjects, all of which are never-the-less closely concerned with the prevention of disease and with improving the physical standards of India's population.

It is divided into twelve sections, two of which are devoted to medical institutions and jails, while the remainder deal with public health activities and research.

Vital Statistics

The estimated population of India on June 30th, 1935, is given as 278,199,545. Births for the year totalled 9,698,794 and the deaths recorded came to 6,578,711.

The Public Health Commissioner states that the year under review was, if anything less unhealthy than usual. This view is supported by the facts that the recorded births numbered 410,000 more than those of 1934, and the total deaths were less by 288,000.

TOLL OF EPIDEMICS.

There was a decrease of 24,000 in the total mortality from the three principal epidemic diseases —cholera, plague and smallpox. This decrease is largely accounted for by the reduction in plague deaths which fell from 80,000 in 1934 to 32,000 in 1935. The cholera mortality curve which has been rising since 1933 continued to rise during 1935, but the indications are that the present cholera wave has now passed its peak. There was an increase of 7,000 deaths in smallpox.

The report points out that regrettable though the extent of these major epidemics may be there are still other diseases which cause much greater havoc although perhaps in a less dramatic way. Malaria, turberculosis, leprosy, infant mortality and maternal mortality constitute grave dangers to the public health. In all these five groups there exists a common predisposing aetiological factor which is of vital importance. This predisposing factor is nutrition.

STARTLING FIGURES

The section devoted to population contains some startling figures. Apparently, at no period in the recorded history of Indian vital statistics has the natural increase of population maintained such a high level as in recent years and, in British India alone up to the middle of 1935, approximately 15 millions were added to the population since the last census was taken in 1931.

Assuming that the same rate of increase has occurred in the Indian States, the population in India as a whole is stated to have increased since 1931 by 5 per cent, bringing the total estimated number to well over 370 millions.

DECLINE IN DEATH RATE

The professor of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology in the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, has recently published a paper entitled "A Forecast of Population in India at the Census of 1941." This forecast deals with a date only six years ahead, so that it avoids the errors of a long term prediction. The birth rate in British India has been fairly steady from the beginning of the present century but the death rate has tended to decrease from 1921 onwards. Specific mortality rates were worked out for both males and females for the period 1921—33, using estimated populations for each year, and it was found that the trend of mortality was downwards for all age groups except that of "60 years and upwards" in the case of both sexes. The conclusion drawn is that the fall in mortality recorded in recent years is real and that the death rate is unlikely to show an upward trend, at least in the near future.

That being so, the application of further statistical analyses was justified and by two separate processes figures of approximately 402 and 400 millions respectively were obtained for the estimated population of India as a whole in 1941. Provided, therefore, that the next five years keep free from abnormal epidemic or famine conditions, the population of India in 1941 is likely to approximate to 400 millions.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS

As already stated the births totalled 9,698,794. Of these 5,041,943 were males and 4,656,851 were females, the rates per thousand population being 18.1 for males and 16.7 for females. The death rate amongst males in general is higher than that of females, but on the other hand between the ages 15 and 40 the mortality amongst females is higher.

PRINCIPAL DISEASES.

The Report gives an account of the principal disease affecting India. The only figures available for these diseases are those of recorded deaths which are admittedly defective. While in such circumstances it is ordinarily unsafe to make definite inferences from the statistics of any one year, the Report nevertheless asserts that, on the assumption that the percentage of error is fairly constant, statistics over a period of years may reasonably be expected to give not unduly distorted epidemiological pictures.

Under the varied headings of "Fevers" a death rate of 14 per mille' was recorded. Similarly, the uninformative title of "Other Causes" accounts for a death rate as high as six per mille. The importance of more accurate information does not require to be stressed. Even a partial exposition of these omnibus groups would almost certainly reveal problems demanding urgent attention. For example, such analyses would give public health departments much needed information on the real incidence of diseases such as pulmonary tuberculosis and enteric fever. In the absence of such epidemiological facts, the health officer is severely handicapped in his efforts to apply preventive methods. Until a general effort in these directions is practised, the epidemiologist using existing statistics may be accused with some degree of truth of mere speculation.

Quetta Earthquake

The report contains an interesting summary of public health activities carried out in Quetta after the disastrous earthquake of 31st May, 1935. The Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India was sent to Quetta within a week of the earthquake to report as to the public health measures required to meet the emergency. The military medical authorities had laid the foundations of a sound public health organisation both in the refuge camp and in the occupied civil areas before additional health staff could be obtained from civil sources, but in a very short space of time, with assistance from neighbouring provinces, a suitable number of health officers, etc. were at work under the direction of a senior officer of the Public Health Department of the Punjab.

SALVAGE OF RUINS

On the advice of the Public Health Commissioner, the Government of India decided to proceed at once with the salvage of the ruined city and within 15 months the whole of the debris had been removed; over 9,000 human bodies were discovered during the clearing process. This number is of course additional to the several thousands which were removed in the first few days after the earthquake occurred. By April, 1936, a section of the city was re-opened for occupation and at the present time over 27,000 people are once more living in Quetta in emporary one storey buildings. These, it is hoped, will in time be replaced by more permanent and better houses.

MAIL-RUNNER ASSAULTED

Outrage In Benares District

BENARES, Sept. 30.

It is reported that a mail-runner was assaulted with lathis at 7-30 p.m. yesterday on a road in Benares District, while carrying three bags, which were robbed. He received four injuries one of them being serious. He has been brought to Benares and admitted into a hospital.

It is stated that the assailants numbered four. The police and postal authorities are further enquiring.—A.P

MADURA BOMB CASE JUDGMENT

MADRAS, Sept. 30.

Judgment was delivered this noon in the sensational Madura bomb case by the Sessions Judge, sentencing Nagayyan the main accused, to six years' rigorous imprisonment on two counts, under Sections 4 (A) and (B) of the Indian Explosive Substances Act, sentences to run concurrently, and acquitting the other three accused.

It will be remembered that a bomb explosion occurred sometime back at Tirumalai Nayakar Mahal, wherein Government offices and courts are located and the Police arrested and prosecuted the above accused.—United Press.

NARIMAN-PATEL CONTROVERSY

Bombay Citizens' Deputation Sees Gandhiji

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar wires from Wardha on September 30:—

The Bombay Citizens Committee's Deputation consisting of Dr. G. Y. Chitnis, Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and A. H. Gadre waited on Gandhiji on Thursday at two p.m. A memorandum on Nariman-Patel controversy was submitted. A long and free discussion followed:

Gandhiji has advised the Citizens' Committee to act as the Vigilance Committee and secure more evidence and fight the fascist tendency, if any, in the Congress and to work democratisation.

IN HONOUR OF MR. KHER

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's Tea Party

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

"There is one more reason which makes this occasion gladder for us as it happens to be the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi (cheers). There is still another occasion. By a happy coincidence we have amongst us this evening my friend and colleague Sjt. B. G. Kher who is the Prime Minister of Bombay (cheers)".

With these words Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, introduced Mr. Kher at a brilliant tea party held by Mr. Desai in Hotel Cecil to-day at which members of the Assembly including Sir Abdur Rahim, President, members of the Council of State, business magnates present in Simla, journalists and others numbering about 200 were invited.

Mr. Desai continued:—

"I have known Mr. Kher for a quarter of a century (Mr. Satyamurti interrupted—you must have known him then when he was 25 —laughter) and I have great admiration for his ability, intellect and efficiency. But his success during the short period of office has convinced us of one thing, if not those who do not think with us, that there is potentiality in Indian genius for administration and Government and not merely for irresponsible opposition. We have been driven to irresponsible opposition, by force of circumstances. I dare say we shall follow what was laid down by the Labour Party, that is, the object of the Opposition is to oppose and the duty of the opposition is to replace Government. Though perhaps in the Centre we are not able to replace our friends in power, I am glad at least in seven provinces by vote of motion we have displaced them and to that extent we have a great sense of satisfaction so far as an occasion like this is concerned (cheers.)

WORK IN CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

Referring to the Congress Party's work in the Central Assembly Mr. Desai stressed the significance of cordiality received from other parties and said:—

"We have no majority and yet as a result of moral persuasion and as a result of getting our friends to see eye to eye with us on national lines during the past three years we have succeeded with the support and co-operation of our friends in making Government realise that they are an irresponsible minority Government (cheers). That being so, I hope the time will soon come when by tabling a vote of no-confidence we shall occupy the place which Mr. Kher does in his province (cheers)".

Thanking the guests for their cordiality Mr. Desai said:—

"I am grateful to everybody who has come here in response to my short-notice invitation particularly when I know Government is chary of answering short-notice questions (laughter)".

Replying to Mr. Desai, Mr. Kher said:

"The cordiality and kindness which I have received from everybody I met here, has been, I must admit, overwhelming. To-day happens to be the birthday of the greatest man of India, if not of the world. I was aware of this great occasion and it is a very happy augury that on this day I am able to carry your good wishes".

Referring to his impression of the work carried in the Central Assembly Mr. Kher said:—

"I had an occasion to see this afternoon how discussion is being carried on the important Insurance Bill and once before I had seen the Assembly at work in Delhi. We, who work in a lesser sphere in our Provincial Legislative Assemblies look for inspiration and guidance from olympic heights. I was very much impressed by the way in which work was carried on. I thank you all for your good wishes".

Mr. Kher warmly thanked Mr. Desai for his cordial hospitality.—United Press.

BOMBAY-POONA LINE BLOCKED

Sequel To Derailment Of Goods Train On G. I. P. Railway

SINGLE LINE WORKING FOR 36 HOURS

TALEGAON, Sept. 30.

The Divisional Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, wires:—

At about 10-50 a.m. to-day, while a tranship goods train was running between Shelarvadi and Talegaon, the axle of the third wagon from the engine was broken, causing the derailment and capsizing of 29 loaded wagons. The Up main line was therefore blocked.

Single line working has been introduced on the Down main line, and trains are being worked with a slight detention. It is expected that the Up line will be cleared in 36 hours.—

MORE MONEY FOR PUNJAB DISTRICT BOARDS

Government Takes Charge Of Metalled Roads

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

It is understood that the Punjab Government are relieving the District Boards of an appreciable proportion of their metalled roads. This will release large amounts of funds which the Boards will now spend on village roads and thus help marketing of agricultural produce.—A.P. Special.

MR. KHER ATTENDS CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

SIMLA, Sept. 30.

Mr Mukund Prasad Das, Speaker of the Orissa Assembly, the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, and the Hon. Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, Finance Minister of Bengal were the three noted visitors to the Assembly to-day.—United Press.

Public Suspicion Must Be Removed

Socialists Urge Thorough Investigation Into B.P.C.C- Affairs

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party has issued the following statement to the Press:—

For a long time now there has been a widespread feeling in Bombay that everything was not as it should be with the administration of the B P C C. The disclosures made by Sjt. K. F. Nariman, President of the B. P. C. C., yesterday regarding the handling of B. P. C. C. funds by Sjt. I. S. Patel, Treasurer, and Sjt. S. K. Patil, one of the Secretaries have brought matters to a head. Yesterday's proceeding also made it clear that the Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. and their adherents have no intention of allowing a cleaning up of the administration to take place.

THAT MAJORITY OF ONE

The manner in which the eminently reasonable proposal to appoint a Committee of Inquiry consisting of Sjts. Bhulabhai Desai, S. A. Brelvi and M. R. Masani was opposed by Sjt. S. K. Patil and his supporters and defeated by a majority of one vote, Sjt. Patil, though one of the two persons involved, himself, voting in contravention of all decorum and propriety, even though Sjt. I. S. Patel abstained, thus making it possible to defeat the proposal showed that an attempt was made to shirk a full, open and impartial inquiry.

This Committee would like at this stage to protest against Sjt. S. K. Patil being allowed to function as a Secretary of the B. P. C. C. pending the result of the inquiry and the final decision of the B. P. C. C.

REMOVE SUSPICION

Whatever the result of this particular inquiry may be, the Committee feels that a thorough and searching investigation into the affairs of the B. P. C. C., its accounts and business contracts for the past two or three years needs to be made to satisfy the public mind and to restore confidence. It is intolerable that suspicion—even if unjustified—of graft or corruption should be allowed to exist in the public mind in this connection.

DUTY OF CONGRESSMEN

Whether such an investigation is allowed to be held or obstructed by the Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. and their adherents, this Committee is strongly of opinion that the only way in which the Congress can put its house in order, is by Congressmen in Bombay bestirring themselves and rescuing the Congress organization in the City from the state into which it has been dragged by those who to-day control its working.

Turkey As Defender Of Peace

RAPID ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF THE COUNTRY

(From A Special Correspondent.)

During the last days of August in Turkey a big military manoeuvre was held. The Chiefs of Staffs of many countries as well as all the military attaches of the foreign embassies in Turkey were present. It was the first time in the history of similar events that all the details of the reports of both sides were given regularly to the foreign spectators during the supposed battle, this enabled to have a full criticism of the manoeuvre. Here is a translation from the French paper "Le Tan" written by its military correspondent whom it had specially sent to Turkey.

"Turkey has succeeded to show wonders to the foreign military experts. It is clearly seen that the Turkish Army is the first among the armies of Balkan countries. From the chief General Staff to the smallest soldier the Turkish army is well-informed well-trained and equipped with the latest weapons and more than that strongly attached to their duty of defending the freedom of their home. Ataturk can no doubt be proud of this army that he has given to his country in a very short time. All the spectators were very glad to see the Turkish Army so powerful. The past years and incidents have proved that it was right to call Turkey as the defender of Peace."

IZMIR INTERNATIONAL FAIR.

Turkey is advancing with giant steps in her economic life too. Notwithstanding the world economic crisis its general trade increases about 25 per cent. every year. It is generally believed that the international fairs play a great role in the trade relations of the countries. This is clearly seen from the results of the Izmir International Fair that has been closed recently. It is stated that the number of visitors from Turkey and abroad that had come to this fair this year was more than 5 lakhs, while it was 3 lakhs last year. The big increase in the figures shows the growing importance of the fair. This year 10 countries had participated the fair by having officials stalls. Besides that there were many private foreign pavilions.

It is hoped that India will also have a stall in the fair next year. This will certainly give a speed to the development of the commercial and friendly relations between the two countries.

HEAT FATALITY AT INDORE

INDORE, Sept. 30.

The Karanik President, Labour Union, Indore City wires:—

To-day a Malwa Mills 'Hamal' died on account of excessive heat. The operatives are finding it impossible to work under the excessive heat. Complaints by operatives and the Union were lodged. So far no action has been taken by the Mill Authorities.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

OH, GOD OF VENGEANCE!

"Yes, yes", said Lord Winter, perceiving what was passing in her mind, "you've seen the signature is missing, but in three days this order will return provided with Lord Buckingham's signature and seal; and twenty-four hours afterwards I will answer for its being carried into execution."

"And I reply to you, sir, that this exile under a fictitious name is infamous!" cried Milady.

"Would you prefer to be hanged in your true name, Milady? You must know that the English laws are inexorable on the abuse of marriage."

Milady made no reply.

"I see you prefer a voyage overseas." That's well, madame; there is an old saying: "Travelling trains youth". And now, madame, till I see you again, which will be to-morrow when I come to announce the departure of my messenger."

As the baron left the room, Felton saw through the open door Milady raise her hands in prayer, and heard her say:—

"Oh, God of vengeance! God of goodness! Wilt thou allow the frightful projects of this man to be accomplished?"

THE ROPE

Milady ended the day with the same religious chant that had moved Felton so strongly the evening before. Though he did not enter her room this time, it seemed to Milady that she could hear a profound sigh and light steps withdrawing, as if with regret, when she finished her song.

On entering the next day Felton found her standing on a chair, holding in her hand a kind of rope made from torn cambric handkerchiefs. Fixed in the wall above her head was a gilt hook intended for hanging up clothes and weapons. Felton snatched the rope from her, saying with an agitated voice:

"God forbids suicide!"

"When God sees one of his creatures persecuted unjustly, placed between suicide and dishonour believe me, sir," replied Milady in a tone of deep conviction, "God pardons suicide, for then suicide becomes martyrdom."

"I am a soldier, madame, and must obey orders. It is my duty to watch over your life, and I will watch."

IF YOU ARE SEEING SPOTS YOU ARE SEEING TROUBLE

Everyone recognises familiar danger signals such as the red flag used on the railways. Nature, too, gives her danger signals, some of which are more familiar than others. For instance, spots before the eyes warn you your liver is not functioning properly.

The liver is the body's most important o the storehouse of fuel and energy, the filt blood. To neglect signs that the liver is to court disaster.

Watch out, therefore, for spots be eyes, a dull frontal headache or a gener of lassitude. Turn immediately to Liver Salt—the wonderful tonic laxati pleasant effervescing health drink wo matically and naturally through t digestive tract. In the stomach it co acidity. In the small intestines, t dioxide it forms soothes the lining In the liver it stimulates the flo assisting digestion, particularly of fa ubrication of the intestinal walls, lower intestine it breaks up the wa by inducing temporarily through o increased water content.

These combined actions make for t elimination of waste and the toning u organ in the body, particularly the m tant—the liver. Andrews Liver Sa endorsement of medical men as the tive at all ages and in any climate. take Andrews regularly. Sold by a and Stores.

HE WAS AFRAID TO CROSS A STREET

Lost His Nerve After 12 Months' Agony

RHEUMATISM NOW YIELDING TO KRUSCHEN

Suffering from acute rheumatism in both his knee joints—treated in hospital twice without result—so unnerved that he was afraid to cross a street—how readily every rheumatic sufferer will sympathise with this man. Then the incredible happened, he started to take Kruschen—and after fourteen days, he was stepping out as smartly as a soldier. But read what he says:—

"For 12 months, I suffered pain and misery with acute rheumatism in both my knees. Twice, I was treated in hospital—but it was no use. I could not walk up or downstairs. I was afraid to cross the street, for I had lost all confidence in myself. Fourteen days ago, I started taking Kruschen Salts, and already I am a new man. I can walk with a smart step, go up and downstairs with ease, and cross the street with complete confidence. My rheumatism is getting better every day."—D.L.

Do you know what caused Mr. D.L.'s rheumatism? Nothing but sharp-edged uric acid crystals which form as the result of sluggish eliminating organs. Kruschen Salts can always be counted upon to clear those painful crystals from the system. The numerous mineral salts in Kruschen are bound to dissolve away all traces of uric acid deposits.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

REJUVENATION.

If you want to preserve your good looks or to recapture lost loveliness the first thing you must learn is that perfect beauty is dependent upon a healthy skin structure Health alone cannot preserve facial beauty. You must aid health in combating destructive forces. As the outer skin decomposes with age it must be removed to reveal the fresh youthful complexion that lies beneath And the best method, experts agree, of giving Nature a helping hand is the regular use of Mercolized Wax Buy an ounce or two of this wonderful complexion wax from your chemist, smoothing a thin film over face and neck nightly, invisibly, but none the less effectively, the wax removes the wrinkles, exchanging faded, discoloured complexions for youthful loveliness Give Mercolized Wax a trial and you will also give your complexion new youth and beauty

Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

ASTOUNDING FRENCH DISCOVERY!

RADIAURUM TREATMENT (Atomic Radium Gold Injections) positively cures Gonorrhoea and Syphilis from 2 to 4 days Amazing astounding, but nevertheless true. Has created a sensation among doctors, 100 p.c better than 606, 914 arsenicals, mercurials, bismuth vaccines or electric treatment Speedy rapid cure No unpleasant reactions Laboratory proof of cure given. For this unique and exclusive French treatment consult free: CLINICAL DEPARTMENT, HERING & KENT, REAY HOUSE, 3rd Floor, Opp Lloyd's Bank Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay Telephone No. 24297

SYRUP OF VASAKA

(Adhatoda)

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SAFE & QUICK REMEDY for COUGH, COLD, CATARRH WHOOPING COUGH, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS ETC.

BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA :: BOMBAY
Agents:—
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INTERNATIONAL AIR MEETING

World's Aviators Gather At Zurich

The Fourth International Meeting at Zurich was held from the 23rd July to the 1st August. This event occupies a unique position for it has always been more international in character than similar meeting in other countries and has attracted a greater number of competitors. Its popularity is best illustrated by the numbers of participants in the four meetings which have been held:—

	Countries represented	Competitors
1st International Mtg., 1922	5	37
2nd „ „ 1927	10	150
3rd „ „ 1932	11	240
4th „ „ 1937	14	310

This year's meeting was remarkable for the extent to which military aircraft participated; this was probably due to the character of the events which tended to call for qualities usually associated with military aircraft of one type or another. Although the civil side of the meeting was almost submerged by the more spectacular and military side, it nevertheless held a place of its own and no less than 80 light aircraft of well-known types participated in the meeting, flying distances of anything up to 2,000 miles. Apart from Switzerland the countries represented at the meeting were. Austria, Belgium, Great Britain, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany, Greece, Holland, Hungary, Italy, Poland, Rumania and Sweden. As was to be expected, the aerobatic competition and the race round the Alps attracted the most popular interest. As well as the competitive events, of which the results are given in the table below, the programme included excellent demonstrations by a squadron of the Italian Air Force under the command of Captain Remondino, the famous Etampes flight of the French Air Force under the command of Lieutenant Fleurquin, and a flight of the British Royal Air Force under the command of Wing-Commander C. W. Hill. Graf von Hagenburg, Herr Gerd Achgelis, and Fraulein Liesel Bach gave demonstrations of aerobatics and Flugkapitan Hanna Reitsch demonstrated a sailplane.

THIRTEEN MILLIONTH CAR BUILT!

Another milestone in industry was reached on July 12th of this year when the 13-millionth Chevrolet rolled off the Assembly line in the Flint plant of the Chevrolet Division of General Motors Corporation.

In spite of interrupted production, Chevrolet's 13th millionth car was produced in a period of just two days more than 11 months, the second-shortest million-unit period in the company's history. It is stated that the demand for the 1937 models has exceeded anything heretofore known and that, but for the frequent interruptions of output since January 1, production and workers' wages would have shattered all previous records, and the present milestone would have been reached from 60 to 90 days earlier.

Production of No. 13 million was marked by no ceremonies at the factory, but Mr. M. E. Coyle, General Manager of the Division, issued a brief statement from his Detroit office officially announcing the event, which was also the occasion for an informal luncheon.

When the present management, headed by Mr. Coyle, took over the reins in October, 1933, the company had built 9,000,000 cars and trucks. The 10-millionth was produced November 20, 1934, the 11-millionth December 4, 1935, and the 12-millionth August 5, 1936. Records show that it took 12 years for the company to build its first million units, while the remaining 12 million have been produced in a period of only 14 years. Mr. Coyle has been a member of the Chevrolet organization throughout the production of all but 120,000 of the 13,000,000 units built to date.

WHAT IS AIR-MINDEDNESS?

The state of mind
existing among those wise people
who are conscious of the Air
who have awakened to the possibilities of Air Travel
whose curiosity has impelled them to try it
whose experience has taught them
NEVER to travel any other way
The numbers of the Airminded
are doubled with each succeeding year
they include
men, women and children
of every nationality
of every walk in life
who with decided judgment
have determined
ALWAYS to travel by Air
Like a new religion
or a river in flood
it spreads in an ever-stronger, never-retreating wave
thousands are swept off their feet each day
up, up into the rare, clear air above
They are the happy ones
who have freed themselves
from the limitations of time and of physical geography
no longer earthbound, the Airminded
traversing joyously the avenues of the Sky

(With acknowledgments to K.L.M.)

WHY SHOULD BRITISH STATESMEN BOTHER?

(Continued From Page 12)

fidence in them and might even lead to their not being refractory on the question of safeguards.

Mr. Hossain went on to pay glowing tributes to the 'Saint of Shegaon.' Gandhiji possessed great statesmanship and farsight. He said: "It cannot be gainsaid that Mahatma Gandhi was and is, a true statesman He can penetrate into the future and also the psychology of men with unerring precision."

COMMUNAL AWARD

When told that there was deep resentment in India, particularly in Bengal and the Punjab, against the Communal Award, Mr Hossain said he knew as much.

"The whole question,' he remarked, 'is rather funny To me it does not seem to be metaphysics or philosophy The question is simply of commonsense. It is plain as a pikestaff that when you are not able to put your house in order, somebody else will try to do it, especially when that somebody else is only waiting for an opportunity."

For instance, he added it was like the story of the cats and the monkey. Hindus and Moslems quarrelled like kilkenny cats and gave Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the monkey, an opportunity to settle their claims. He ate bit by bit the loaf of both until both found that they had nothing left for themselves. Now then who was to blame? He would not blame monkey MacDonald. He would rather blame the cats

WHOLE-TIME JOB

It was the whole-time job of the British to play the Hindus against the Mussalmans. Otherwise how was it possible for a handful of British minority to rule 350 millions and more of "natives."

They had, however, a system for everything. They informed, rather misinformed, the world that India was a country full of funny things and but for the British law and British police, everything would have been utter chaos, catastrophe and consternation. Reuters, said Mr. Hossain, did this job for them. If there was a quarrel between Hindus and Moslems in some Godforsaken corner of India, it was a story "par excellence" for streamer lines in Continental papers. But nobody told the outside world that there were 7 crores of Mussalmans living peacefully side by side with Hindus who numbered nearly 70 for every hundred out of the 350 million men and women of India.

Mr. Hossain boiled down to the conclusion that it was quite possible for a real understanding between the majority and minority communities without the latter bartering away their fundamentally religious rights and unless that true understanding was forthcoming hope of political and economic advancement would be but a castle in the air. He advocated ceaseless trials in this direction so that, the moment the present "poison psychology" ceased, that moment an understanding was evolved.

Mr. Hossain also urged the dire necessity of spreading education to every nook and corner of India. When masses knew what they should do they would do it without much ceremony

Referring to the Palestine question, Mr Syud Hossain said that it was more complicated than the minority question of India

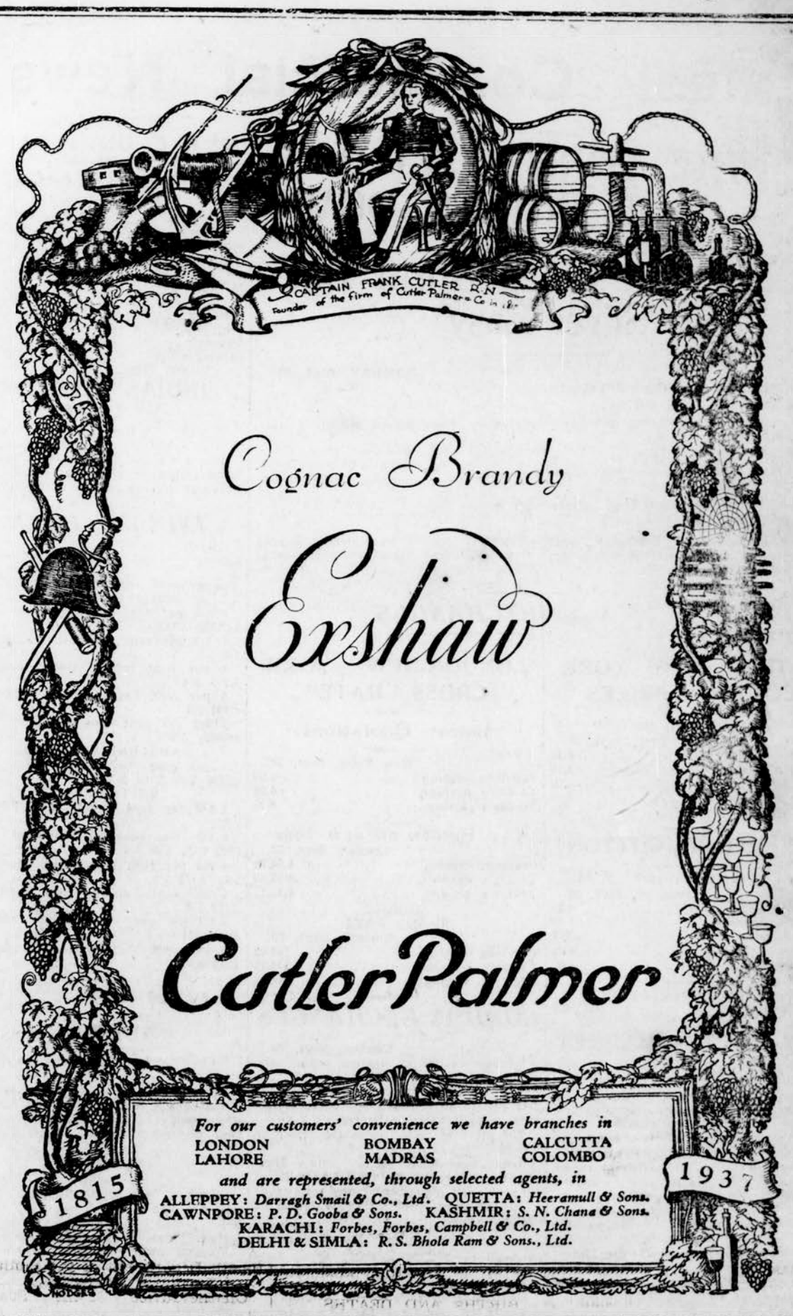
Britain had made her position not for herself There were terrible contradictions, what with vital interests of Britain in Palestine, her promise to the Arabs on the one hand to give their independence simultaneously with the assurance to the Jews on the other hand of a national home.

Inevitably it was impossible to keep up these promises for long, because Arabs knew that it was neither in a fit of philanthropy nor in a spirit of generosity they were given the promise of independence, but simply the British wanted their position to be secured. Further check on the situation necessarily involved force, which was what now being done. But use of force was not the wisest course and England would know it when she got involved in some war possibility which was not distant.

Britain had her interests in Palestine in a triple way There was the defence of the Suez protection of oil wells in Mosul and the Imperial Airways route Control of Mediterranean was also vital and how could Britain ignore her own interests

Mr Hossain was sure that the policy of "divide and rule" could not go very far In fact he discovered at Palestine that the partition scheme was not welcomed by anyone not even the Jewish community except of course a section of it

"I can tell you he concluded, "that partition of Palestine is not the solution for the Arab-Jew problem If it appears to be a temporary solution it shall create a number of other problems for Britain to solve in the near future."—United Press.



Spray FLIT—the deadly enemy of insects

Why use worthless "insecticides" on moths and risk damage to your clothes!

Flit is most deadly to insects because it contains a combination of killing agents found in no other insecticide. Flit spray does not stain and is harmless to humans and animals. Beware of all substitutes that masquerade under the name of Flit. Each Flit tin is sealed to protect you from fraudulent refilling. Always insist on the famous yellow tin with the Flit soldier and black band—your guarantee of getting the one and only Flit.

FLIT always KILLS!

Sole Distributors: Herbertsons, Ltd. Bombay & Calcutta

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Sarvajanik Education Society

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am surprised to read the letter dated 21st September, 1937, from Mr. A. N. Dikshit, appearing in the issue of your paper dated 23rd September, 1937, (mofussil edition).

Let me at the outset say that the rumour that Mr. Dikshit has referred to is absolutely baseless, particularly in regard to the charge levied against the workers of the Society for travelling by first class. I can say with authority that no worker, however great in position, ever travelled by first class on the mission of the Society and none ever stayed at any of the expensive hotels. Will Mr. Dikshit oblige the Society by letting me know the source of his rumour?

As regards the "considerable" expenses incurred in collecting funds for the Society, I am giving figures for the last seven years which will tell the true tale in contradiction of what presumably Mr. Dikshit believes.

Year	Donations collected	Expenses incurred on that account
1931-32	21,292	35- 6-0
1932-33	14,595	15-11-0
1933-34	25,434	55- 9-0
1934-35	1,52,984	214- 0-0
1935-36	40,708	89-13-0
1936-37	12,772	42-10-0
1937-38	47,144	845- 3-0
(up to 25-9-37)		

Ratio of expenses per donation of Rs. 100 in each year respectively comes to:—0-2-8 0-1-9, 0-3-6, 0-2-3, 0-3-6 0-5-4 and 1-12-8.

I leave the readers and public to draw their own conclusions in the matter, in light of the above figures.

It is only during the current year (1937-38) that Rs. 845 had to be spent, as travelling expenses of two members who were deputed to go to Calcutta and Rangoon, are included in the amount.

I may mention here that the Chairman of the Managing Committee, Diwan Bahadur C. M. Gandhi, does not charge the Society anything for expenses incurred by him whenever he moves about for the Society's work of fund-collection, etc., either in the city of Surat or outside.

Friends are requested to lend their cars for moving about for the purpose and the Society does not spend even for the petrol. Expenses are incurred only when necessary and unavoidable.

I hope Mr. Dikshit and the reading public will be satisfied with the above official explanation I am sending for favour of publication in your esteemed paper.—Yours etc.

V. K. NIMKAR,
Hon. Secretary,
Sarvajanik Education Society,
Surat.

University Elections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Terms of several Senators of the Bombay University are coming to a close Fresh elections are taking place in December next and intending candidates are already busy canvassing votes from registered graduates This they are entitled to do personally or through agents However, some of them employ questionable means through the authoritative pressure brought upon subordinates or students (past and present) by heads of various educational institutions Letters of request for support, for a particular friend are sent with a further call to promise 'first preference' in black and white Scrupulous subordinates cannot but promise and vote accordingly. The unscrupulous ones are rounded up—their voting papers are collected and the rest is done by the agent in authority.

Thus principles of secret voting are frustrated with the connivance of Honorary Magistrates and J.P.'s. Will the University issue orders prohibiting Heads of institutions from influencing? Yours, etc.

JUSTICE,

UPHOLD HONOUR OF TRI-COLOUR

Perinben Captain's Appeal To Bombay Citizens

Mrs. Perinben Captain unfurled the National Flag at the monthly flag salutation ceremony held at the Congress House on Sunday last.

Addressing the assembled she said:

"I am expected to-day to say a few words. Here is our beloved Flag we bow before it every month, year in and year out. Have you realised what this Flag stands for? It stands for Complete Independence for our Motherland through truth and non-violence.

"It is with great sorrow that I ask you to realise that the events of these last several months show that we ourselves are deviating from the great ideal we have set before ourselves and the whole world. I ask you, the citizens of Bombay who have taken your full share and more in the struggle for Independence under the inspiring leadership of Mahatmaji, who have suffered lathi charges and imprisonment willingly, including our large-hearted merchants who have given unstinted financial help to carry on the struggle throughout the whole of India—why should there be this suspicion and fear in our midst to-day?

"I see with great regret brother going against brother to-day. I appeal to all the Congress-minded citizens honestly and bravely to face this situation and insist on the Congress work being carried out by truthful means only. If we all sit helplessly and allow a few to undermine the very foundation of our national institution, we ourselves will be responsible for betraying the cause of Swaraj and lowering the honour of the Flag.

"Therefore, if you really love this Flag, you will help the Congress without fear or favour in upholding the honour of this Flag and attaining complete independence for our country by all truthful and honest means.

PRISONERS REPATRIATED TO BIHAR

HAZARIBAGH, Sept. 28.

As many as 16 prisoners belonging to this province, who were recently repatriated from the Andamans, were brought down here from Calcutta under strong police escort and lodged in the Hazaribagh Central Jail. It is understood most of them were convicted for offences of violence.

The question of their release is engaging the attention of the Government, but it is gathered only a few of them will be set free before the expiry of their terms.—United Press

TEMPLES AND MOSQUES TO BE USED

Removing Illiteracy In Bhusawal

BHUSAWAL, Sept. 35.

A unique scheme for removing mass illiteracy in Bhusawal Taluka has been adopted by a special committee of Congressmen at Bhusawal by trying to accommodate primary classes in mosques and temples, dharmashalas and such other convenient places.

About 50 men have volunteered their services for one hour daily in Bhusawal to conduct classes in all parts of the town The Committee has chosen New Area in Bhusawal Town for trial of their scheme. The committee hopes to stamp out illiteracy in this taluka within three years. The committee's intention in starting this scheme and liquor prohibition campaign is understood to be to induce the Congress ministry to give preference to Bhusawal taluka to enforce their educational reform scheme. A census of illiterate population is also being undertaken.

Mr. Annasaheb Dastane has been elected president and Mr. Risbud and a few pleaders are on the committee.

A meeting held under the auspices of the above committee this morning has attracted 50 men who want to be literate.—United Press.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS DOWN

Gold And Wheat Firm But Silver Easy

BOMBAY, Sept. 30.

On Thursday crossrates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON QUIET.

New York cotton opened quiet and thereafter prices moved within a narrow range.

GOLD BETTER.

London gold was better but silver was easy.

WHEAT FIRM.

Wheat was firm but base metals were dull.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange was moderately active on scattered buying although the enquiry on the whole was slow. Giltedged securities kept steady on some buying.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Sept. 30.

Previous closing	8.21
To-day's opening	8.19
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	8.16
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Sept. 30.

Previous closing	4.86
To-day's opening	4.84
Difference	—0.2
To-day's closing	4.81
Difference	—.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 169

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept. 30.

Cotton was quiet in the absence of any fresh incentive while smallness of speculation confined movements to a narrow margin. Weather continued favourable thus checking enterprise.

Trading in December commenced at 8.19 i.e. 2 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and some hedging influenced by the continuance of favourable weather but thereafter the market offered good resistance with the undertone slightly better.

New York cotton finally closed at 8.16 with a decline of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 30.

The following were the opening ranges:-

October (8.47/8.47) 8.32/8.32
December (8.28/8.27) 8.19/8.17
January (8.29/8.23) 8.18/8.18

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 30.

American October (4.76) 4.71
American December (4.84) 4.80
Sakels November (6.59) 6.54
Sakels January (7.00) 6.83

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 169 and Rs. 170-4 at night. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 169-8.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept. 30.

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 1/2) 1-2 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (3-3) 2-3
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10 3/4) 1-10 3/4

JUTE

New Crop September October (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 11/16 paid and value
Dunlop October (£23 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers.
Lightning October (£21 3/4) £21 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (8 11/16 value) 8 7/16 buyers
Forward January March (8 13/16 paid and value) 8 9/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay September October (£15 sellers) £15 sellers
Linseed Calcutta September (£15 1/2 sellers) £15 1/2 sellers.
Linseed La Plata September (£13 9/16 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal October (£13 7/8 sellers) £13 3/4 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept. 30.

Liverpool wheat opened firm October 110 7/8 December 110 prices showed considerable strength to-day following higher Winnipeg cables and higher plate together with reports of insufficient rains in Australia and Argentine which induced covering by shorts with sellers reserved.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 30.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.10. Prices advanced on better cash demand and mills interests buying coupled with higher Winnipeg cables with the rate further rising to 1.10 1/8.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 97-7-6 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 97-8-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	97	7	0
Highest	97	8	0
Lowest	97	7	0
Closing	97	8	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £92 1/8 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 30.
2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98) £98
3 per cent Indian (£92 1/4) £92 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£115 1/4) £115 1/4
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 7/8) £73 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£99 1/2) £99 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 5/8) £106 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£109 3/4) £109 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£100 3/4) £100 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 1/2) £108 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 30.
2-30 p.m.

There was Cheerful disposition but business was restricted. Internationals were steady. Home industrials were rather undecided. Kaffirs were better.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (148-9) 150-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (65-0) 64-0
Hydro Electric (£6 1/4) £6 1/2
Musical Industries (20-3) 20-3
Princhin Johnson (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (37-10 1/2) 37-10 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (65-3) 65-3
Realisation 1930 (£93) £93
Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 33-9
Unilever Ordinary (39-6) 39-6
Ford Motors (26-3) 26-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£73 3/4) £72 1/2
British American Tobacco (110-7 1/2) 110-7 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (148-3) 148-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (29-1 1/2) 28-4 1/2
Distillers (108-1 1/2) 108-1 1/2
Bredfords Dyers (£6 7/8) £6 7/8
British Celanese (£6 1/2) £6 1/4
J and Coates Ordinary (45-3) 45-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 51-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (8-6) 8-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-9) 28-0
Inter Nickels (£51 1/4) £52 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (75-0) 73-9
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-6) 21-0
Donaro Teas (46-6) 46-6
Empire of India (33-0) 33-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (35-0) 34-6
Gula Kelampong (33-9) 33-9
Rubber Plan Inv Trust (34-1 1/2) 33-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (52-6) 52-6
Burma Corporation (16-0) 16-0
Rio Tintos (£18 1/4) £18
East Rand Proprietors (58-9) 60-0
Rand Mines (£7 3/4) £7 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 1/2) £13 3/4
Association Portland Cement (86-6) 86-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (115-0) 113-9
Sub Nigel (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (31-3) 31-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 1/4) £8 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (47-6) 46-10 1/2
Anglo Iranian (86-10 1/2) 86-3
Burma Oil (128-1 1/2) 126-3
Musical Eagle (13-10 1/2) 14-4 1/2
Shell Transport (105-0) 103-9
Royal Dutch (£42 3/4) £43 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£66 1/2) £66 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£32 5/8) £32 5/8
L N E R Defd (£5) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£21 5/8) £21 5/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £125
London Transport 'C' Stock (£77 1/2) £76 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 30.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 48) dol 50
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 37) dol 38 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 79 3/4) dol 82 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 121 1/4) dol 126

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Sept. 30.

Previous closing	4.95
To-day's opening	4.95
To-day's closing	4.95

L. L. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 30.

Previous closing	4.94.75
To-day's opening	4.95.00
To-day's closing	4.95.12

FRANC RATE

London, Sept. 30.

Previous closing	144.62
To-day's opening	144.75
To-day's closing	144.59

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 30.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.95 and fell to 4.94.91 on scattered selling but eventually rallied on renewed buying to 4.95.07 with a fairly steady tendency.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.95.12.

Franc opened at 144.70 and then slightly improved to 144.60 on official support with movements very restricted.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 144.59.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (10.917) 10.914
New York on Bombay (37.39) 37.39
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/8
London on Milan (94.00) 94.02
London on Shanghai (1-2 7/16) 1-2 7/16
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£246 buyers £246 1/4 sellers weak) £241 1/2 buyers £245 sellers. Irregular.
Lead (£19 7/16 buyers £19 1/2 sellers. Easy) £19 3/16 buyers £19 1/4 sellers. Irregular.
Electrolytic Copper (£53 to £55) £53 to £55
Glasgow Iron sh (107-0) 107-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Sept. 30.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India small sellers. Speculators bought and sold. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 30.

Spot	19 7/8d. 19 13/16d.
Forward	19 3/4d. 19 11/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 30.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-7) £7-0-7 1/2

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Sept. 30.

Liverpool wheat October closed at 112 1/8 as against the previous closing at 109 5/8

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Wheat January	5	10	9
Wheat May	5	6	6
Linseed May	8	3	3

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Silver ready	50	10	0
Silver 1st settlement Asho	50	10	0
Silver 2nd settlement Kartak	50	11	0
Gold ready	34	12	6
Gold 1st settlement Asho	34	12	0
Gold 2nd settlement Kartak	34	11	0
Sovereigns	22	3	0

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association)

Bombay, Sept. 30.

May Delivery.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8	2	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	8	3	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8	3	0
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	8	3	9

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Sentiment Better But Business Meagre

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Sept. 30.

On the Stock Exchange in the absence of further large scale liquidation the sentiment improved but the business was meagre in view of the approaching end of the account.

Paris supported specialised kaffirs and base metals were undecided.

In commodities cotton declined owing to favourable American weather. Rubber eased but wheat was firm in sympathy with Argentine.

Wall Street opened firm.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Steady & Teas Firm

CALCUTTA, Sept. 30.

Jutes ruled steady and unchanged and only limited business was put through. Coals ruled steady at lower levels and business was very much restricted. Teas were decidedly firm and a large volume of business resulted. Miscellaneous section disclosed no special feature. Government securities were steadier. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Two and a threefourth per cent loan 1948/52 99/14; three and a half G. P. 97/6.

Banks:—Ballygunge 106; Reserve Bank 124/8.

Cottons:—Elgin Mills ordy 8/1; New Victoria 1/9.

Coals:—Aldih 4/7; Bhalgora 5/10; Bhulanbararee 11/10; Burrakur 17/6 ex div; Burrakur pref 133 ex div; Deoli 8/6; East Indian 28/4; Equitable 39/14; Ghusick and Muslia 4/6; Hurriladih 19/12; Lakurka 11/1; New Bheerbhoom 19/2; North Damuda 8; Ondal 10/12; Raneegunge 40; Standard 36/12 ex div; Talcher 2/7; West Jamuria 32/5; Bengal 364; Bokaro and Ramgur 18/12; Churulia 2/8; Mundulpu. 10/7; Union 25/10.

Jutes:—Albion 208/8, Bally 185; Delta 372; Ft. William 236/8; Hukumchand pref 105/8; Kamarhatty 510; Kanknarrah pref 131, National 22 small lot; Reliance 63/12; Alliance 234; Birla ordy 19/6; Birla pref 120; Gourepore 574; Howrah 51/10; Howrah seven per cent pref 151; New Central 293; Union 371.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 10/13; Consolidated tin 8/12; Indian copper 3/4; Tavoy tin 2/13: Dalmia cement ordy 11/9; Dalmia cement defd 3/7; Dalmia cement pref 101/8; Bengal telephone ordy 23; Cuttack electric 10/8; Britannia building and iron 11/2; Hukumchand electric ordy 12/14 small lot; do defd 3/10; Indian iron 51/9; Indian malleable casting ordy 6/8; Indian malleable casting defd 2/8; Steel corporation ordy 8/8; Steel corporation pref 87/8; B. I. Corporation ordy 4/3 small lot; B. I. Corporation pref 153; Humayan property defd 1/14; Cawnpore sugar 22/12 small lots

Teas:—Eastern Cachar 12/6; Hantapara 400; Ledo 235; New Samanbagh 34; New Terai 15/8; Rajabhat 37/8; Sapoi 10/12; Tongani 5/8; Gungaram 400; Iringmara 45; Murphulani 2/2 small lot; Rutema 12/10.

Debentures:—Three and a quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 99/6; three and a quarter per cent Howrah Bridge new 93/3.—A.P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Sept. 30.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton January	16	6	3
Punjab	14	2	6
Desi American January	18	6	0
Tone: weak.			
Wheat October	30	9	0
Wheat November	31	0	3
Wheat July	29	0	3
Tone: Steady.			
Gram October	23	5	6
Gram November	23	11	0
Toria November	42	11	0
Toria December	42	10	0
Toria February	39	2	6
Cottonseed January	16	2	6

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, Sept. 30.

Following are to-day's closing quotations:—

Aryodaya spinning	322	8	0
Calico	658	12	0
Bharatkhan cotton	40	0	0
Motilal Hirabhai	120	0	0
Monogram	84	6	0
Jubili	259	6	0

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-4.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-3.
Shipment Jan.-Mar Rs. 5-4-6.
Kesar Rs. 10-11.
Saraya Rs. 10-8.
Java Spot F. 7.00.

TATA OIL MILLS CO.

Total Profit Reaches Rs. 70,000

The nineteenth ordinary general meeting of the Tata Oil Mills Co. was held on Thursday, Sir Nowroji Saklatwala presiding. The Directors report and audited statement of accounts for the year ending 31st March 1937 stated:—

After writing off the balance of Rs. 7,755-12-10 due from the Calicut Soap and Candles Company, Limited, the Company has made a profit of Rs. 70,805-11-7, which with the sum of Rs. 3,414-2-10, brought forward from last year's accounts makes a total of Rs. 74,219-14-5 which your Directors have decided to appropriate as follows:—

Rs. 35,605-5-4 for writing off the capital loss on the sale of boilers; Rs. 6,385-0-0 for writing off the loss on exchange of lorries; Rs. 30,221-0-0 for transfer to the Depreciation Fund and Rs. 2,003-9-1 to be carried forward to the next year's accounts.

The report was adopted.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 24th day of September 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	34,07,82,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	175,98,95,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	3,78,32,000
Total Notes issued	213,85,09,000
Total Liabilities	213,85,09,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 58.32 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,54,53,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,93,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A	124,72,21,000
B. Rupee Coin	61,74,56,000
Govt of India Rupee Securities	27,38,52,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	Nil.
Total Assets	213,85,09,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on 24th September 1937.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	16,09,75,000
(b) Banks	27,95,66,000
(c) Others	53,91,000
Bills Payable	7,65,000
Other Liabilities	96,51,000
Rupees	55,63,48,000

x Includes £43,100 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	34,06,95,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	87,000
Rupee Coin	5,63,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,82,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Govt of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	12,69,08,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	Nil
Other Loans and Advances	1,00,000
Investments	7,87,05,000
Other Assets	89,08,000
Rupees	55,63,48,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Sept 29

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

Dollars:—

Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A 45; Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd 53; Electric Bond Common 13; United Power and Light 4; American Tel and Tel 162 1/2; Western Union Telg 33 1/4; Chesapeake and Ohio Rly 43; New York Central Rly 27 3/4; Southern Pacific Rly 32; Amr Car and Elec 29; Phillips Petrol 51; Bethelehem Steel 70; Ludlum Steel 25; United S Steel 82 1/4; United S Smelting 79; Anaconda Copper Mining 37 1/2; Int Nickel of Canada 51; Chrysle. 92; General Motors 49 3/4; General Electric 45 1/2; Union Carbide 89; Barnsdall Oil 18; Socony Oil 18 1/4; St Oil of N J Oil 57; Amr Tob B 77; Chase Bank 39 1/2; National City Bank 34 1/2; Amerex 20 1/2; Westinghouse Airbrake 29; United Gas Corp 4; Texas Corp 51. Market opened weak now firm, market likely to improve slowly. Turnover 1,500,000 shares. U S Smelting and Refg. estimated to earn dol 9.50. Loan Star Cement indicated a dividend of dol 3.50 extra.

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, Sept. 29.

Receipts from 1st September to 23rd Sept. 1937		18,603
Same time previous season		19,464
Exports from 1st Sept. to 23rd Sept. 1937	1937	1936
United Kingdom	822	1,226
Continent	17,250	7,239
China	15,332	2,000
Japan	5,848	26,246
Coast Ports	3,416	380
U. S. A.	--	30
	42,668	37,171
Total exports by rail, 1st Sept. to 23rd Sept. 1937		17,471
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st to 23rd Sept. 1937		45,933
Same period last year		47,174
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and other Mills in Bombay on 23rd Sept. 1937		657,135
Same time last year		708,274

KARACHI COTTON STATISTICS

Total receipts from Up-Country from 1st September to 16th Sept. 1937	109,222
Same time previous season	138,969
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. to 9th Sept. 1937	1,845
Same time previous year	21,193

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 140 January 178 March 182 May 183 at cross rate 4.95

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 170/8 Liverpool May 1938 4.96 Rs. 45 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 170/8 New York May 8.39 Rs. 17 3/4 at cross rate 4.95.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Sept 29

SAKELS—	
November	14.97+4
January	14.93—10
ASHMOUNI—	
December	10.67—16
February	10.71—15
GIZA—	
November	13.17—10
January	13.17—13

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

B I S N Manela of 5041 reg tons Capt T H Gill arrived from Middlesbrough via Antwerp London Malta Portsaid Suez Aden with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N Gamaria of 3231 reg tons Capt J B Cooke arrived from Kobe via Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

B I S N Barpeta of 1892 reg tons Capt K G Mace arrived from Calcutta via Madras and Colombo with general cargo.

DEPARTURES

S Steam Nvg. s.s. Jalaganga of 3080 reg tons Capt W Dry sailed for Karachi in ballast

M B Kaisha's s.s. Shikisan Maru of 2701 reg tons Capt R Nakagawa sailed for Kobe via Karachi Cutch Mandvi Port Okha and Marmagoa with local and same bottom cargo.

M Mackenzie s.s Stell Ranger of 3450 reg tons Capt B E Smith sailed for Calcutta via Madras with same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 30-9-37.

S S Varela (MM) for Persian Gulf Ports via Kathiawar C Ports.
S S Barpeta (MM) for Persian Gulf Ports via Kathiawar C Ports.
S S Manela (MM) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi Bedi Bunder and Navlakhi.
S S Begum (TM) for Cochin Colombo Tuticorin and Rangoon
S S Falkenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Marmagoa.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept. 30.

3 Gamaria 3232 Karachi 2-10 M M
4 Falkenfels 3852 Karachi 3-10 L Edwards
5 Liana 4057 Port Said 1-10 L Dreyfus
6 Steel Ranger 3450 Calcutta 30-9 M M
7 City of Barcelona 3524 Karachi 1-10 K Nixon
8 Roxy 2605 Hull 1-10 Grahams Trading
Havana Maru 3450 Karachi 1-10 O S K
10 British Justice 4122 Abadon N F Anglo I Oil
12 Manela 5041 Karachi NF MM
15 Shikisan Maru 2708 Karachi 30-9 M B Kaisha
16 Strathnaver 13361 London 2-10 MM

VICTORIA DOCK

4 Varsova 1955 P Gulf 1-10 MM
7 Jalavihar 3381 Rangoon 2-10 Scindia S N
10/11 Chyebassa 4122 Calcutta 3-10 MM
13 Barpeta 1892 Busra 6-10 MM
1 Indira 278 N F. N F. The New Dholera Steamship Ltd.

PRINCESS DOCK

A Lalita 283 Dholera 1-10 The New Dholera Steamship Ltd.
K Jalatarang 1464 NF NF Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comorin 1-10-37 P and O
Kaisar-i-Hind 2-10-37 P and O
Moldavia 7-10-37 P and O
Strathnaver 26-9-37 P and S N
Cathay 14-10-37 P and O
Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O S N

FROM PLYMOUTH

City of Siml 18-10-37 Killick Nixon

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Kobe 15-10-37 J Finlay
City of Canterbury 2-10-37 K Nixon
Harmodi 9-10-37 J Finlay

FROM OSLO

Waynegate 4-10-37 L Edwards
Simla 27-10-37 L Edward.

FROM SYDNEY

Nardana 2-10-37 P and O

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 16-10-37 N Y K
Borneo Maru 9-10-37 O S Kaisha
Anyo Maru 6-10-37 N Y Kaisha
Corfu 1-10-37 P and O S N

FROM GENOA

Victoria 4-10-37 L Triestino

FROM HAMBURG

Kybfels 5-10-37 L Edwards
Trifels 2-10-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

City of Sydney 6-10-37 FF Campbell
Vichita 8-10-37 L Edwards
Pres Garfield 14-10-37 FF Campbell

FROM BASRA

Bankura 7-10-37 MM
Varela 2-10-37 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Jehangir 6-10-37 Turner Morrison

FROM BASSEIN

Jalajyote 5-10-37 Scindia S N
Jalayamuna 5-10-37 Scindia S N

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 2-10-37 M M
Kenya 16-10-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 30-9-37 M M
Weissenburg 2-10-37 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Corfu 16-10-37 M M
Cathay 23-10-37 P and O
Strathaur 25-9-37 P and O
Strathnaver 2-10-37 P and O
Kaisar-i-Hind 9-10-37 P and O

FOR PLYMOUTH

City of Siml 23-10-37 K Nixon

FOR SYDNEY

Strathmore 21-10-37 P and O
Moldavia 7-10-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 7-10-37 K Nixon
City of Barcelona 2-10-37 K N

FOR HAMBURG

Falkenfels 2-10-37 L Edwards
Kybfels 2-10-37 L Edwards
Trifels 4-10-37 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 15-10-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 1-10-37 F F Campbell
Pres Hayes 29-10-37 F F Campbell

FOR GENOA

Victoria 3-11-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 4-10-37 L Triestino
Ranchi 14-10-37 P and O S N
Comorin 1-10-37 P and O
Havana Maru 11-10-37 O S K
Conte Rosso 19-10-37 Lloyd Triestino
Anyo Maru 15-10-37 N Y Kaisha

FOR KARACHI

City of Barcelona 1-10-37 K Nixon
Vita 2-10-37 M M
Ellora 25-10-37 M M
Havana Maru 1-10-37 O S Kaisha

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 3-10-37 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 11-10-37 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Varsova 1-10-37 M M
Barpeta 6-10-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 27-0-37 M M
Takliwa 13-10-37 M M

FOR HULL

Roxby 2-10-37 Graham Trading

G. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Strathnaver 28-9-37
S S Havana Maru 29-9-37
S S Shikisan Maru 29-9-37
S S Tergestea 29-9-37
S Jalaganga 29-9-37

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Sept. 30.

S S Strathnaver for London: 40 cases sandal wood oil Thos Cook and Son.

For Famagusta: 45 bales cotton piece goods Harilal Manilal.

For Izmer: 39 bales cotton grey yarn R Shantilal

For Mersina: 18 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab.

For Alexandretta: 25 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab; 30 bales cotton grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak; 70 bales cotton grey yarn A E Ejel.

For Beyroth: 15 bales cotton g yarn A E Ejel.

S S City of Barcelona for Liverpool: 130 bags kang grain J Hasmukhlal; 1319 bags g nut oil cake F Shariffbhai.

S S Roxby for Antwerp: 61 bales hemp raw D Anandji.

S S Trifels for Kingston: 30 bales cotton piece goods M Dialdas and Son.

For Hamburg: 2800 bags g nut oil cake K Surchand; 192 bags gum N Muljee; 133 bags gum S Khetsy.

For New York: 70 bags psyllium seeds D Abraham and Sons.

For Boston: 100 bales cotton waste G M Vyas.

For Famagusta: 5 bales cotton c piece goods A Virji

For Kingston: 77 bales grey cotton sheeting R Shantilal.

For Alexandretta: 70 bales cotton grey yarn M A Al Abdul Razzak.

S S Elysia for Marseilles: 50 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Irlam: 1750 bags manganese ore James Finlay.

For Manchester: 6 cases brassware Cox and Kings (Agents); 25 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 100 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Liverpool: 150 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora.

IMPORTS

S S Strathnaver Agents M Mackenzie from London: 83 bdls elect cable motor car covers rubber tubes etc; 18 cases elect lamps; 502 loose tyre outer covers; 62 cases cnd peas; 39 cases machinery; 33 cases elect machinery; 201 cases cvaltine and biscuits; 128 cases cigarettes; 28 cases printed books; 182 cases confectionery and chocklet; 49 cases bacon; 51 cases gripe water; 135 cases wine; 79 cases castor oil; 44 cases floor covering; 121 cases bottled lagor; 60 dms coal tar; 86 cases medicines and ointment; 50 bags tube fittings; 60 dms malt extract; 79 cases provisions; 43 cases film; 28 bales hemp ropes; 20 cases gram machines, 62 bales leather scrap; 31 cases mellins food; 25 dms printing ink; 65 cases milk powder; 91 dms lubg oil, 60 pkgs bed ford chassis; 32 cases storage batteries; 100 bags lithopone; 26 pkgs fish oil stores; 68 cases agoral; 16 cases steel office furniture; 27 cases lead pipe; 110 rolls roofing felt; 150 cases gin; 51 cases sugar; 501 cases whisky; 538 loose tyres and tubes; 21 cases boot polish; 73 bdls cycle rims; 4481 sacks portland cement; 40 sacks organic fertilizer; 31 cases toilet preparations.

From Boullogne: 45 cases wine

From Stockholm: 20 cases petroleum stoves.

From Rotterdam: 80 cases cheese; 37 cases cotton yarn.

From Charentea: 580 cases brandy.

From Paris: 34 cases aniline colour. 20 bales tanned hides.

From Izmir: 700 bags almonds.

BROACH COTTON 169/70

Hailed is again the above Forecast by Universal's followers who once more make a mint of money.

Universal's Forecast is based not on mere astrological calculations, but it has 25 years' vast experience, close study of the market, and scientific methods after it and it is for these reasons that its followers are definitely making profits in all their transactions.

Ye Cotton Merchants! Why loose thousands—when you have sound and safest way for profits? Just try us for a month or two and see what wonders we can do for you.

Beware "ASWIN Month (5th October to 3rd November) will see unusual fluctuations in all commodities". FORECAST for COTTON or SHARES Rs. 50 each. For Gold, Silver Linseed, Wheat, Groundnuts and Castorseeds Rs. 25 each.

UNIVERSAL COTTON FORECAST

354, Kalbadevi, Kalyan Bhuvan—BOMBAY.

'Phone:—25377. 'Grams: "Kaumudi".

New York Cotton Market Follows Bombay's Weakness

OPERATORS FEAR ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTS IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC SITUATION

Long Liquidation And Hedge Selling

BOMBAY, Sept. 30.

Bombay's weakness was partly blamed for a drop on the New York Cotton Exchange on Wednesday with considerable Far Eastern selling of distant positions. presumably undoing straddles.

The weakness of outside markets created fears among cotton operators of some impending adverse developments in the International political and economic situation.

The New York cotton futures market opened steady but eased on lower Liverpool cables and renewed hedge selling on favourable weekly weather report. Finally increased hedging offset a rally of the Stock market and the closing tone was steady.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

Weather favoured cotton picking generally with rapid advance everywhere. In Texas ginning is nearly completed in the South and is progressing rapidly in the North. Oklahoma is advancing well. In the Central States the greater part of the crop is open and picking is progressing rapidly. In the Eastern Belt picking has made splendid progress and is nearing completion in the South

NEW YORK MARKET

The market opened at about the highest level of the day at a decline of 6 points with December 8.27. There was steady selling and prices declined to 8.20 which was the lowest level for the day. The market closed at a net decline of 9 to 16 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 16 points at 8.50c

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was weak on increased selling and closed at a decline of 9 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices closed 12 points down at 8.30c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 6 points with January 4.88. There was hedging and scattered realising in sympathy with poor overseas advices. There was October liquidation, straddle selling with hedging which met trade calling. The market closed at a decline of 8 to 9 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed 9 points down at 4.96d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was easy and Sakels closed at a loss of 8 points. Uppers futures also declined 6 to 10 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy. Sakels futures closed 4 points up to 12 points down. Ashmouni futures declined 14 to 16 points.

TIME TO ACCUMULATE

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. state:—

Cotton Farmers Agreement necessary: Cotton prices have moved consistently lower during the past fortnight, with insignificant rallying power, thereby reflecting numerous adverse features in the situation, both domestic and foreign. With all active positions, except July, below the 9c level, under steadily increasing hedge pressure, the stabilizing possibilities of the Government loan to cotton farmers is now to be tested. It has yet to be demonstrated how the farmers are going to co-operate with the loan and subsidy plan, which requires them to agree to compliance with whatever crop legislation is passed in the next session of Congress.

LARGE HEDGE SALES

Clearing weather throughout the belt has resulted in larger hedge sales but the market is also well supplied with price-fixing orders and short covering at almost every point decline. Mills are eventually more inclined to fix prices as the market works downward and this demand is coming in substantial volume from both domestic and foreign spinners.

SPECULATION CHECKED

The political situation in Europe, etc. has contributed to undermine confidence and to discourage new outside speculative buying Further anxiety and unsettlement was injected into the situation on Monday by the Government's week-end action in de-sterilizing dol. 300,000,000 in gold. Additional declines in securities and commodities was the direct response to this inflationary gesture which was construed as indicating anxiety among the credit managers at Washington. It is clear that the credit policy is being used in an attempt to turn the course of security prices.

GRADE LOWERED BUT HIGH STAPLE

The recent rainy weather over the belt has no doubt lowered the grade of the crop. It is generally believed however that the staple of this crop may be relatively high and that this should help sales of our cotton in foreign markets.

EUROPE TO USE MORE AMERICANS

The September crop estimate of the Department of Agriculture, in all probability, represents maximum figures for the season, in view of considerable deterioration conceded in the Eastern belt after the report was made up. In view of the imposing array of bearish factors, we feel that the market has stood up remarkably well. Hope of an increase in world consumption of American cotton this season, according to the N. Y. Cotton Exchange Service, are being based chiefly on the premise that foreign countries will use more American than last season, in consequence of the large supply and the relatively low loan value put on this crop by the Government.

BUYING POLICY

We believe that there is not much to be safely anticipated by way of further sharp price declines and favour a policy of gradual accumulation in the distant months for future requirements.

PRIVATE CABLES

New York December highest (10 a.m.)	8.28—05
New York December lowest (1-40 p.m.)	8.20—13
Liverpool January highest	4.90—04
Liverpool January lowest	4.85—09

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market declined on liquidation and hedge selling and weakness in other markets.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool:—

Rubber: Major upward movement unlikely while American buying absent.

Wheat: Freight situation dominating factor.

Copper: Poor demand increasing stocks Lead, Spelter and Tin: Reflect weakness Copper.

New York: Hedge lighter market narrow and trading is in small lots.

Spot houses selling heavily scale down buying sustaining feature prefer buying on declines only.

Recommend purchase cotton in soft markets during October which peak of marketing season.

Considerable easiness caused by unsettlement abroad market seems inclined to resist the decline crop conditions have improved owing to favourable weather we think the market is now a purchase on each decline.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: "Think purchase next crop attractive five pence for long pull only as further immediate setback likely short side now only possible on upward reactions."

New York: "Market affected unfavourably by decline in other commodities. Hedge selling. Small business in dry goods. Weekly weather report favourable. Heavy ginning reported. Activity decreased on decline."

"Considerable uneasiness caused by unsettlement abroad. Market seems inclined to resist the decline. Crop conditions have improved owing to favourable weather. We think the market is now a purchase on each decline."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 29

October	8.35—16
December	8.21—12
January	8.22—13
March	8.30—08
May	8.39—09
July	8.46—11
Middling Spot	8.50—16

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept 29

October	8.33—09
December	8.30—11
January	8.30—15
Middling Spot	8.30—12

NEW YORK

New York, Sept 29

11-00 A.M. RANGES—	
October	8.43
December	8.26
NOON CALL—	
December	8.25

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept 29

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	47,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain	25,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	27,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	6,000 bales.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 29

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
September	7.86
F G F SPOT	8.45
GIZA—	
Spot	7.49—4
October	6.47—8
November	6.50—8
December	6.84—10
January 1938	6.96—10
March 1938	7.08—10
May 1938	7.16—8
July 1938	7.23—10
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.72—4
October	6.11—6
November	6.11—6
January 1938	6.07—8
March 1938	6.11—8
May 1938	6.15—9
July	6.17—10

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 29

September	4.74—08
October	4.74—08
November	4.79—09
December	4.82—08
January	4.86—08
February	4.89—08
March	4.92—08
April	4.94—09
May	4.97—09
June	4.99—09
July	5.02—08
August	5.04—08
September	5.06—08
Middling Spot	4.96—09
	10-12 a.m. quotations
January	4.88

BOMBAY COTTON

Prices Close Weak

Bombay, Sept 30

Following a decline of 16 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs 170/8 for Broach A/M delivery.

It was a curious coincident that yesterday's weakness in the local market has a salutary effect on New York market. The supply position in U. S. A. is becoming burdensome and operators there seems to have no courage to buy cotton. Prices move in accordance with Indian and outside buying.

In view of better demand for ready cotton in the Sewree market the local forward market opened very steady at Rs. 171/12 for Broach A/M delivery as the decline which was registered yesterday was overdone.

Later on there was scattered realising and prices declined to Rs. 171 but the tone of the market was steady.

Liverpool market was due to open one point down but it opened 2 points lower and with increased selling prices declined to Rs. 170/12. There was increased selling later on and prices declined. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	169	8 0
Oomra D/J	150	4 0
Bengal D/J	130	4 0

GANDHI JAYANTI AND COTTON MARKET

The local ready as well as forward Cotton Markets will remain entirely closed on Saturday being "Gandhi Jayanti".

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Bengal F. F	237/41
C. P. 1	158/61
C. P. 2	147/49
Arvi	147/49
Berar	141/43
Khandesh	136/41
Jalna/Sailu	136/41
Burwah Sanavad	136/41
Mathia	121/26
Broach Fine	162/66
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	196/201
Surat	211/13
Navsari	221/23
Kampala	331/33

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept. 30.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	50	202
Barsi and Nagar	175	386
Berar		6
Central Provinces		48
Total Oomras	225	642
Dholera		600
Sind-Punjab	55	5,603
Broach		1,382
Coompta and Dharwar		1,281
Westerns-Northerns	99	262
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		704
American		158
Egyptian, African and Sudan	263	18,906
Total	642	29,576

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 23rd Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	521	18,072
Japan and China	100	21,180
Coast Ports	215	3,416
Up-country by Rail		17,471
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		830
Total	839	60,969

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 29-9-37	2172000	1666000
Receipts Yesterday 29-9-37	47000	59000
Exports to date 29-9-37	794000	690000
Stock at Ports 24-9-37	2233000	1862000
Stock at Interior Towns 24-9-37	1244000	1677000
Stock at Liverpool 24-9-37	684000	744000
Visible Supply 24-9-37	4475000	4445000
Quantity in sight 24-9-37	2857000	2576000
Quantity out of sight 24-9-37	1263000	1383000

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 28th September	1,031
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	28,934
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	24,666
Increase	4,268

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Sept 29

Broach A/M 1938 opening 173 1/4 highest 173 1/4 lowest 170 3/4 closing 171 1/2

Oomra D/J opening 152 3/4 highest 152 3/4 lowest 151 1/4 closing 151 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 132 highest 132 lowest 131 1/4 closing 131 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-10-37) Rs. 6 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 19 1/4

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 29

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	4.04
Fine (good staple)	4.19
Superfine (good staple)	4.34
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	4.14
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	4.29
Choice (No 1 staple)	4.44
BENGAL—	
Good	3.47
Fully good	3.57
Fine	3.72

GOLD AND SILVER

SCATTERED SELLING

Bombay, Sept 30

Yesterday London gold prices improved half a penny to £7-0-7.

London Paris Exchange rate closed 6 points up at 144.62. Dollar sterling cross rate closed 4.94.75 at London and 4.95 at New York.

London silver prices were unchanged with Spot 19 7/8d. India sold and speculators bought. The market was quietly steady. Later on prices were unchanged with Indian selling and American buying.

New York silver prices were unchanged at 44 3/4 cents. Montreal market was quiet and closed at a decline of 10 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 13/32.

The local bullion market was quiet but steady with a scattered selling. Silver was quiet with local realising while gold was weak with increased offerings and less demand.

GOLD

Ready	34 12	5
Aso delivery	34 12	0
Aso Tejimandi	0 3	0
Kartak delivery	34 11	0
Kartak Tejimandi	0 5	6

SILVER

Ready	50 10	0
Aso delivery	50 11	0
Aso Tejimandi	0 11	0
Kartak delivery	50 12	6
Kartak Tejimandi	1 3	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 29

Spot	19 7/8
Forward	19 3/4

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 29

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-7

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Sept 29

September	44.35—10
December	44.50—10
March	44.40—10

LONDON METALS

London, Sept 29

Copper	£47 0 0
Lead	£19 0 0
Spelter	£13 15 0
Tin	£242 0 0

Note: Prices declined on stop orders. America have reduced prices and possibility of further reduction, market may go lower temporarily. Copper stocks increasing.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept. 30.

London Market.—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£47/2/6
Standard copper 3 months	£47/2/0
Electrolytic copper	£56/0/0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 42-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 47-8-0

Tone:—Steady at the decline.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Sept 30

London produce market was steady yesterday with an improvement of shillings 2 1/2 in Bombay linseed. Despite the rather more favourable European political outlook, all wheat markets were steady on reports of higher freights and less favourable Argentine reports. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover but in view of larger supplies we think it unsafe to be long.

Quotations were as under:—

Linseed September	8 3	0
Wheat January	5 10	6
Wheat May	5 6	6

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Sept. 29.

October	£13-16-3.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Groundnuts Feb.—			
Opening	33	8	6
Highest	33	9	6
Lowest	33	5	3
Closing	33	8	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	34	2	0
Highest	34	2	0
Lowest	34	0	3
Closing	34	2	0
Cottonseeds Jan.—			
Opening	18	11	6
Highest	18	12	3
Lowest	18	10	6
Closing	18	10	6

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Sept. 29.

October	109 5/8d.
December	108 1/2d.
March	104d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Sept. 29.

December	dol 1.09.
May	dol 1.09 1/8.
July	dol 1.04.

New York Sugar

New York, Sept. 29.

December	2.26—1.
March	2.28+1.
May	2.30 unchgd.
July	2.32+1.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Sept. 30.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,361
Linseed	15,249
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	164
Gingellyseed	344
Groundnuts	6,570
Castorseed	2,940
Rice	45,617
Myrabollams	987
Cottonseed	80
Mowraseed	551
Gram	2,236
Joowar	661
Bajree	661
Indian Sugar	7,506

MONEY & EXCHANGES

Bombay, Sept 30

B. C. RATES	I	I	D	D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—					
Bank's selling	I	I	D	D	1/6 3/32
Bank's buying	I	I	1/6	5/32	
Bank's buying	D	D	1/6	3/16	
Bank's buying 3 months			1/6	7/32	
NEW YORK—					
Bank's selling	T	T	268	1/2	
Bank's buying	T	T	266	3/8	
PARIS—					
Bank's selling	T	T	1,083		
Bank's buying	T	T	1,103		
JAPAN—					
Bank's selling	I	I	77	1/2	
Bank buying	I	I	77		
AMSTERDAM—					
Bank's selling	D	D	67	1/8	
JAVA—					
Bank's selling	D	D	66	7/8	
HONGKONG—					
Bank's selling	D	D	84		
SHANGHAI—					
Bank's selling	D	D	80	3/4	
SINGAPORE—					
Bank's selling	D	D	156	1/4	
BERLIN—					
Bank's selling	D	D	91	5/8	

CROSS RATE—

New York London 4.95 3/16 29th instant

Japan London 1/2 1/32 30th instant

Hongkong London 1/3 1/16 30th instant

AMERICAN COTTON CROP ESTIMATE

The American Co-operative Association Estimates Crop 16,583,000 Bales.

Shanghai London 1/2 13/32 30th instant

Java London 8.92 7/8 30th instant

London Paris 144.62 29th instant

London Belgium 29.37 1/4 29th instant

London Switzerland 21.53 3/4 29th instant

London Berlin 12.32 3/4 29th instant

London Stockholm 19.29 1/2 29th instant

London New York 4.94 3/4 29th instant

London Amsterdam 8.95 1/8 29th instant

London Italy 94.00 29th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Firm

Gold £7-0-6 1/2 28th instant

Gold £7-0-7 29th instant

Silver London Ready 19 7/8 28th instant

Silver London Ready 19 7/8 29th instant

Silver London Forward 19 3/4 28th instant

Silver London Forward 19 3/4 29th instant

Silver New York Ready 45 28th instant

Silver New York Ready 45 29th instant

London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 28th instant

London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 29th instant.

London discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 28th instant

London discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 29th instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

MONEY:—

Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 3/4 per cent.

6 months 1 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept 30

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 99/15

3 per cent 1951/54 101/8

4 per cent 1941 Bonds 103/8

3 per cent U I Bonds 97

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 97/9

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106/4

4 per cent 1943 Bonds 108/2

4 per cent 1960/70 113/2

3 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/8

5 per cent 1939/44 105/9

5 per cent 1940/43 108/12

3 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan 103/10

TAX FREES.

4 per cent 1954/63 112

5 per cent 1945/55 120/2

3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 103/12

5 per cent 1935 Mysore 123

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

5 per cent B P I 1974 109

4 per cent M Deb 1974 108/8

4 per cent M Deb 1949 118

5 per cent 1954 131

5 per cent K P I 1956 131

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper remained very steady to-day at Rs. 97/7 for settlement.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept 29

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78 1/4
3 1/2 per cent	92 1/8
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102 7/8
4 per cent 1948/53	107 7/8
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	111 1/4
3 per cent 1949/52	98
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	100 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	109 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordy	75

RESERVE BANK RATE UNCHANGED

Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent. per annum.

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept 29

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
October sellers	29/10 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
Jan April sellers	29/7 1/2

LONDON RUBBER

London, Sept 29

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb	
Sellers	8 9/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Sept 29

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9 1/4

Tata Steel Shares Steady

MODERATE PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT

Restricted Business And Narrow Changes

BOMBAY, September 30.

The local Share Bazar opened quiet but later on prices improved with moderate professional support in Tata Steel shares. General business was restricted and price changes were narrow

As usual the market was under the influence of month-end evening up and there was new development to have any marked influence on the course of prices. Demand for Indian Mill cloth is well sustained despite weakness in raw cotton prices. The sharp decline in metals is likely to draw attention and there exists a fear on foreign exchanges that some adverse factor in the international political or economic situation is likely to develop in the near future.

The general feeling on the local Exchange remains bullish and professional operators are anxiously awaiting outside support to raise price levels. But the steady fall in commodities is believed to have a restraining effect.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1,080 and steadily improved to Rs. 1,110. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 295 and closed at Rs. 306. Central India shares were steady at Rs. 337 while Kohinoors closed at Rs. 377. New Great shares opened at Rs. 308 and closed at Rs. 318. Simplex closed at Rs. 118 and Swadeshi Mill shares opened at Rs. 307 and advanced to Rs. 317.

Associated Cement shares were quiet at Rs. 149-4. Andhra shares closed at Rs. 1,637 and Hydros were placed at Rs. 165-10. Tata Power shares opened at Rs. 1,447 and advanced to Rs. 1,462. Tram shares were quiet at Rs. 132-13.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 1,630 and advanced to Rs. 1,650. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 351-8 and advanced to Rs. 354. Bombay Burma shares advanced to Rs. 765 after declining to Rs. 757.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 30.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	385	0
250 BOM DYEING (Rs 25)	1110	0
100 CENTURY	306	4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 36)	337	8
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	228	12
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	117	8
250 Davia	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	460	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	10 6
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	162	0
100 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	251	4
1000 Hindustan (Rs 75)	1790	0
100 Indore	77	8
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	145	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	377	8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	687	8
250 Madras United	11	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	1200	0
250 Model	55	0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	120	0
200 NEW GREAT (Nil)	318	12
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	46	8
100 Phoenix (10)	337	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	63	12
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2330	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)		12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	[illegible]	8
100 Swan (nil)	127	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1490	0
1000 Western (Rs. 10)	875	0
BANKS		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	117	0
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30	10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1547	8
125-500 I Conty (Rs 7-8)	331	4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	142	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	126	4
5 Union (As. 4)	5-10	0
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	149	8
INSURANCE		
100-50 Empire (Rs. 14)	995	0
15-100 Jupiter (As 12)	15	12
20 Mercantile	56	4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	14
200 Oriental (125)	4740	0
10-50 Vulcan (Rs. 8)	8	2
ELECTRIC		
100 Ahmedabad Old	151	14
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 5)	1637	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	10
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	132	13
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs 6)	182	8
10 Broach	14	2
100 Karachi (4)	271	4
100 Poona (4)	212	[illegible]
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	212	0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	165	10
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1462	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	960	0
100 C. Province	97	0
100 Dhond Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	95	12
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	94	0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99-8	XD
500 Tapti Valley	765	0
MININGS		
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	10	14
2sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	3	3
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Re. 1)	51	12
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	69	
30 TATA STEEL DFD (Rs. 36-3-6)	1652	8
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 10)	354	0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	325	0
30 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6)	172	8
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs 40)	876	4
250 BOM STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	218	12
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	765	0
50 Do. Conty (Rs. 63-8)	253	2
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-10	9
50 B. TELEPHONE (Rs. 2-8)	103	[illegible]
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	162	8
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	55	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	565	0
100 I. Radio Ord (15)	510	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs 25)	735	0
30 PREMIER CON (Rs. 2-15)	93	0
15 Scindia	28	5
25 Tata Oil Mill	33	12
PREFERENCE		
7 p. c Andhra Valley	1580	0
6 p.c Bombay Steam	307	8
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F)	71	[illegible]
5 p.c Central India (T.F)	555	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	107	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	168	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	159	6
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1575	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201	4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd.	168	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	703	12
DEBENTURES		
3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	5
6 p.c Andhra Valley	109	4
4 p.c Bom. Telephone	52	0
7 p.c Sholapur	83	12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	109	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept 30

Bombay Dyeing (1090) 1080 1095 1085 1100 1097 1105 1102 1110

Century (300) 295 302 300 307 306

Central India (322/8) 317 328 327 335 337

Kohinoor (376/14) 377 372 376 377

New Great (312/8) 308 318

Simplex (118/12) 117 116 118

Swadeshi (313/12) 307 316 317

Associated Cements (149) 149/4

Andhra (1640) 1640 1637

Tata Hydro (165/10) 165/10

Tata Power (1452/8) 1447 1457 1455 1462 1461 1462

Tram Ord (133/2) 133/2 133/13

T Steel Defd (1645) 1630 1640 1630 1642 1632 1645 1642 1650

T Steel Ord (353) 351/8 352/8 351/8 352 351/8 353 354

Tata Steel 2nd pref (168/8) 168/8

Bellapur (175) 173 172

B Steam (215) 215 217 218 217 218

B Burma (762/8) 760 757 765

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, Sept. 30.

Cotton.—No precipitation; slightly warmer in Western and Central belts. The Daily Official U. S. Government forecast says: "Central belt generally fair; all balance entire belt partly cloudy."

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Sept 29

Bank bills 3 months market rate	9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate	5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan	1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan	1/2 per cent

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 29

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£78 1/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£92 1/8
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£73 7/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£99 1/2
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£100 3/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£109 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£108 1/2
Chartered Bank of India, A and China	£13 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£96
National Bank of India	£41
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 29

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.94.75
Paris	144.62
Berlin	12.32 3/4
Madrid	72.73
Amsterdam	8.95 1/8
Brussels	29.37 1/4
Milan	94.00
Berne	21.53 3/4
Prague	141.37

LONDON SEEDS

London, Sept 29

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton September sellers	£13-11-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-10-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-17-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-5-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Sept Oct sellers	£15-0-0

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Sept 29

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan Feb sellers	41/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels October sellers	45/6
Wheat South Australian parcels September sellers	46/6

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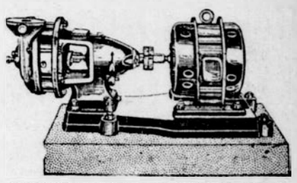
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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1937

Communal Settlement

Why Should British Statesmen Bother?

EXCLUSIVE PROBLEM OF HINDUS & MUSLIMS

Minorities Must Get Rid Of Fear-Complex, Says Syud Hossain

Several complicated—but nonetheless solvable—problems, solutions whereof were the essential condition and natural foundation of the free India to come, were discussed by Mr. Syud Hossain, reputed journalist and lecturer in history of civilization, University of Southern California, in the course of a special interview to the "United Press" at the Taj Mahal Hotel. Mr. Hossain also dealt at length with the Arab-Jew question in Palestine which he had studied first-hand.

Mr. Hossain was not one of those who feared to look at the problems as they were. Comparing India with other nations of the world, he felt that India was still in the middle-ages. The state of education was, miserable, standard of living intolerable industrial progress negligible, social advancement questionable, and the will to put India on equal terms with the other nations of the world almost nil and all these could not be done so long as the religious hysteria was not cured.

Asked about the remedy for communal ill-will, Mr Hossain said that it was the job of the statesman to find it out and not of the politician. He for one believed that the minority question could be satisfactorily solved by persistent and sustained attempts by leaders of the communities concerned. He reiterated in this connection what he said to an American audience in 1930 namely: "If there are difficulties or differences between Hindus and Mussalmans they would be settled by and among leaders of the two communities. That was the common and exclusive problem of the Hindus and Moslems, rather than a job for the British statesmen in England or the British policemen in India."

Communal Conferences

His attention being drawn to several abortive attempts made in the past to solve this vexed problem, Mr. Hossain declared that it was silly to abandon further attempts, particularly because there was conceivably no other method for finding a solution He was definitely of the opinion that human psychology being what it was, after a while agreement might be reached as a result of a psychological change in the frame of mind and outlook of leaders of both communities.

He was emphasising the desirability of leaders working for and finding out a solution because he realised that masses were not educated to the standard of being able to settle things for themselves. If they were, they would not have cared for leaders, but would have addressed themselves to the task in right earnest and discovered where exactly the shoe was pinching.

In this connection Mr. Hossain quoted two instances to discount the contention that united efforts would not bear fruits He said that several years ago, there was great tension between the Hindus and Moslems at Allahabad when taking out the Muharram and Cocoanut Day processions, which generally coincided with each other, and the police had often claimed to have brought peace and order.

Once Mr. Hossain felt the humiliation of the position and actually participated in finding out ways for peaceful observance of both festivals without conflict or ill-will. He and others who tried succeeded beyond all expectations and he saw the wonderful sight of absolute understanding between the two communities who took out their respective processions in disciplined and orderly fashion without one interfering with the other.

He also quoted the instance of Delhi, when late Hakim Ajmal Khan and Dr. Ansari succeeded in making Hindus and Moslems forget they belonged to different faiths.

EDUCATE YOUNGER GENERATION

Mr. Hossain wanted education to be given to growing generation in a way that was absolutely free from any sort of communal references. If during childhood it was put in the mind and heart of India's growing citizens that they were brothers, born in the same soil, brought up for the same purpose, he did not find any reason why they should forget the lessons.

It was the responsibility of every patriot to see that from as early an age as passible the psychology of the true Indianism was created among India's humanity. "That", said Mr. Hossain, "is my axiom". "Educate, cultivate and put the seeds of brotherhood into the heart of growing generation and, it will be wonderful to see how there grow in India young men and women with mind and soul free from the thought of communalism."

At present the minorities had a fear complex. That fear complex, said Mr. Hossain, had a two-fold aspect—economic and sectarian. It was disgraceful to make the sectarian aspect a religious question because no religion preached bigotry, meanness and cheap politics.

It was true that Hindus had a colossal majority over the rest of the communities and that was why the minorities did not feel the "essence of security" for them.

Rightly or wrongly, the minorities could feel that the majority might always try to force its ideals on them. He thought it palpably absurd to suggest that the freedom of the country meant the rule of the majorities.

He had always believed in the fundamentals of true democracy, i.e., "one man, one vote." He very much wished India had adult franchise because that would pave the way for true democracy and freedom.

Questioned whether it was not desirable for India to have joint electorates, Mr. Hossain agreed that separate electorates system, while it might, within limits make a community strong and independent, could not tend to make it patriotic in the sense of giving it a broad national outlook He would not be persuaded, however, to make a committing statement in this matter.

Continuing further Mr. Hossain agreed that it was in the interests of [illegible] to flow with the tide. There were among both communities, so-called leaders who mixed up cheap politics with fear complex and there were also men who, in the name of religion perpetrated great harm to the cause of nationalism He would draw the attention of those that the fear complex was founded because no democratic government could in any way interfere with the religious liberties and privileges, customs, and observance, traditional culture and conventions.

In this, respect, Mr. Hossain remembered what Mahatma Gandhi said long ago that if it were in his power, he (the Mahatma) would have asked the Moslems to take what they wanted. That would create great con-

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4.)

BIHTA DISASTER INQUIRY

To Commence From October 19

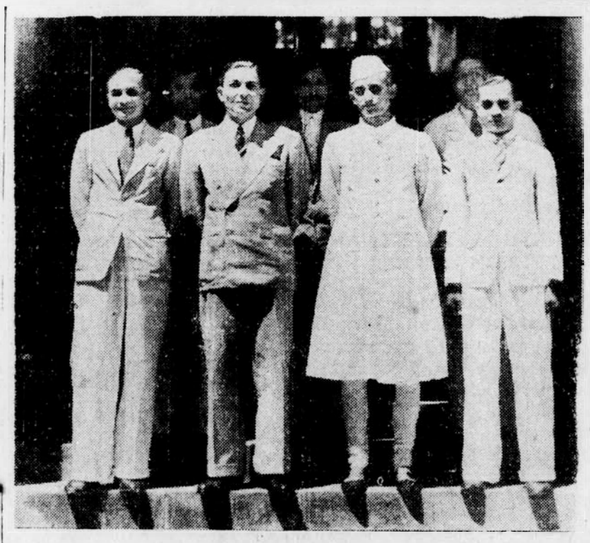
SIMLA, Sept. 30.

It is officially announced that the judicial enquiry into the Bihta Disaster will be held at Allahabad commencing on 19th October at 10 a.m.

It is desired by the Government of India that all parties affected by the disaster should assist in the enquiry. All such persons willing to participate will be allowed to be represented by counsel.

The Chief Justice has appointed an experienced Counsel to represent these persons and Government will pay his fees. Communications on this behalf should be made to Mr. S. K. Dar, Advocate, High Court, Allahabad without delay.

The Government Resolution on this subject will be published in the Gazette of India to-morrow.—A. P.



Dr. Syud Hossain (2nd from left) who spoke on "India's Contribution to World Civilization" in the lecture Hall of the Bombay University on Wednesday.

VANDE MATARAM & MAHATMA'S PHOTO

Poona Municipal School Board's Example To Presidency

POONA, Sept. 30.

A special meeting of the Poona City Municipal School Board last evening passed the following resolution that (1) the "Vande Mataram" be sung daily in all Municipal schools, (2) Mahatma Gandhi's photo be placed in every school, (3) scholos be closed on Independence Day and (4) teachers and other employees be not banned from joining the Congress. A.P.

Secretary For Communication Department To Be Indian

SIMLA, Sept. 30

The Government of India, it is understood, have accepted the suggestion of Sir Mohamed Yakub that the Secretary of the New Communication Department should be an Indian and that he should also be an ex-officio member of the Railway Board.

It is further understood that this post has been given to Mr. S. N. Roy, who is now Joint Secretary of the Industries Department.—A.P.

COUNCIL PASSES PROHIBITION BILL IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Sept. 30.

By 32 votes against five the Madras Legislative Council passed the Prohibition Bill as passed by the Assembly at its night sitting Sir K. V. Reddi voted against the measure

The Governor and Lady Marjorie Erskine left for Ootacamund last night.—A. P.

HON. Mrs. PANDIT'S TOUR

Benares To Present Address

BENARES, Sept. 29.

It is understood that Hon. Mrs. Vijaya Luxmi Pandit, Minister for Local Self-Government, will begin her tour in the Province in the second week of October. Places of her visits include Mussoorie, Dehradun, Hardwar, Bareilly and Benares. She is expected to arrive at Benares on October 17 and will leave Benares on the evening of October 19. The District Board has already passed a resolution for presentation of a welcome address to the Minister. The Benares Municipal Board, which had passed a resolution inviting her to pay a visit to Benares, will also present a welcome address.

LOCAL BODIES IN U. P.

It is understood that a large number of complaints about Municipal affairs are under the consideration of Mr. Kher, a Parliamentary Secretary to the Hon. Minister for the Local Self-Government while the other Parliamentary Secretary Mr. Chandra Bhal is engaged in the work of the amendment of the Municipalities Act. Great efforts are being made to improve the conditions of local bodies in the United Provinces.

STUDENTS' STRIKE SYMPATHISERS ARRESTED

LAHORE Sept. 29.

It is understood that in connection with the Khalsa College strike, six prominent sympathisers including the President of the Punjab Students' Union, were arrested this evening.

Four of them were subsequently released on bail, while two are in custody.—A. P.

Nizam State People's Fears Allayed

Federal Court And Its Implications

Sir Akbar Hydari Clarifies The Position

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 29.

The fears of the Hyderabad State people who felt that if Hyderabad acceded to Federation it took the risk of having its action, legislative or otherwise, questioned in the Federal Court and taken even to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, was to a certain extent allayed by Sir Akbar Hydari last evening when replying to the welcome accorded to him by the Hyderabad High Court. He discussed the question of the Federal Court and its implications.

Referring to the necessity of keeping the Judiciary intact and free from outside interference, Sir Akbar assured that no such interference will ever be allowed. He said the same attitude was adopted by the Hyderabad Delegation throughout the constitutional discussions Speaking about the Federal Court Sir Akbar observed that the provisions in the Government of India Act with regard to the Federal Court clarified that its original jurisdiction embraced all classes of cases which lay entirely outside the scope and did not impinge upon the activities of the States' High Court.

The independent position of the Hyderabad High Court was further emphasised by the fact, continued Sir Akbar that whenever the Federal Court had occasion to call upon the State Court for action or assistance, the procedure would be that of letters of request which was the procedure applicable when the Courts of one Sovereign State required the assistance of those of another. As regards appellate jurisdiction of the Federal Court, Sir Akbar emphasised that it gave the litigants in suits before the State Courts the right of appeal to the Federal Court on questions of Law affecting interpretations of justice by the Federal Court to India.

Sir Akbar observed that the vista had opened for the first time in the annals of India for the growth of constitutional jurisprudence and development of justice talents among Indians and laid stress on the younger generation to devote their youthful energies to constant deep study of law in its progressive development along with the study of Constitutional Law which would no longer be of purely academic interest.

RECOGNISE NATIONAL GRADUATES

Appeal To Mr. B. G. Kher, Education Minister

BELGAUM, Sept. 28.

Mr. B. N. Datar, local pleader and elected fellow of the Bombay University, has sent a letter to Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister and Member for Education, Government of Bombay, requesting him to give Government recognition to the degrees conferred by National Universities, e.g., Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Poona, Gujarath Vidyapeeth, Ahmedabad Kashi Vidyapeeth, Benares and others. Most of these institutions, he states, were started in the hey day of the non-co-operation movement. Those institutions were run on sound lines and have produced many efficient national workers

He says the Bihar Government has issued instructions to treat alike the students of National and Government Universities "in the matter of franchise to Local Bodies and Provincial Legislatures, and for appointments for service under the control of the Government.—A.P.

ALL LEFTISTS SHOULD UNITE

Ruiker's Suggestion To Labour And Socialist Leaders

NAGPUR, September 30.

Mr. R. S. Ruiker, Vice-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, in the course of a letter addressed to Messrs Sibnath Banerjee, M. N. Roy, Soumyendranath Tagore, H. D. Rajah, Jaiprakash Narain, S. A. Dange, M. R Masani, R. A. Khedgiker, M.L.A., B. T. Ranadive, Hariharnath Sastri and other Labour and Socialist leaders suggests that all Left Wing groups should meet at some central place and arrive at an understanding, which will lead to intense mass organization and a common plan for mass action.

Mr. Ruiker says: "I feel the time has come when all Left Wing forces in India should make a supreme effort to unite There is immense scope for organizing workers and peasants and the man-power which should be utilized for this urgent work, is being wasted over theoretical dissensions."

He has also sent copies of the letter to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose soliciting their views in the matter.

Some Bombay leaders have already approved the suggestion for holding a conference either at Allahabad or at Nagpur.—United Press.

WATERSPOUT HAVOC NEAR CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 29.

An unusual phenomenon was witnessed by the inhabitants of Anandpur, village about 8 miles from Calcutta, at noon to-day, when a waterspout, emerging from the neighbouring salt-lake, inundated the village, destroying thirty-five huts.

The villagers said that it was like a column of black whirling water running at a great speed and with a terrific sound resembling that of a lowflying aeroplane. Many persons were hurled high in the air, and were injured, as it passed and one has since been missing.

A relief party is operating in the area. About 500 telephone lines in and around the city were temporarily rendered unworkable. Calcutta is experiencing intermittent rains.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"THE BLACK"*

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